

```
> restart
```

```
>
```

RESOLUCIÓN ALGEBRAICA DEL PROBLEMA DE DOS RESORTES CON LOS PARÁMETROS INICIALES

```
> EcuaUno := M[1]·diff(y[1](t), t$2) =-Hooke[1]·y[1](t) + Hooke[2]·(y[2](t) - y[1](t));
```

$$EcuaUno := M_1 \left(\frac{d^2}{dt^2} y_1(t) \right) = -Hooke_1 y_1(t) + Hooke_2 (y_2(t) - y_1(t)) \quad (1)$$

```
> EcuaDos := M[2]·diff(y[2](t), t$2) =-Hooke[2]·(y[2](t) - y[1](t))
```

$$EcuaDos := M_2 \left(\frac{d^2}{dt^2} y_2(t) \right) = -Hooke_2 (y_2(t) - y_1(t)) \quad (2)$$

```
> Condiciones := y[1](0) =- 1/5, y[2](0) =- 1/10, D(y[1])(0) = 0, D(y[2])(0) = 0
```

$$Condiciones := y_1(0) = -\frac{1}{5}, y_2(0) = -\frac{1}{10}, D(y_1)(0) = 0, D(y_2)(0) = 0 \quad (3)$$

```
> M[1] := 1; M[2] := 1; Hooke[1] := 1; Hooke[2] := 2
```

$$M_1 := 1$$

$$M_2 := 1$$

$$Hooke_1 := 1$$

$$Hooke_2 := 2 \quad (4)$$

```
> EcuaUno
```

$$\frac{d^2}{dt^2} y_1(t) = -3 y_1(t) + 2 y_2(t) \quad (5)$$

```
> EcuaDos
```

$$\frac{d^2}{dt^2} y_2(t) = -2 y_2(t) + 2 y_1(t) \quad (6)$$

```
> SolPart := (dsolve({EcuaUno, EcuaDos, Condiciones})) :
```

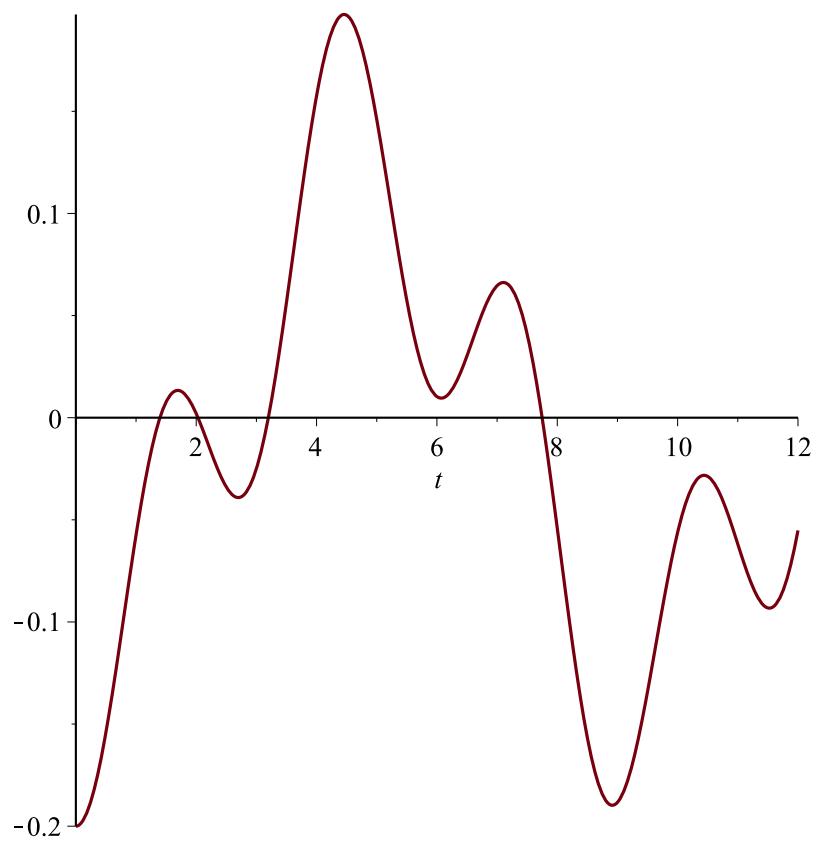
```
> evalf(SolPart[1], 3)
```

$$y_1(t) = -0.0759 \cos(2.14 t) - 0.124 \cos(0.665 t) \quad (7)$$

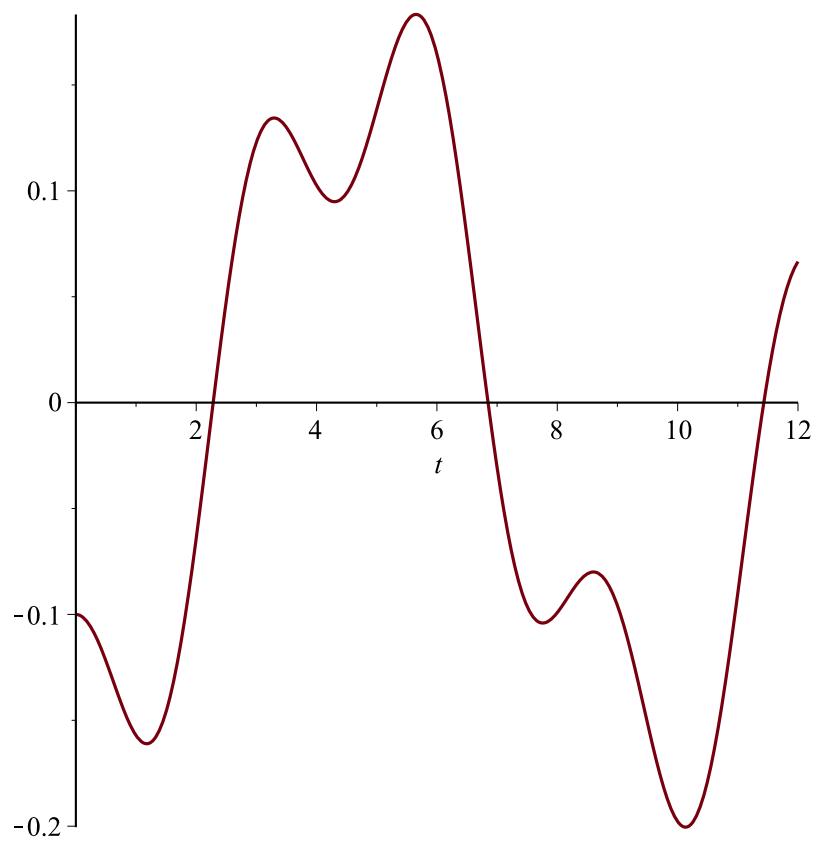
```
> evalf(SolPart[2], 3)
```

$$y_2(t) = 0.0590 \cos(2.14 t) - 0.159 \cos(0.665 t) \quad (8)$$

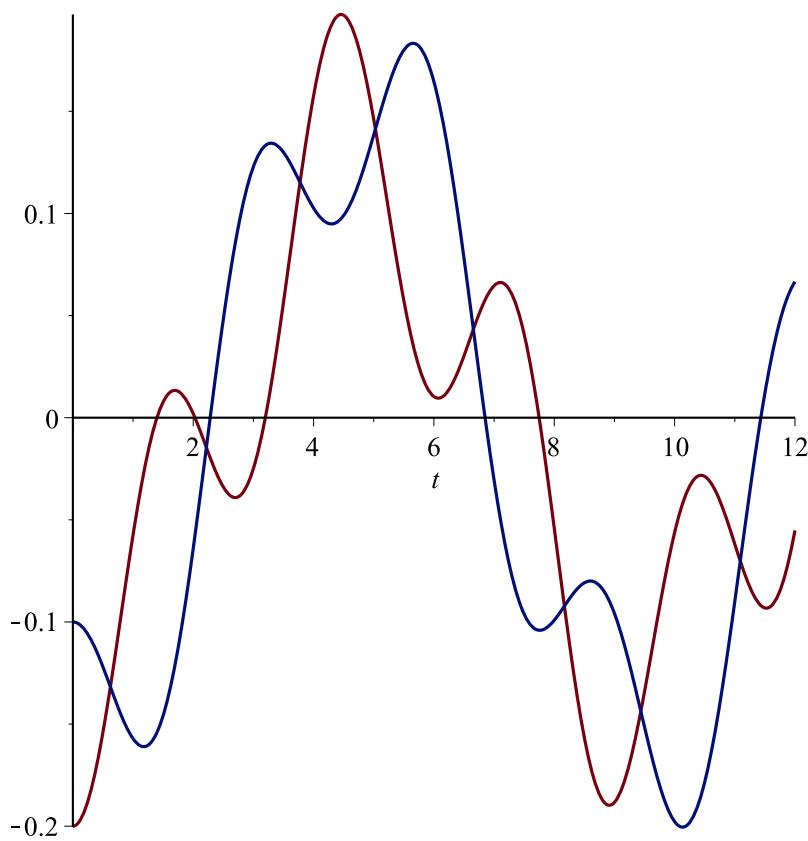
```
> plot(rhs(SolPart[1]), t=0..12)
```



```
> plot(rhs(SolPart[2]), t=0..12)
```



```
> plot( [rhs(SolPart[1]), rhs(SolPart[2])], t = 0 .. 12)
```



