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> restart
PROGRAMA INICIAL
> a := sqrt(2) : b := evalf(% , 5); evalf(a, 40); evalf(%%%)
      b := 1.4142
      1.414213562373095048801688724209698078570
      1.414213562
      (1)

> a; b + 0.000000001
       $\sqrt{2}$ 
      1.414200001
      (2)

> evalf(pi)
       $\pi$ 
      (3)

> evalf(PI)
       $\Pi$ 
      (4)

> evalf(Pi)
      3.141592654
      (5)

> Digits := 10000
      Digits := 10000
      (6)

> evalf(Pi) :
> Ecuacion := x^2 - 5*x + 6 = 0
      Ecuacion :=  $x^2 - 5x + 6 = 0$ 
      (7)

> Raiz := solve(Ecuacion)
      Raiz := 3, 2
      (8)

> Raiz1
      3
      (9)

> Raiz[2]
      2
      (10)

> EcuacionOriginal := expand((x - Raiz1) * (x - Raiz2)) = 0
      EcuacionOriginal :=  $x^2 - 5x + 6 = 0$ 
      (11)

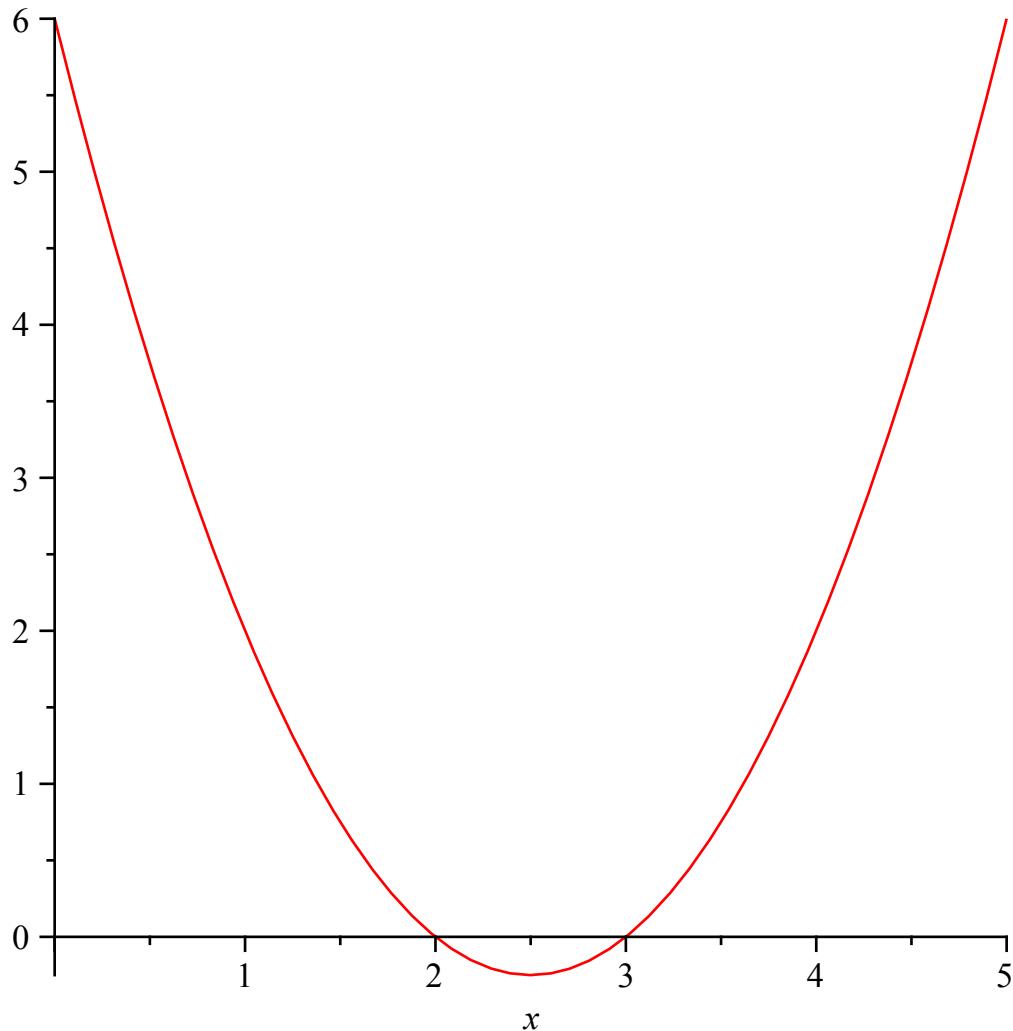
> Ecuacion
       $x^2 - 5x + 6 = 0$ 
      (12)