> `with(inttrans):`

RESOLUCIÓN CON TRANSFORMADA DE LAPLACE DEL
PROBLEMA DE DOS RESORTES CON LOS PARÁMETROS INICIALES

>

> `EcuaTransUno := subs(Condiciones, laplace(EcuaUno, t, s))`

$$EcuaTransUno := s^2 \operatorname{laplace}(y_1(t), t, s) + \frac{1}{5} s = -3 \operatorname{laplace}(y_1(t), t, s) + 2 \operatorname{laplace}(y_2(t), t, s) \quad (9)$$

> `EcuaTransDos := subs(Condiciones, laplace(EcuaDos, t, s))`

$$EcuaTransDos := s^2 \operatorname{laplace}(y_2(t), t, s) + \frac{1}{10} s = -2 \operatorname{laplace}(y_2(t), t, s) + 2 \operatorname{laplace}(y_1(t), t, s) \quad (10)$$

> `SolDosTrans := isolate(EcuaTransUno, laplace(y[2](t), t, s))`

$$SolDosTrans := \operatorname{laplace}(y_2(t), t, s) = \frac{1}{2} s^2 \operatorname{laplace}(y_1(t), t, s) + \frac{1}{10} s + \frac{3}{2} \operatorname{laplace}(y_1(t), t, s) \quad (11)$$

> `SolUnoTrans := simplify(isolate(subs(laplace(y[2](t), t, s) = rhs(SolDosTrans), EcuaTransDos), laplace(y[1](t), t, s)))`

$$SolUnoTrans := \text{laplace}(y_1(t), t, s) = -\frac{1}{5} \frac{s(s^2 + 3)}{s^4 + 5s^2 + 2} \quad (12)$$

> $SolTrans := \text{solve}(\{\text{EcuaTransUno}, \text{EcuaTransDos}\}, \{\text{laplace}(y[1](t), t, s), \text{laplace}(y[2](t), t, s)\})$

$$\begin{aligned} SolTrans := & \left\{ \text{laplace}(y_1(t), t, s) = -\frac{1}{5} \frac{s(s^2 + 3)}{s^4 + 5s^2 + 2}, \text{laplace}(y_2(t), t, s) = \right. \\ & \left. -\frac{1}{10} \frac{s(s^2 + 7)}{s^4 + 5s^2 + 2} \right\} \end{aligned} \quad (13)$$

>

$$> Raiz := \text{evalf}(\text{solve}(2 + s^4 + 5s^2, 3)) \\ Raiz := 2.14 \text{ I}, -2.14 \text{ I}, 0.665 \text{ I}, -0.665 \text{ I} \quad (14)$$

> $PoliUno := \text{eval}(\text{expand}((s - Raiz[1]) \cdot (s - Raiz[2])))$

$$PoliUno := s^2 + 4.5796 + 0. \text{ I} \quad (15)$$

> $PoliDos := \text{eval}(\text{expand}((s - Raiz[3]) \cdot (s - Raiz[4])))$

$$PoliDos := s^2 + 0.442225 + 0. \text{ I} \quad (16)$$

$$\begin{aligned} > \text{expand}\left(-\frac{1}{5}s(s^2 + 3)\right) = & \text{factor}(\text{expand}((A \cdot s + B) \cdot PoliUno + (C \cdot s + D) \cdot PoliDos)) \\ -\frac{1}{5}s^3 - \frac{3}{5}s = & s^3 A + s^2 B + 4.5796 A s + 4.5796 B + s^3 C + s^2 D + 0.442225 C s \\ & + 0.442225 D \end{aligned} \quad (17)$$

$$> Sistema := A + C = -\frac{1}{5}, B + D = 0, 4.561552813 A + 0.4384471867 C = -\frac{3}{5}, 4.561552813 B \\ + 0.4384471867 D = 0 :$$

> $Sistema[1]; Sistema[2]; Sistema[3]; Sistema[4]$

$$\begin{aligned} A + C &= -\frac{1}{5} \\ B + D &= 0 \\ 4.561552813 A + 0.4384471867 C &= -\frac{3}{5} \\ 4.561552813 B + 0.4384471867 D &= 0 \end{aligned} \quad (18)$$

> $ParaUno := \text{solve}(\{Sistema\}, \{A, B, C, D\}) :$

> $ParaUno[1]; ParaUno[2]; ParaUno[3]; ParaUno[4];$

$$A = -0.1242535625$$

$$B = 0.$$

$$C = -0.07574643749$$

$$D = 0.$$

(19)

$$\begin{aligned} > SolPartTransUno := & \frac{rhs(ParaUno[1]) \cdot s + rhs(ParaUno[2])}{PoliDos} \\ & + \frac{rhs(ParaUno[3]) \cdot s + rhs(ParaUno[4])}{PoliUno} \end{aligned}$$

$$SolPartTransUno := -\frac{0.1242535625 s}{s^2 + 0.442225 + 0. I} - \frac{0.07574643749 s}{s^2 + 4.5796 + 0. I} \quad (20)$$

> $SolPartUno := y[1](t) = invlaplace(SolPartTransUno, s, t) :$

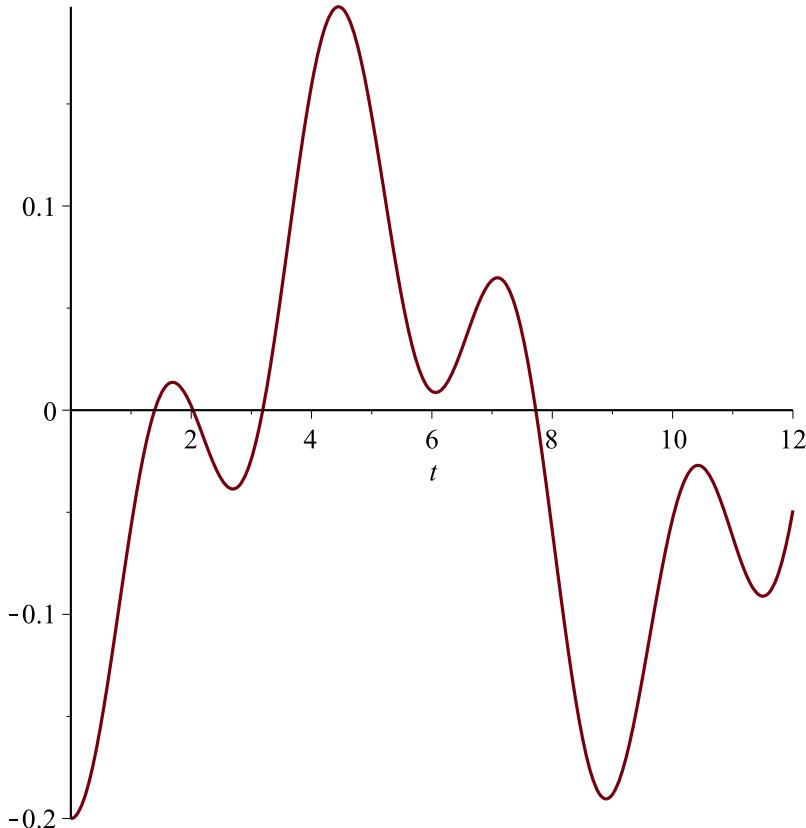
> $evalf(\%, 3)$

$$y_1(t) = -0.124 \cos(0.665 t) - 0.0757 \cos(2.14 t) \quad (21)$$

> $evalf(subs(t=0, SolPartUno), 3)$

$$y_1(0) = -0.200 \quad (22)$$

> $plot(rhs(SolPartUno), t=0 .. 12)$



>

$$\begin{aligned} &> expand\left(-\frac{1}{10} s (s^2 + 7)\right) = factor(expand((E \cdot s + F) \cdot PoliUno + (G \cdot s + H) \cdot PoliDos)) \\ &- \frac{1}{10} s^3 - \frac{7}{10} s = s^3 E + s^2 F + 4.5796 E s + 4.5796 F + s^3 G + s^2 H + 0.442225 G s \\ &\quad + 0.442225 H \end{aligned} \quad (23)$$

$$\begin{aligned} &> SistemaDos := E + G = -\frac{1}{10}, F + H = 0, 4.561552813 E + 0.4384471867 G = -\frac{7}{10}, \\ &\quad 4.561552813 F + 0.4384471867 H = 0 : \end{aligned}$$

```

> SistemaDos[1]; SistemaDos[2]; SistemaDos[3]; SistemaDos[4]

$$E + G = -\frac{1}{10}$$


$$F + H = 0$$


$$4.561552813 E + 0.4384471867 G = -\frac{7}{10}$$


$$4.561552813 F + 0.4384471867 H = 0 \quad (24)$$


> ParaDos := solve( {SistemaDos}, {E, F, G, H} )
ParaDos := {E = -0.1591410313, F = 0., G = 0.05914103125, H = 0.} \quad (25)

> SolPartTransDos := 
$$\frac{rhs(ParaDos[1]) \cdot s + rhs(ParaDos[2])}{PoliDos}$$

+ 
$$\frac{rhs(ParaDos[3]) \cdot s + rhs(ParaDos[4])}{PoliUno}$$

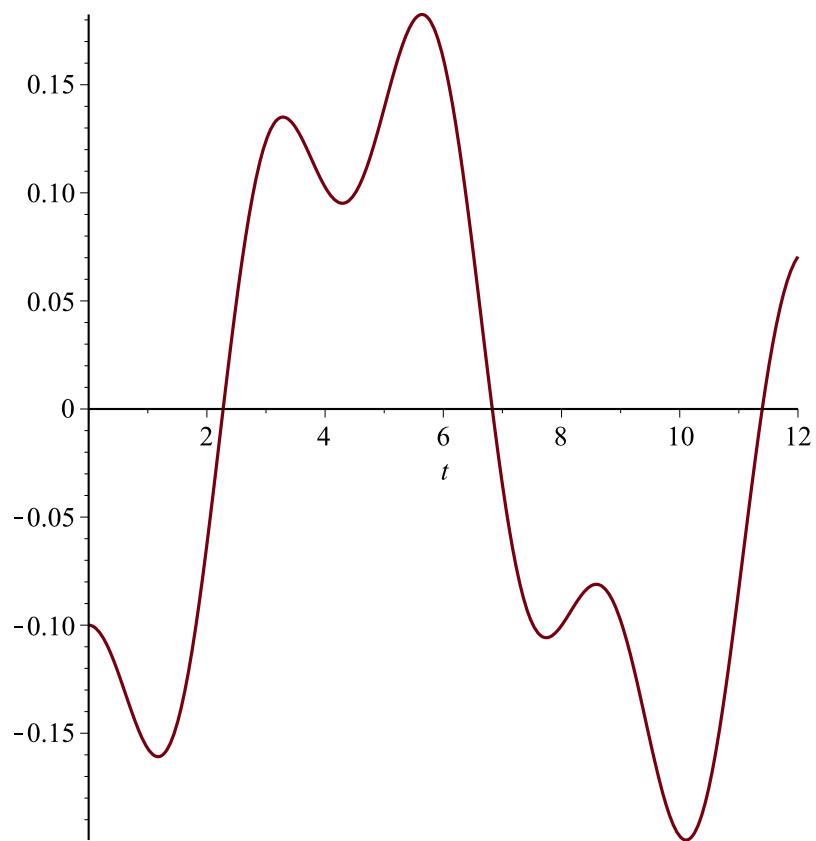

$$SolPartTransDos := -\frac{0.1591410313 s}{s^2 + 0.442225 + 0. I} + \frac{0.05914103125 s}{s^2 + 4.5796 + 0. I} \quad (26)$$


> SolPartDos := y[2](t) = invlaplace(SolPartTransDos, s, t) :
> evalf(% , 3)
y2(t) = -0.159 cos(0.665 t) + 0.0591 cos(2.14 t) \quad (27)

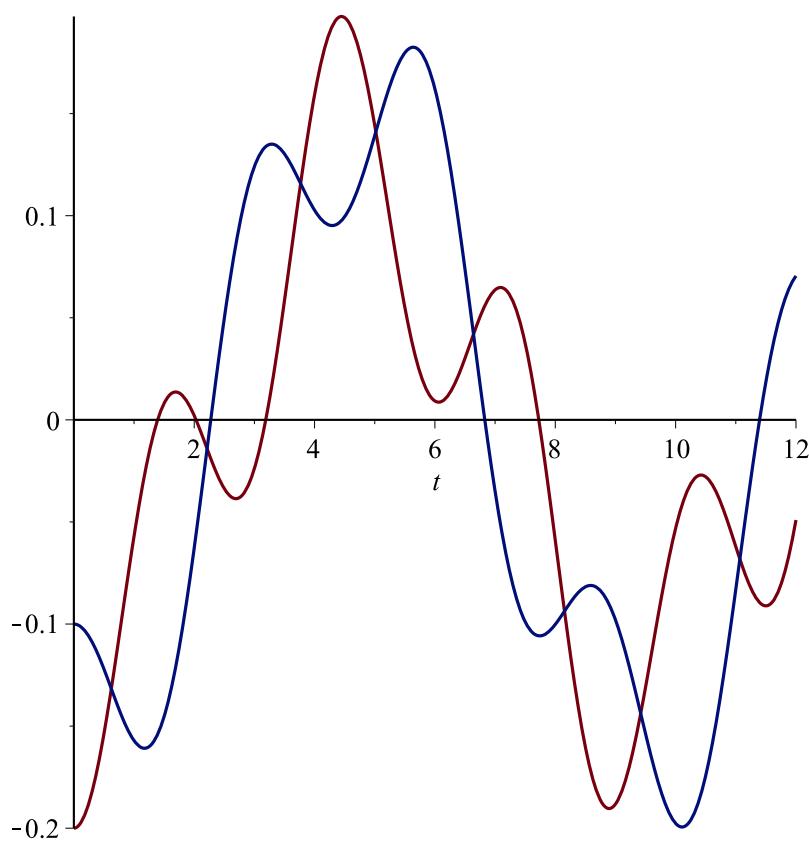
> evalf(subs(t=0, SolPartDos), 3)
y2(0) = -0.0999 \quad (28)

> plot(rhs(SolPartDos), t=0..12)

```



```
> plot( [rhs(SolPartUno), rhs(SolPartDos) ], t=0..12 )
```



```
>
> restart
```

RESOLUCIÓN CON MATRIZ EXPONENCIAL DEL PROBLEMA DE DOS RESORTES CON LOS PARÁMETROS INICIALES

```
>
```

```
> ParaUno := M[1]=1; ParaDos := M[2]=1; ParaTres := Hooke[1]=1; ParaCuatro
  := Hooke[2]=2;
          ParaUno := M1 = 1
          ParaDos := M2 = 1
          ParaTres := Hooke1 = 1
          ParaCuatro := Hooke2 = 2
```

(29)

```
> a := - 1/10
```

$$a := - \frac{1}{10}$$

(30)

```
> CondicionesIniciales := Ycero=array([ rhs(ParaCuatro) · a, a, 0, 0 ])
```

$$CondicionesIniciales := Ycero = \begin{bmatrix} -\frac{1}{5} & -\frac{1}{10} & 0 & 0 \end{bmatrix} \quad (31)$$

$$\begin{aligned} > A := array\left(\left[\left[0, 0, 1, 0\right], \left[0, 0, 0, 1\right], \left[-\left(\frac{rhs(ParaTres) + rhs(ParaCuatro)}{rhs(ParaUno)}\right), \right.\right. \right. \\ & \left.\left.\left.\frac{rhs(ParaCuatro)}{rhs(ParaUno)}, 0, 0\right], \left[\frac{rhs(ParaCuatro)}{rhs(ParaDos)}, -\frac{rhs(ParaCuatro)}{rhs(ParaDos)}, 0, 0\right]\right]\right) \\ & A := \begin{bmatrix} 0 & 0 & 1 & 0 \\ 0 & 0 & 0 & 1 \\ -3 & 2 & 0 & 0 \\ 2 & -2 & 0 & 0 \end{bmatrix} \end{aligned} \quad (32)$$

$$\begin{aligned} > \text{with(linalg)} : \\ > \text{MatExp} := \text{exponential}(A, t) : \\ > \text{evalf}(\text{MatExp}[1, 1], 3) \\ & 0.383 \cos(0.665 t) + 0.618 \cos(2.14 t) \end{aligned} \quad (33)$$

$$\begin{aligned} > \text{SolPart} := \text{evalm}(\text{MatExp} \&* \text{rhs}(CondicionesIniciales)) : \\ > \text{evalf}(\text{SolPart}[1], 3) \\ & -0.125 \cos(0.665 t) - 0.0753 \cos(2.14 t) \end{aligned} \quad (34)$$

$$\begin{aligned} > \text{evalf}(\text{SolPart}[2], 3) \\ & -0.159 \cos(0.665 t) + 0.0598 \cos(2.14 t) \end{aligned} \quad (35)$$