> LadoDerecho := rhs(Ecuacion)
      LadoDerecho := 0
      (13)

> LadoIzquierdo := lhs(Ecuacion)
      LadoIzquierdo :=  $x^2 - 5x + 6$ 
      (14)

> plot(lhs(Ecuacion), x=0 .. 5)

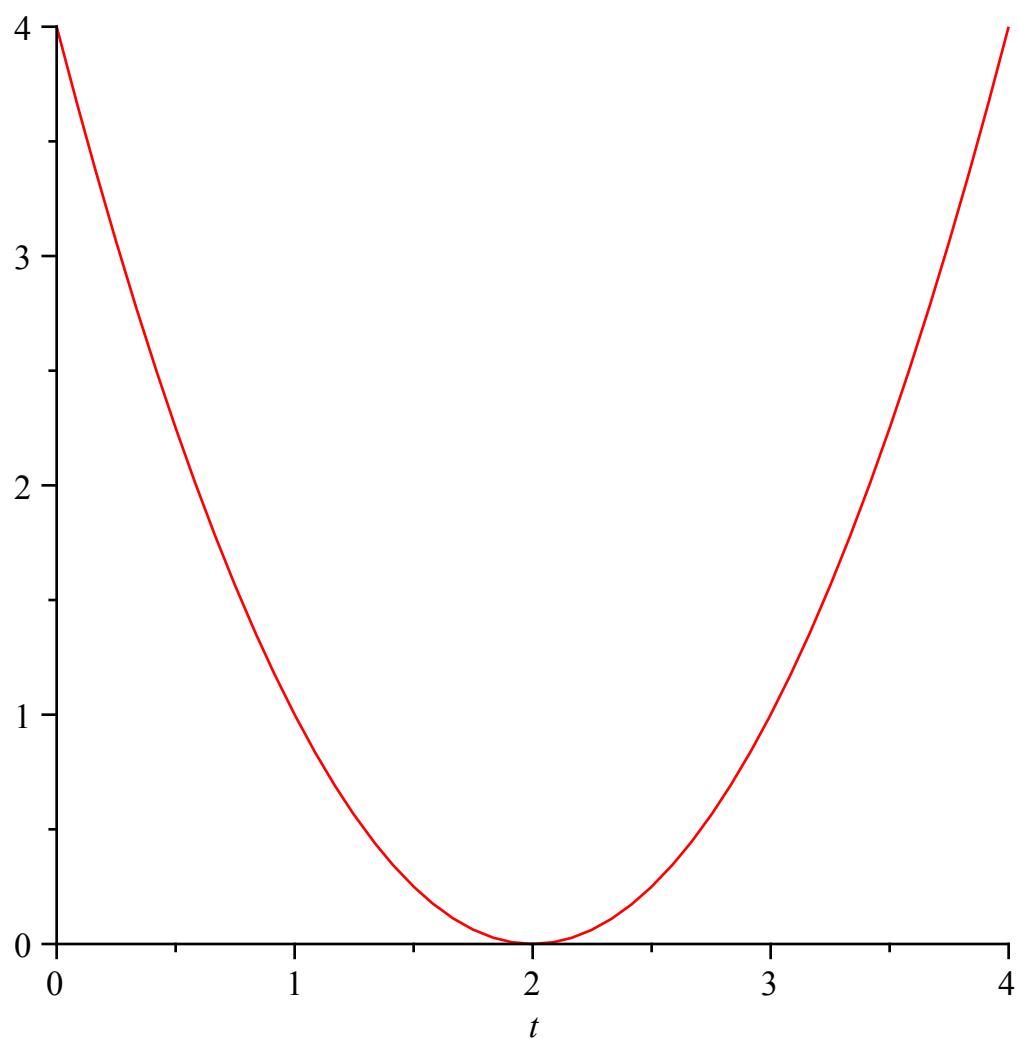