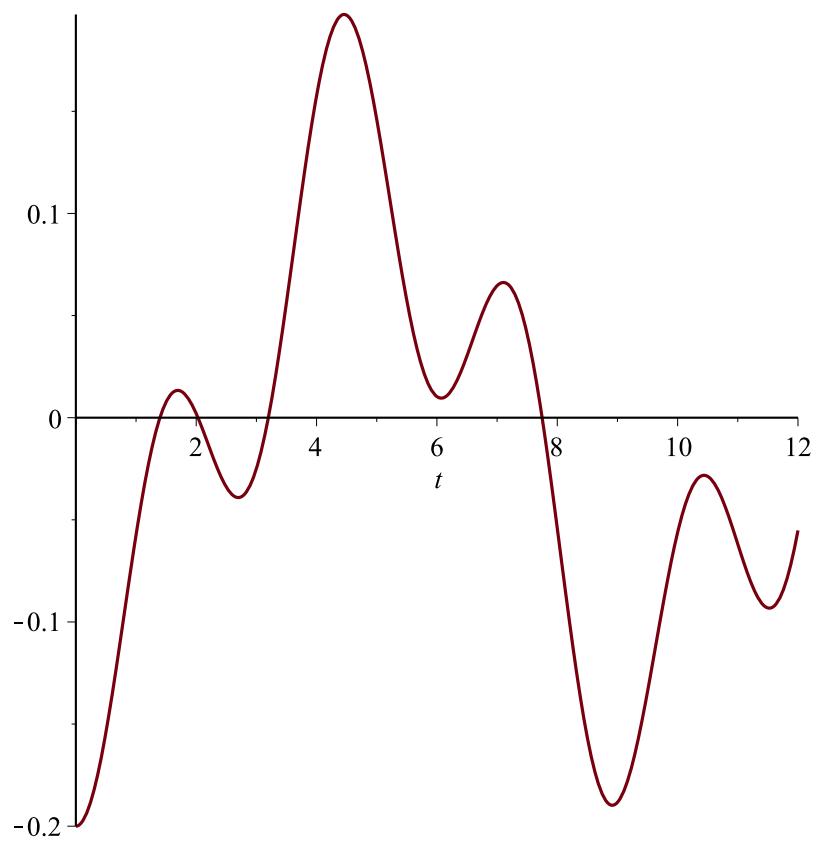
$$\begin{aligned} > \text{evalf}(\text{subs}(t=0, \text{SolPart}[1]), 3) \\ & -0.200 + 0. \text{I} \end{aligned} \quad (36)$$

$$\begin{aligned} > \text{evalf}(\text{subs}(t=0, \text{SolPart}[2]), 3) \\ & -0.100 + 0. \text{I} \end{aligned} \quad (37)$$

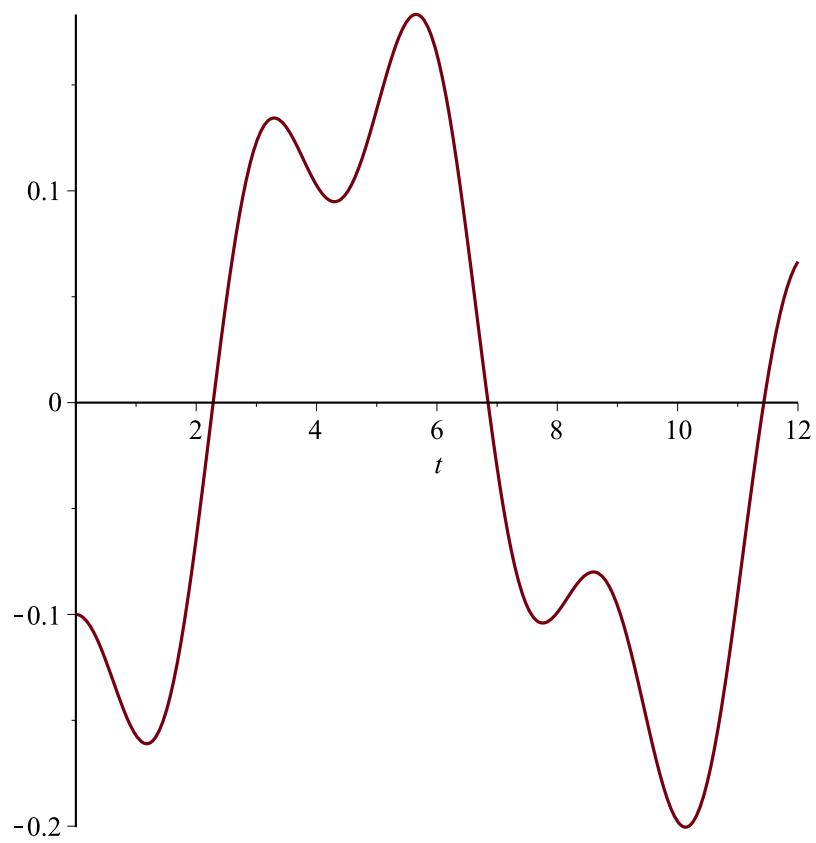
$$\begin{aligned} > \text{eval}(\text{subs}(t=0, \text{SolPart}[3])) \\ & 0 \end{aligned} \quad (38)$$

$$\begin{aligned} > \text{eval}(\text{subs}(t=0, \text{SolPart}[4])) \\ & 0 \end{aligned} \quad (39)$$

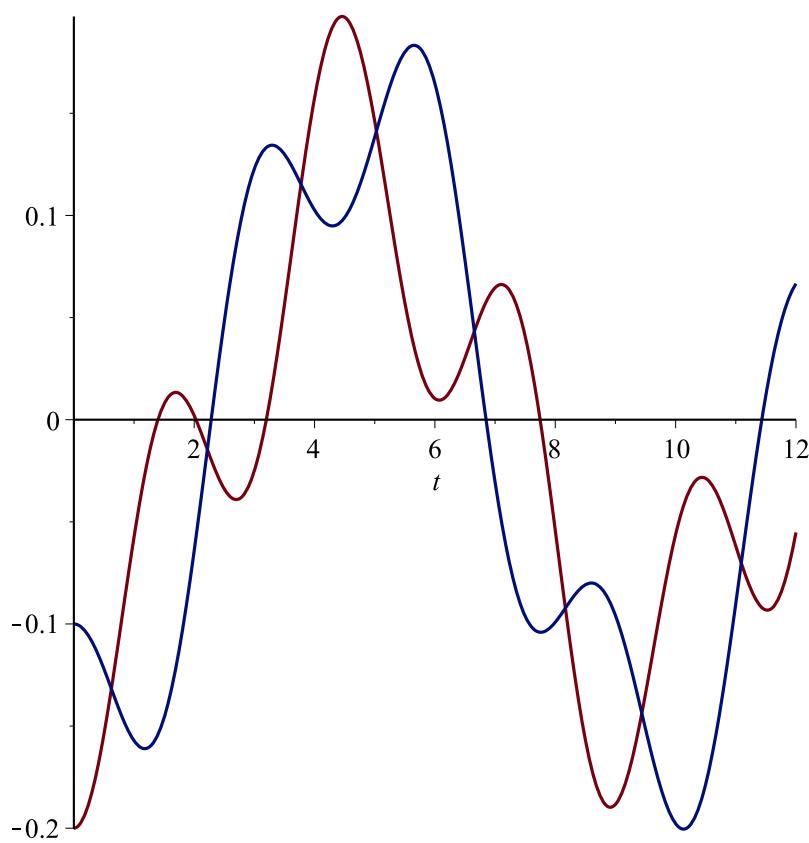
> *plot(SolPart[1], t=0 .. 12)*



```
> plot(SolPart[2], t = 0 .. 12)
```



```
> plot( [SolPart[1], SolPart[2]], t = 0 .. 12)
```



```

>
>
> restart

```

PROBLEMA DE DOS RESORTES CON OTROS PARÁMETROS CAMBIADOS

```

> ParaUno := M[1] = 1; ParaDos := M[2] = 1; ParaTres := Hooke[1] = 2; ParaCuatro
:= Hooke[2] = 1;

```

$$\text{ParaUno} := M_1 = 1$$

$$\text{ParaDos} := M_2 = 1$$

$$\text{ParaTres} := \text{Hooke}_1 = 2$$

$$\text{ParaCuatro} := \text{Hooke}_2 = 1$$

(40)

```

> a := -1/10

```

$$a := -\frac{1}{10}$$

(41)

```

> CondicionesIniciales := Ycero = array([ [rhs(ParaCuatro) / rhs(ParaTres) * a, a, 0, 0 ] ])

```

$$CondicionesIniciales := Ycero = \begin{bmatrix} -\frac{1}{20} & -\frac{1}{10} & 0 & 0 \end{bmatrix} \quad (42)$$

$$\begin{aligned} > A := array\left(\left[\left[0, 0, 1, 0\right], \left[0, 0, 0, 1\right], \left[-\left(\frac{rhs(ParaTres) + rhs(ParaCuatro)}{rhs(ParaUno)}\right), \right.\right. \right. \\ & \left.\left.\left.\frac{rhs(ParaCuatro)}{rhs(ParaUno)}, 0, 0\right], \left[\frac{rhs(ParaCuatro)}{rhs(ParaDos)}, -\frac{rhs(ParaCuatro)}{rhs(ParaDos)}, 0, 0\right]\right]\right) \\ & A := \begin{bmatrix} 0 & 0 & 1 & 0 \\ 0 & 0 & 0 & 1 \\ -3 & 1 & 0 & 0 \\ 1 & -1 & 0 & 0 \end{bmatrix} \end{aligned} \quad (43)$$

$$\begin{aligned} > \text{with(linalg)} : \\ > \text{MatExp} := \text{exponential}(A, t) : \\ > \text{evalf}(\text{MatExp}[1, 1], 3) \\ & 0.146 \cos(0.768 t) + 0.850 \cos(1.85 t) \end{aligned} \quad (44)$$

$$\begin{aligned} > \text{SolPart} := \text{evalm}(\text{MatExp} \&* \text{rhs}(CondicionesIniciales)) : \\ > \text{evalf}(\text{SolPart}[1], 3) \\ & -0.0427 \cos(0.768 t) - 0.0071 \cos(1.85 t) \end{aligned} \quad (45)$$

$$\begin{aligned} > \text{evalf}(\text{SolPart}[2], 3) \\ & -0.103 \cos(0.768 t) + 0.0034 \cos(1.85 t) \end{aligned} \quad (46)$$

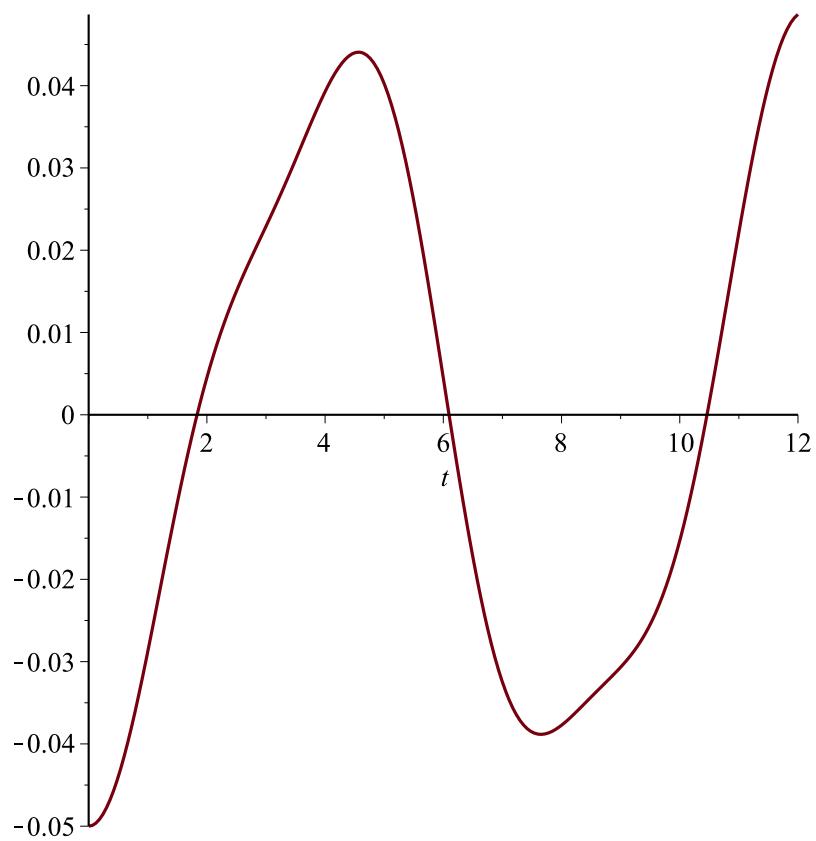
$$\begin{aligned} > \text{evalf}(\text{subs}(t=0, \text{SolPart}[1]), 3) \\ & -0.0496 + 0. \text{I} \end{aligned} \quad (47)$$

$$\begin{aligned} > \text{evalf}(\text{subs}(t=0, \text{SolPart}[2]), 3) \\ & -0.0993 + 0. \text{I} \end{aligned} \quad (48)$$

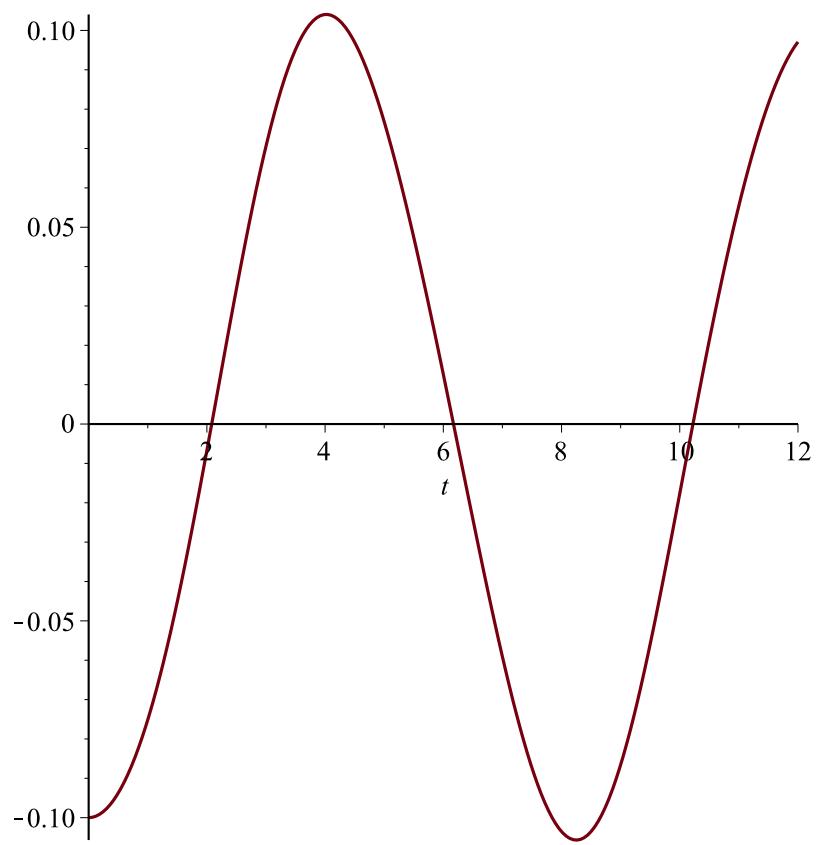
$$\begin{aligned} > \text{eval}(\text{subs}(t=0, \text{SolPart}[3])) \\ & 0 \end{aligned} \quad (49)$$

$$\begin{aligned} > \text{eval}(\text{subs}(t=0, \text{SolPart}[4])) \\ & 0 \end{aligned} \quad (50)$$

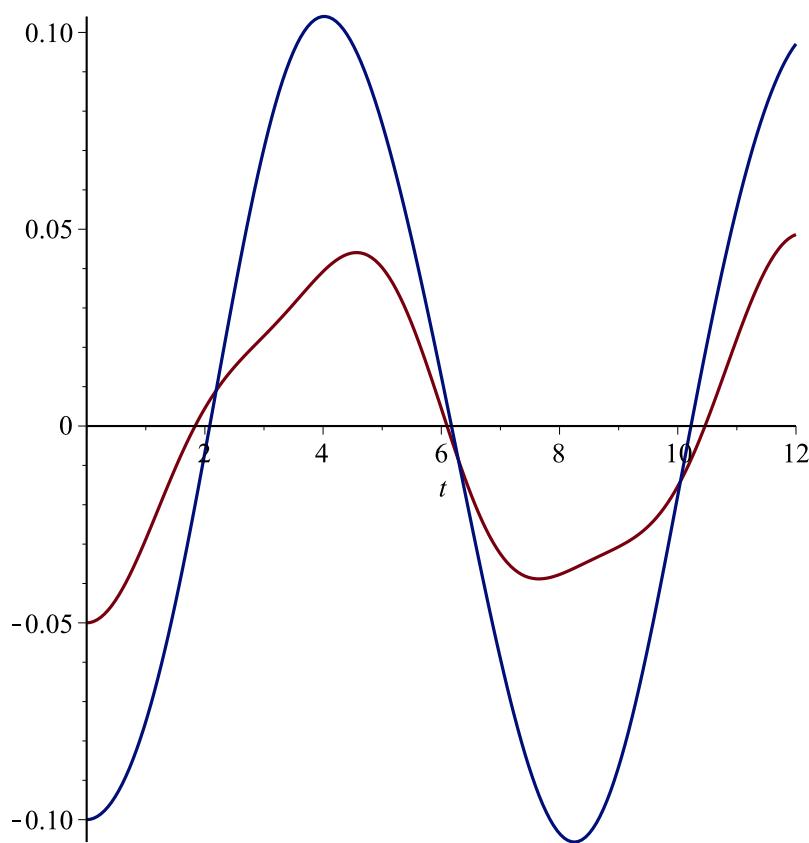
> $\text{plot}(\text{SolPart}[1], t=0..12)$



```
> plot(SolPart[2], t = 0 .. 12)
```



```
> plot( [SolPart[1], SolPart[2]], t=0..12)
```



```

> restart
> ParaUno := M[1] = 1; ParaDos := M[2] = 2; ParaTres := Hooke[1] = 1; ParaCuatro
:= Hooke[2] = 1;

```

$$\text{ParaUno} := M_1 = 1$$

$$\text{ParaDos} := M_2 = 2$$

$$\text{ParaTres} := \text{Hooke}_1 = 1$$

$$\text{ParaCuatro} := \text{Hooke}_2 = 1$$

(51)

```
> a := -1/10
```

$$a := -\frac{1}{10}$$

(52)

```
> CondicionesIniciales := Ycero = array([ [ rhs(ParaCuatro) / rhs(ParaTres) * a, a, 0, 0 ] ])
```

$$\text{CondicionesIniciales} := \text{Ycero} = \left[\begin{array}{cccc} -\frac{1}{10} & -\frac{1}{10} & 0 & 0 \end{array} \right]$$