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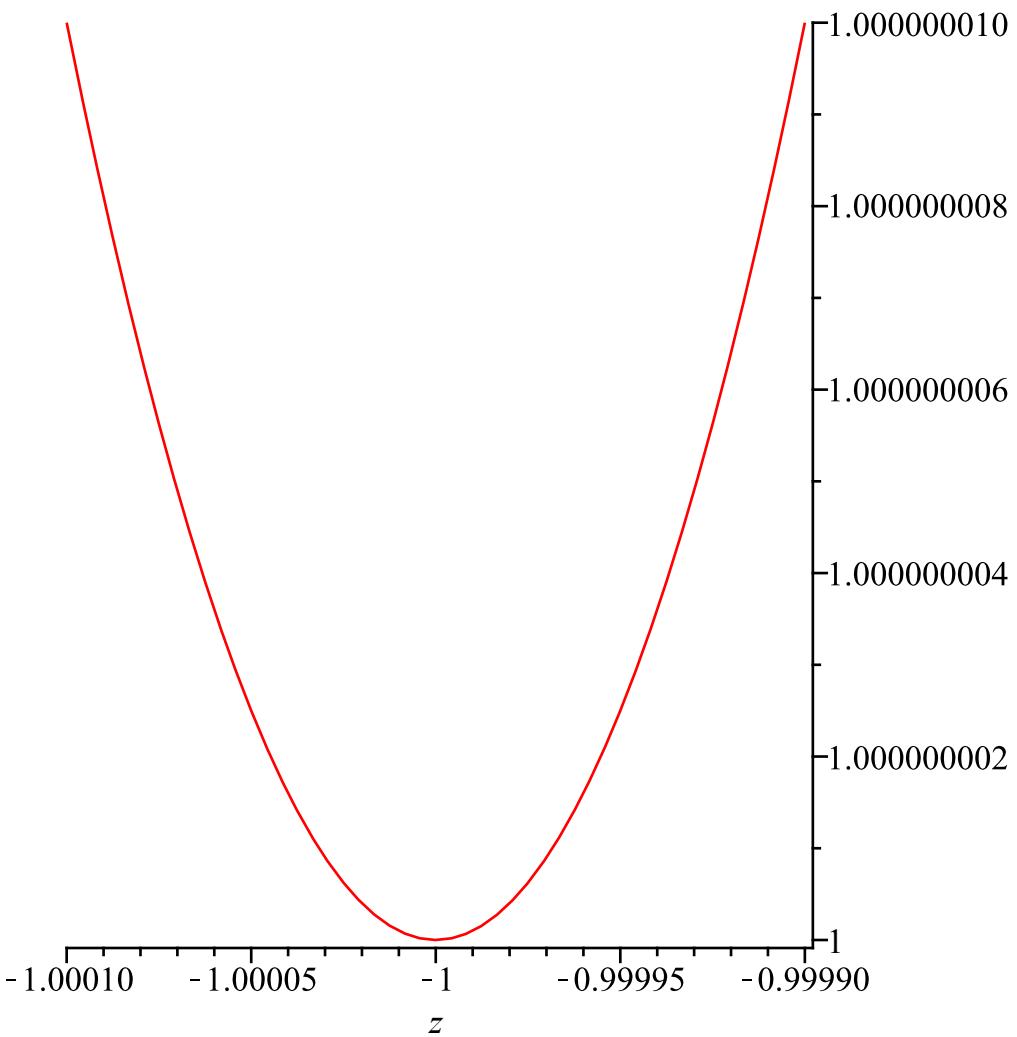
> $EcuacionDos := t \cdot 2 - 4 \cdot t + 4 = 0$ (15)
 $EcuacionDos := t^2 - 4 t + 4 = 0$