(53)

$$\begin{aligned}
 > A := \text{array}\left(\left[\left[0, 0, 1, 0\right], \left[0, 0, 0, 1\right], \left[-\left(\frac{\text{rhs}(\text{ParaTres}) + \text{rhs}(\text{ParaCuatro})}{\text{rhs}(\text{ParaUno})}\right), \right.\right. \right. \\
 & \quad \left.\left.\left.\frac{\text{rhs}(\text{ParaCuatro})}{\text{rhs}(\text{ParaUno})}, 0, 0\right], \left[\frac{\text{rhs}(\text{ParaCuatro})}{\text{rhs}(\text{ParaDos})}, -\frac{\text{rhs}(\text{ParaCuatro})}{\text{rhs}(\text{ParaDos})}, 0, 0\right]\right]\right) \\
 & A := \begin{bmatrix} 0 & 0 & 1 & 0 \\ 0 & 0 & 0 & 1 \\ -2 & 1 & 0 & 0 \\ \frac{1}{2} & -\frac{1}{2} & 0 & 0 \end{bmatrix} \tag{54}
 \end{aligned}$$

$$\begin{aligned}
 > \text{with(linalg)} : \\
 > \text{MatExp} := \text{exponential}(A, t) : \\
 > \text{evalf}(\text{MatExp}[1, 1], 3) \\
 & 0.134 \cos(0.469 t) + 0.863 \cos(1.51 t) \tag{55}
 \end{aligned}$$

$$\begin{aligned}
 > \text{SolPart} := \text{evalm}(\text{MatExp} \&* \text{rhs}(\text{CondicionesIniciales})) : \\
 > \text{evalf}(\text{SolPart}[1], 3) \\
 & -0.0622 \cos(0.469 t) - 0.0375 \cos(1.51 t) \tag{56}
 \end{aligned}$$

$$\begin{aligned}
 > \text{evalf}(\text{SolPart}[2], 3) \\
 & -0.110 \cos(0.469 t) + 0.0106 \cos(1.51 t) \tag{57}
 \end{aligned}$$

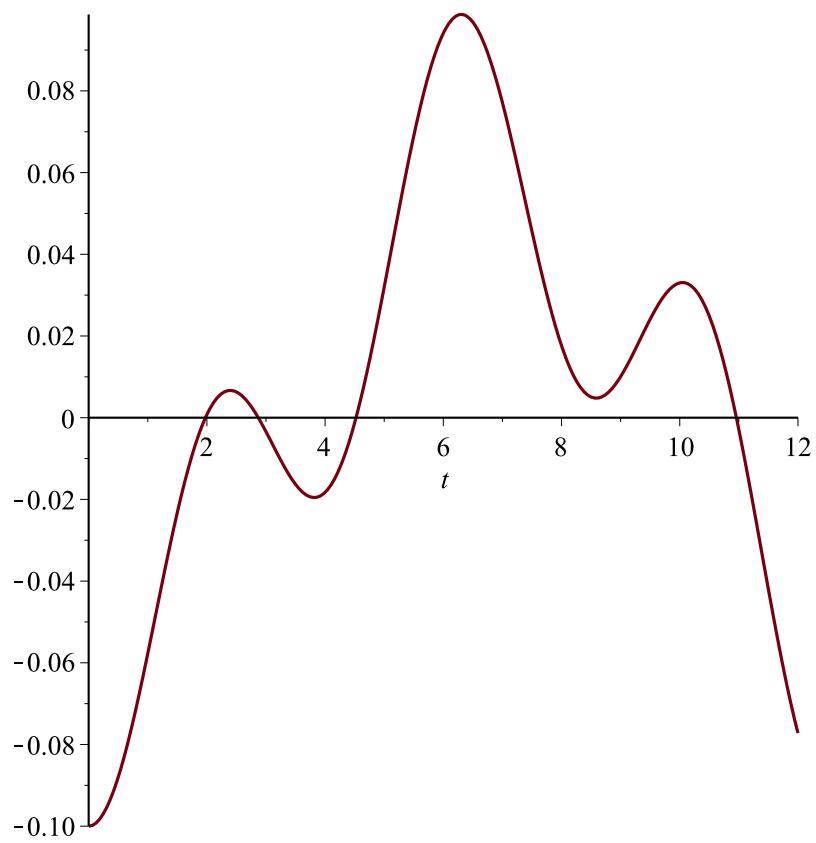
$$\begin{aligned}
 > \text{evalf}(\text{subs}(t=0, \text{SolPart}[1]), 3) \\
 & -0.100 + 0. \text{I} \tag{58}
 \end{aligned}$$

$$\begin{aligned}
 > \text{evalf}(\text{subs}(t=0, \text{SolPart}[2]), 3) \\
 & -0.100 + 0. \text{I} \tag{59}
 \end{aligned}$$

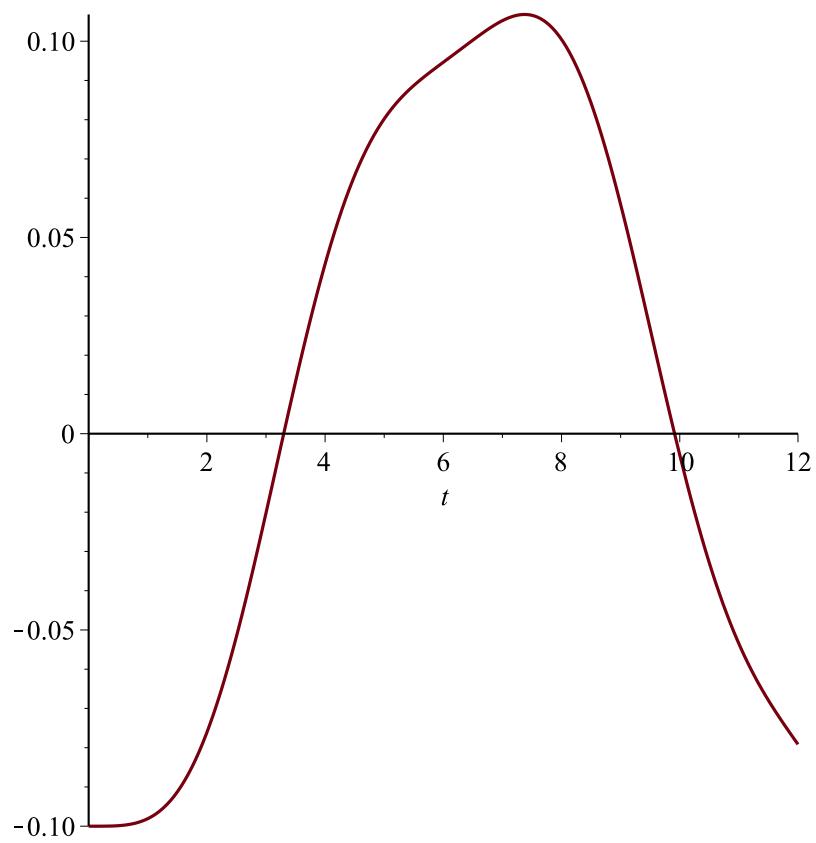
$$\begin{aligned}
 > \text{eval}(\text{subs}(t=0, \text{SolPart}[3])) \\
 & 0 \tag{60}
 \end{aligned}$$

$$\begin{aligned}
 > \text{eval}(\text{subs}(t=0, \text{SolPart}[4])) \\
 & 0 \tag{61}
 \end{aligned}$$

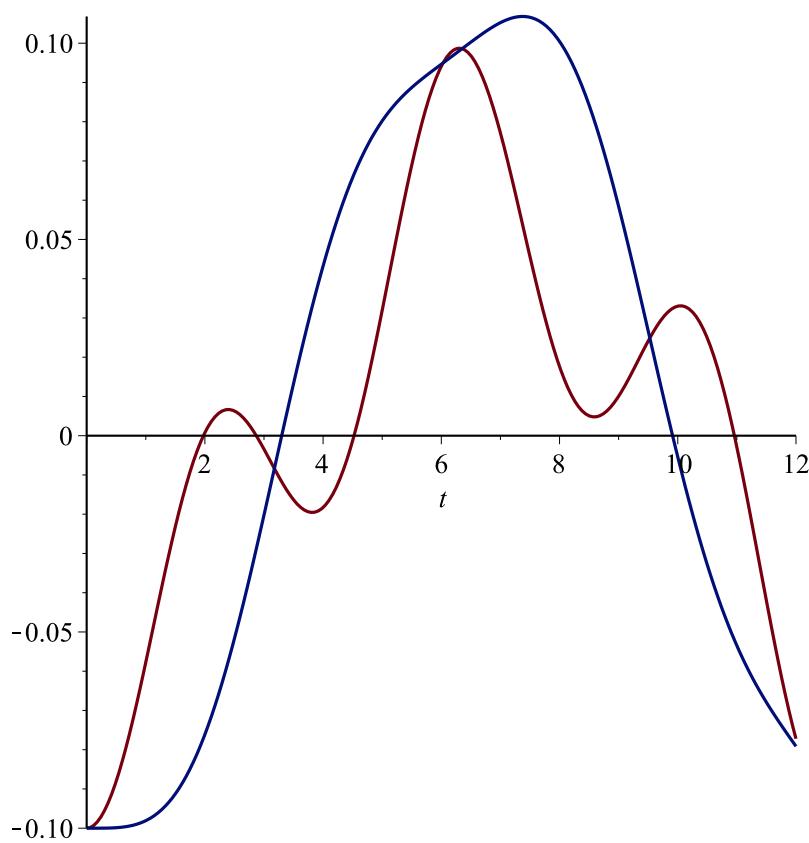
> `plot(SolPart[1], t = 0 .. 12)`



```
> plot(SolPart[2], t = 0 .. 12)
```



```
> plot( [SolPart[1], SolPart[2]], t = 0 .. 12)
```



```

> restart
> ParaUno := M[1] = 1; ParaDos := M[2] = 2; ParaTres := Hooke[1] = 1; ParaCuatro
:= Hooke[2] = 2;

```

$$\text{ParaUno} := M_1 = 1$$

$$\text{ParaDos} := M_2 = 2$$

$$\text{ParaTres} := \text{Hooke}_1 = 1$$

$$\text{ParaCuatro} := \text{Hooke}_2 = 2$$

(62)

$$> a := -\frac{1}{10}$$

$$a := -\frac{1}{10}$$

(63)

$$> \text{CondicionesIniciales} := Ycero = \text{array}\left(\left[\frac{\text{rhs}(\text{ParaCuatro})}{\text{rhs}(\text{ParaTres})} \cdot a, a, 0, 0\right]\right)$$

$$\text{CondicionesIniciales} := Ycero = \begin{bmatrix} -\frac{1}{5} & -\frac{1}{10} & 0 & 0 \end{bmatrix}$$

(64)

$$\begin{aligned}
 > A := \text{array}\left(\left[\left[0, 0, 1, 0\right], \left[0, 0, 0, 1\right], \left[-\left(\frac{\text{rhs}(\text{ParaTres}) + \text{rhs}(\text{ParaCuatro})}{\text{rhs}(\text{ParaUno})}\right), \right.\right. \right. \\
 & \quad \left.\left.\left.\frac{\text{rhs}(\text{ParaCuatro})}{\text{rhs}(\text{ParaUno})}, 0, 0\right], \left[\frac{\text{rhs}(\text{ParaCuatro})}{\text{rhs}(\text{ParaDos})}, -\frac{\text{rhs}(\text{ParaCuatro})}{\text{rhs}(\text{ParaDos})}, 0, 0\right]\right]\right) \\
 & A := \begin{bmatrix} 0 & 0 & 1 & 0 \\ 0 & 0 & 0 & 1 \\ -3 & 2 & 0 & 0 \\ 1 & -1 & 0 & 0 \end{bmatrix} \tag{65}
 \end{aligned}$$

$$\begin{aligned}
 > \text{with(linalg)} : \\
 > \text{MatExp} := \text{exponential}(A, t) : \\
 > \text{evalf}(\text{MatExp}[1, 1], 3) \\
 & 0.212 \cos(-0.515 t) + 0.784 \cos(1.92 t) \tag{66}
 \end{aligned}$$

$$\begin{aligned}
 > \text{SolPart} := \text{evalm}(\text{MatExp} \&* \text{rhs}(\text{CondicionesIniciales})) : \\
 > \text{evalf}(\text{SolPart}[1], 3) \\
 & -0.0997 \cos(-0.515 t) - 0.0997 \cos(1.92 t) \tag{67}
 \end{aligned}$$

$$\begin{aligned}
 > \text{evalf}(\text{SolPart}[2], 3) \\
 & -0.136 \cos(-0.515 t) + 0.0361 \cos(1.92 t) \tag{68}
 \end{aligned}$$

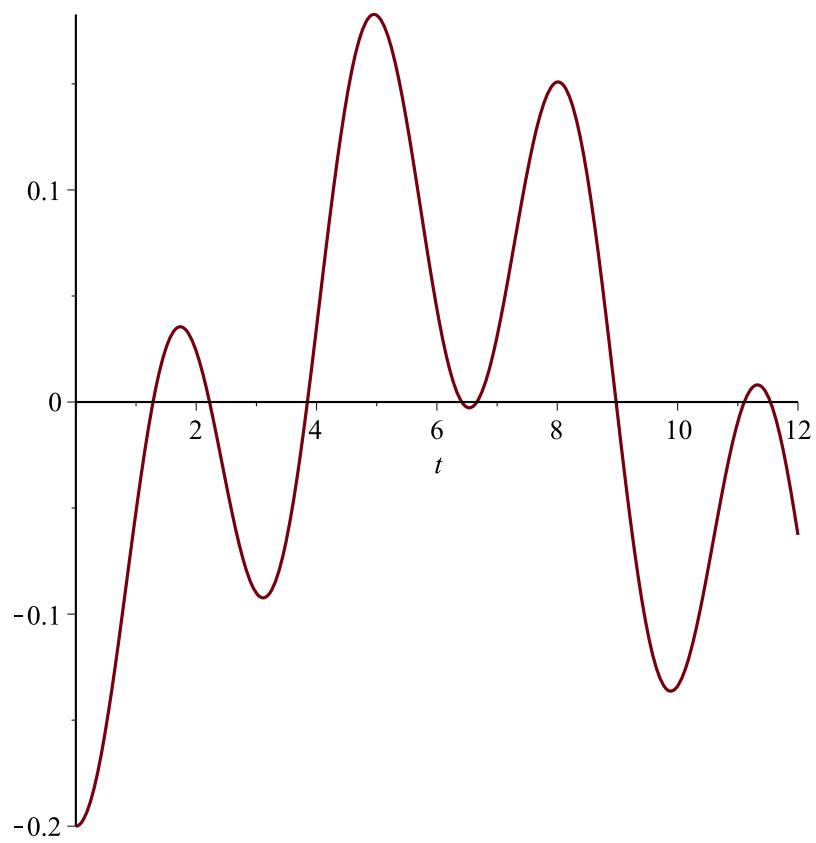
$$\begin{aligned}
 > \text{evalf}(\text{subs}(t=0, \text{SolPart}[1]), 3) \\
 & -0.199 \tag{69}
 \end{aligned}$$

$$\begin{aligned}
 > \text{evalf}(\text{subs}(t=0, \text{SolPart}[2]), 3) \\
 & -0.0996 \tag{70}
 \end{aligned}$$

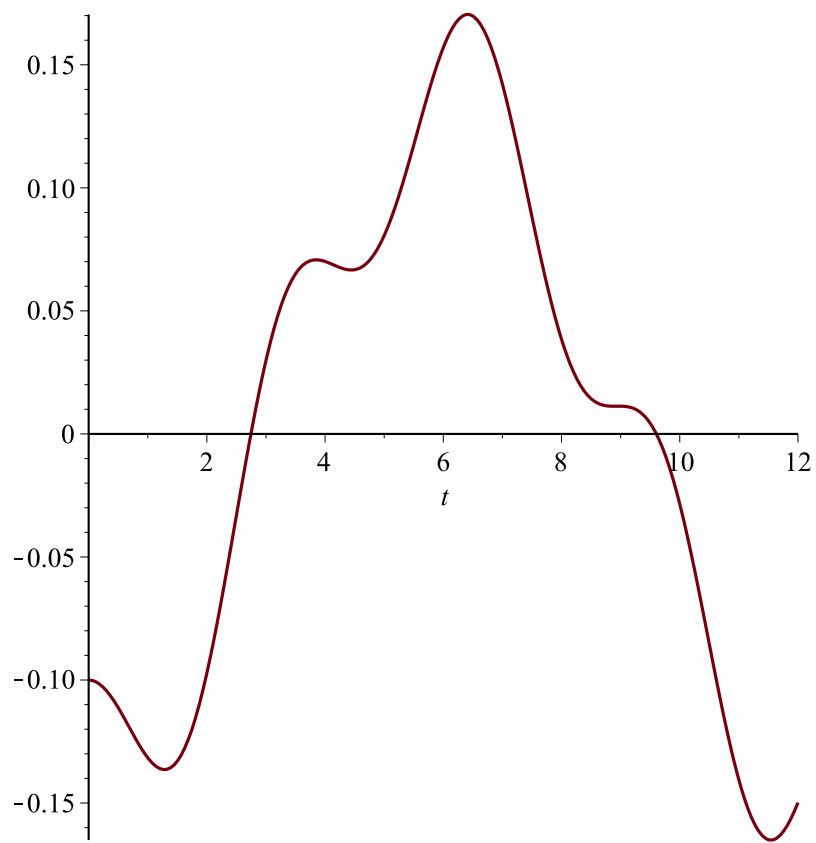
$$\begin{aligned}
 > \text{evalf}(\text{subs}(t=0, \text{SolPart}[3])) \\
 & 0. \tag{71}
 \end{aligned}$$

$$\begin{aligned}
 > \text{evalf}(\text{subs}(t=0, \text{SolPart}[4])) \\
 & -0. \tag{72}
 \end{aligned}$$