> $RaizDos := solve(EcuacionDos)$ (16)
 $RaizDos := 2, 2$

> $plot(lhs(EcuacionDos), t=0 .. 4)$



> $EcuacionTres := z \cdot 2 + 2 \cdot z + 2 = 0$
 $EcuacionTres := z^2 + 2z + 2 = 0$ (17)
> $plot(lhs(EcuacionTres), z=-1.0001 .. -0.9999)$



> $RaizTres := solve(EcuacionTres)$
 $RaizTres := -1 + I, -1 - I$ (18)

> $ParteRealRaiz_1 := \operatorname{Re}(RaizTres_1)$
 $ParteRealRaiz_1 := -1$ (19)

> $ParteImagRaiz_2 := \operatorname{Im}(RaizTres_2)$
 $ParteImagRaiz_2 := -1$ (20)

> $ParteImagRaiz_1 := \operatorname{Im}(RaizTres_1)$
 $ParteImagRaiz_1 := 1$ (21)

> $EcuaTresOrig := expand((z - RaizTres_1) \cdot (z - RaizTres_2)) = 0$
 $EcuaTresOrig := z^2 + 2z + 2 = 0$ (22)

> $EcuacionTres$
 $z^2 + 2z + 2 = 0$ (23)

> $EcuaDosOrig := expand((t - RaizDos_1) \cdot 2) = 0$
 $EcuaDosOrig := t^2 - 4t + 4 = 0$ (24)

> $EcuacionDos$

$$t^2 - 4t + 4 = 0 \quad (25)$$

> restart

> $f := x \cdot 2 \cdot \exp(5 \cdot x) \cdot \sin(2 \cdot x)$

$$f := x^2 e^{5x} \sin(2x) \quad (26)$$

> $\text{Derivacion} := \text{Diff}(f, x) = \text{diff}(f, x)$

$$\text{Derivacion} := \frac{d}{dx} (x^2 e^{5x} \sin(2x)) = 2x e^{5x} \sin(2x) + 5x^2 e^{5x} \sin(2x) + 2x^2 e^{5x} \cos(2x) \quad (27)$$

> $\text{Integracion} := \text{Int}(f, x) = \text{simplify}(\text{int}(f, x)); \text{evalf}(\%, 3)$

$$\begin{aligned} \text{Integracion} := \int x^2 e^{5x} \sin(2x) dx &= \frac{1}{24389} e^{5x} (-1682 \cos(2x) x^2 + 1160x \cos(2x) \\ &\quad - 284 \cos(2x) + 4205 \sin(2x) x^2 - 1218x \sin(2x) + 130 \sin(2x)) \end{aligned}$$

$$\begin{aligned} \int x^2 e^{5x} \sin(2x) dx &= 0.0000410 e^{5x} (-1680. \cos(2x) x^2 + 1160. x \cos(2x) - 284. \cos(2x) \\ &\quad + 4200. \sin(2x) x^2 - 1220. x \sin(2x) + 130. \sin(2x)) \end{aligned} \quad (28)$$

> $\text{IntegracionDefinida} := \text{Int}(f, x = 1 .. 3) = \text{evalf}(\text{simplify}(\text{int}(f, x = 1 .. 3)))$

$$\text{IntegracionDefinida} := \int_1^3 x^2 e^{5x} \sin(2x) dx = -2.822316017 \cdot 10^6 \quad (29)$$

> $\text{plot}(f, x = 2 .. 3.1)$