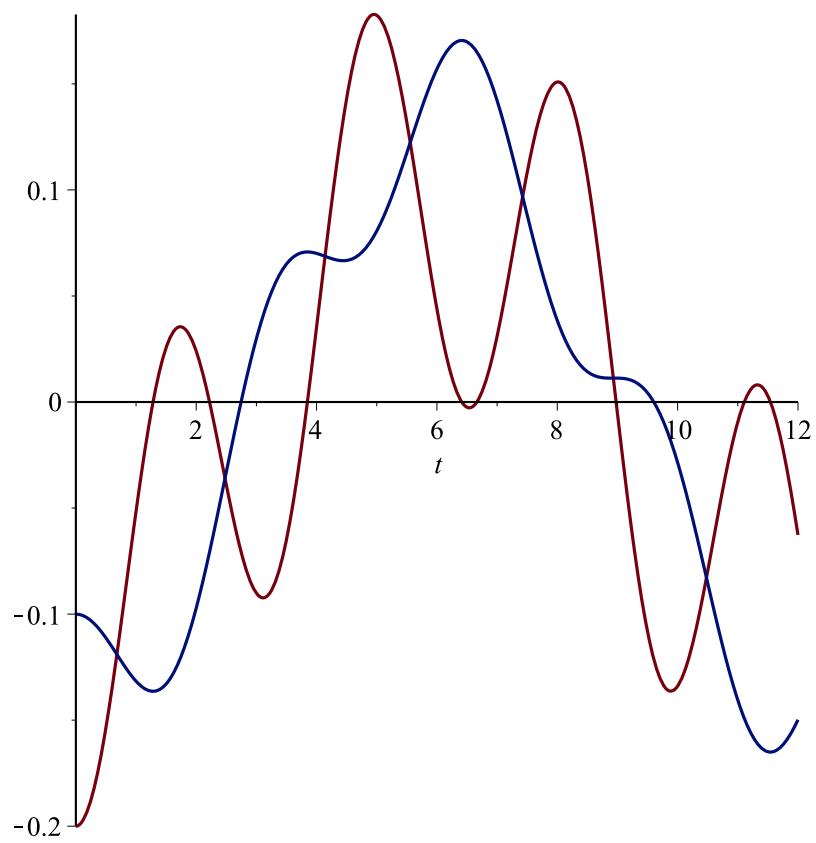
> $\text{plot}(\text{SolPart}[1], t=0..12)$



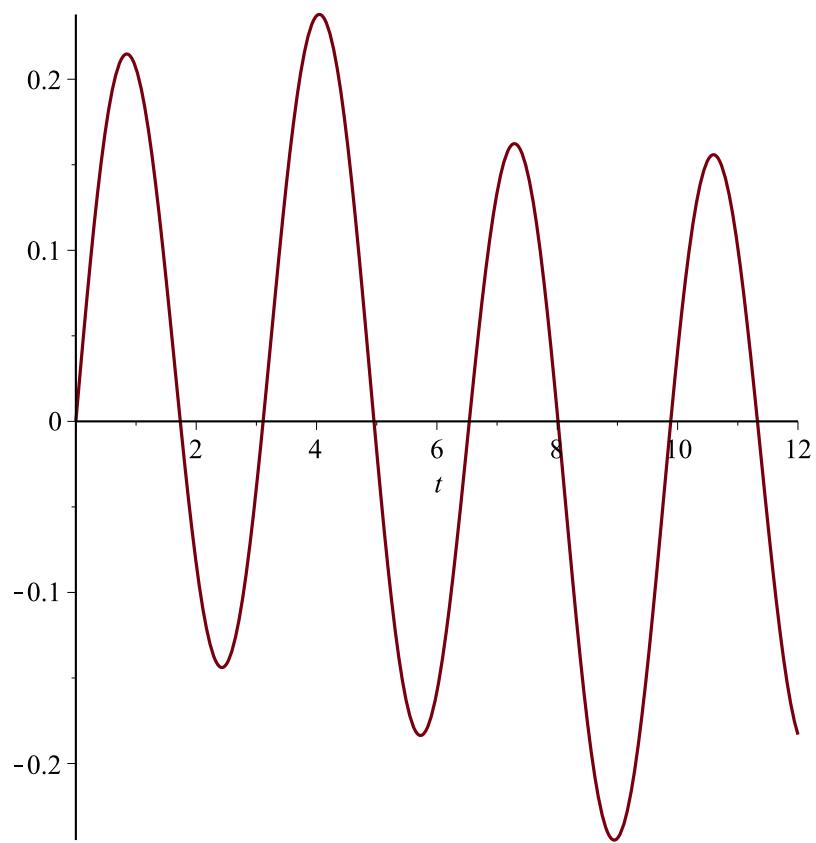
```
> plot(SolPart[2], t = 0 .. 12)
```



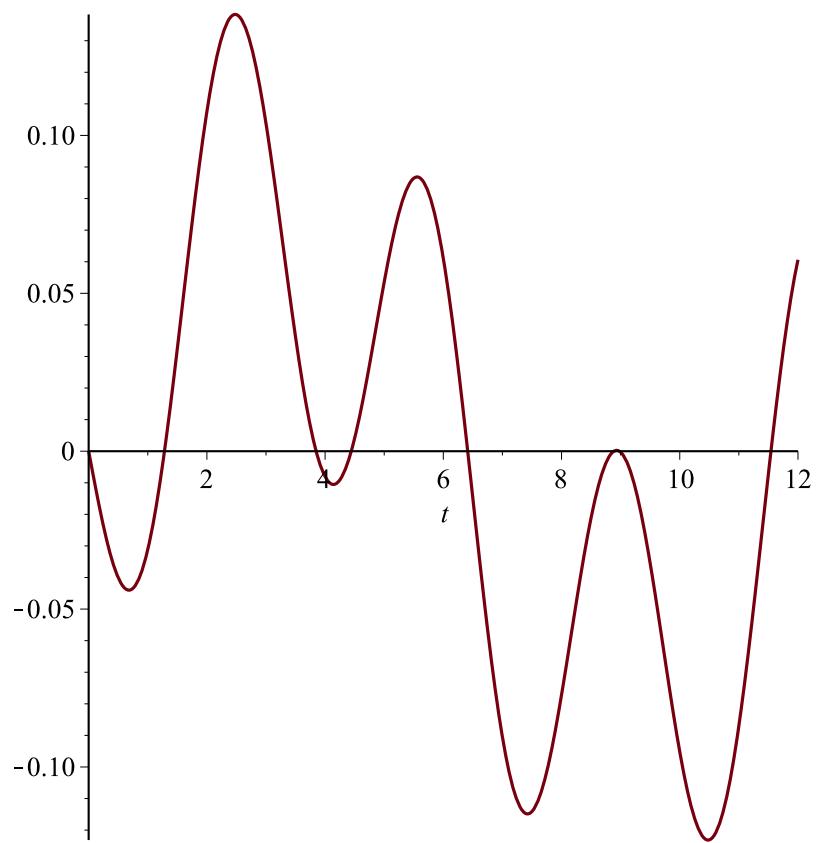
```
> plot( [SolPart[1], SolPart[2]], t=0..12)
```



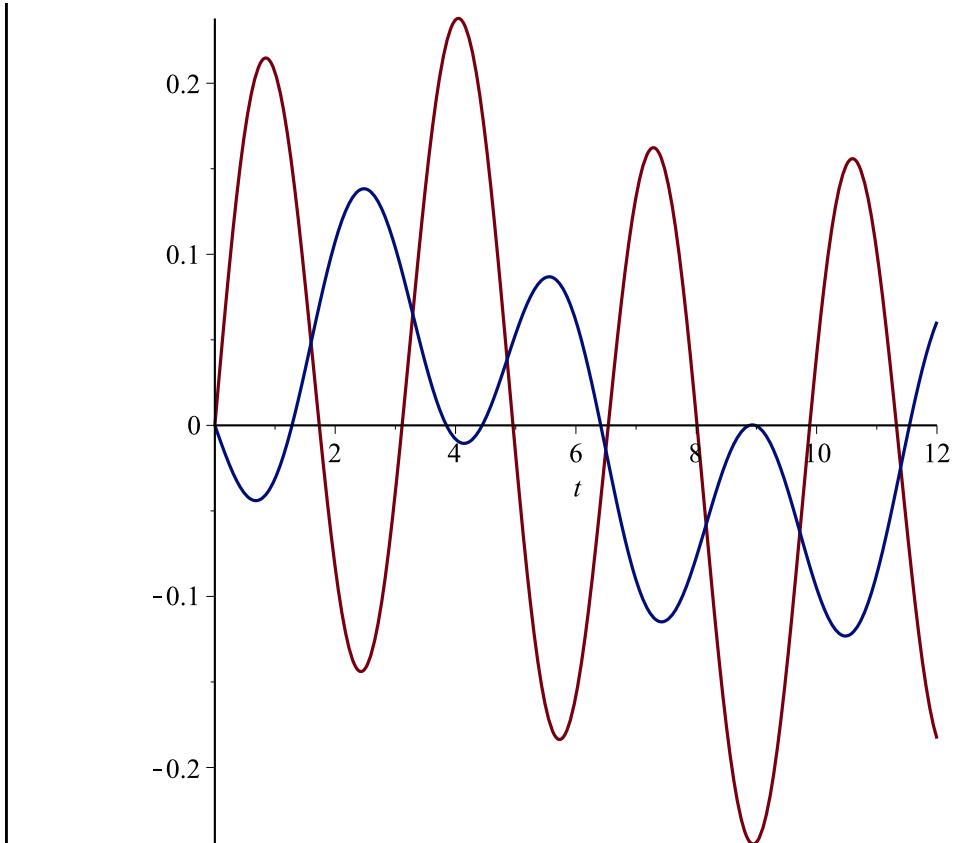
```
> plot(SolPart[3], t = 0 .. 12)
```



```
> plot(SolPart[4], t = 0 .. 12)
```



```
> plot( [SolPart[3], SolPart[4]], t = 0 .. 12)
```



[> restart
=>