

Capítulo II.- Ecación Lineal.

EDO(n) L CC { Hom.
No Hom.

LINEAL

$$a_0(x) \frac{d^n y}{dx^n} + a_1(x) \frac{d^{n-1} y}{dx^{n-1}} + \dots + a_{n-1}(x) \frac{dy}{dx} + a_n(x)y = Q(x)$$

→
$$\boxed{\frac{d^n y}{dx^n} + a_1 \frac{d^{n-1} y}{dx^{n-1}} + \dots + a_{n-1} \frac{dy}{dx} + a_n y = Q(x)}$$

$$\frac{dy}{dx} + \eta = 0$$

$$\frac{dy}{dx} = -\eta$$

$$\int \frac{dy}{\eta} = - \int dx$$

$$\lambda y + c_1 = -x + c_2$$

$$\lambda y = -x + (c_2 - c_1)$$

$$\lambda y = -x + c_3$$

$$y = e^{-x+c_3}$$

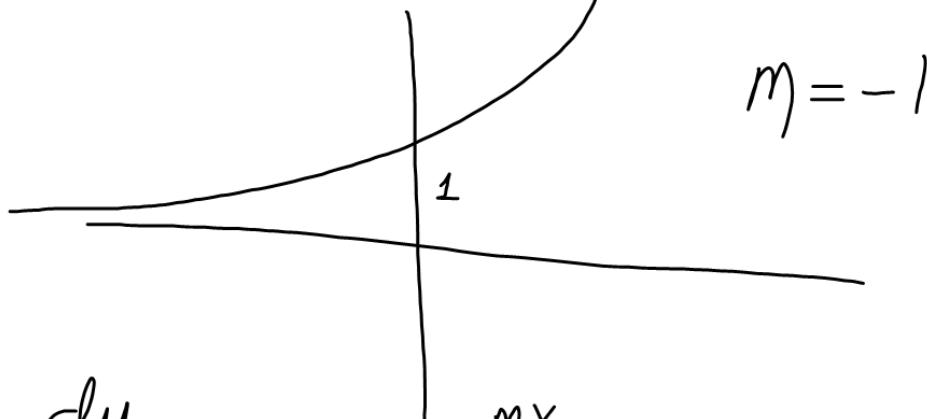
$$+ \quad y = c_4 e^{-x}$$

$$e^{mx}$$

$$\frac{dy}{dx} + y = 0 \quad y_s = e^{mx}$$

$$m e^{mx} + e^{mx} = 0 \quad \frac{dy}{dx} = e^{mx} \cdot (m)$$

$$e^{mx}(m+1) = 0 \quad m+1=0$$



$$\frac{dy}{dx} + y = 0 \quad e^{mx} \quad m = -1$$

$$y = C_1 e^{-x}$$

$$\frac{dy}{dx} - \sqrt{2}y = 0 \quad EDO(1) \text{ LCCH.}$$

$$y = e^{mx} \rightarrow \frac{dy}{dx} = me^{mx}$$

$$me^{mx} - \sqrt{2}e^{mx} = 0$$

$$e^{mx} (m - \sqrt{2}) = 0$$

$$m - \sqrt{2} = 0$$

ECUACIÓN (ALGEBRAICA) CARACTERÍSTICA.

$$m = \sqrt{2}$$

$$y_g = C_1 e^{\sqrt{2}x}$$

SOLUCIÓN PARTICULAR
FUNDAMENTAL.

EDO(2) LCC H.

CASO I:

$$\underline{m_1 \neq m_2} \quad \frac{dy}{dx^2} + a_1 \frac{dy}{dx} + a_2 y = 0$$

$$m^2 e^{mx} + a_1 m e^{mx} + a_2 e^{mx} = 0$$

$$(m^2 + a_1 m + a_2) e^{mx} = 0$$

$$y = e^{mx}$$

$$\frac{dy}{dx} = m e^{mx}$$

$$\frac{dy}{dx^2} = m^2 e^{mx}$$

$$m^2 + a_1 m + a_2 = 0 \quad \text{EQUACIÓN CARACTERÍSTICA}$$

$$m_1 \quad m_2$$

$$e^{m_1 x} \quad e^{m_2 x}$$

$$y_g = C_1 e^{m_1 x} + C_2 e^{m_2 x}$$

$$W \Rightarrow \begin{vmatrix} e^{m_1 x} & e^{m_2 x} \\ m_1 e^{m_1 x} & m_2 e^{m_2 x} \end{vmatrix} \neq 0 \quad \left. \begin{array}{l} m_2 e^{m_2 x} e^{m_1 x} - m_1 e^{m_1 x} e^{m_2 x} \neq 0 \\ (m_2 - m_1) e^{m_1 x} e^{m_2 x} \neq 0 \\ (m_2 - m_1) \neq 0 \\ m_2 \neq m_1 \end{array} \right\}$$

$$\frac{d^2y}{dx^2} - 5 \frac{dy}{dx} + 6y = 0$$

$$m^2 - 5m + 6 = 0$$

$$(m - 2)(m - 3) = 0$$

$$\begin{aligned}m_1 &= 2 \\m_2 &= 3\end{aligned}$$

$$y_g = C_1 e^{2x} + C_2 e^{3x}$$

Caso II.-

$$\frac{d^2y}{dx^2} + a_1 \frac{dy}{dx} + a_2 y = 0$$

$$m^2 + a_1 m + a_2 = 0 \quad m_1 = m_2$$

$$y_g = C_1 e^{m_1 x} + C_2$$

$$\frac{d}{dm} \left(\begin{array}{l} m^2 + a_1 m + a_2 = 0 \\ 2m + a_1 = 0 \end{array} \right) \quad m_1 = m_2$$

$$(m - m_1)^2 = 0$$

$$\frac{d}{dm} \left(2(m - m_1) = 0 \right)$$

$$\frac{d}{dm} \left(\begin{array}{l} m^2 + a_1 m + a_2 = 0 \\ 2m + a_1 = 0 \end{array} \right) \quad m_1 \neq m_2$$

$$(m - m_1)(m - m_2) = 0$$

$$\frac{d}{dm} \left((m - m_1) + (m - m_2) \neq 0 \right)$$

$$\frac{d^2y}{dx^2} + a_1 \frac{dy}{dx} + a_2 y = 0$$

$$m^2 + a_1 m + a_2 = 0 \quad m_1 = m_2$$

$$\begin{array}{ccc} e^{mx} & \xrightarrow{m=m_1} & e^{m_1 x} \\ \frac{d}{dm} \left(e^{mx} \right) & & \\ xe^{mx} & \xrightarrow{m=m_1} & xe^{m_1 x} \end{array}$$

$$y_g = C_1 e^{m_1 x} + C_2 x e^{m_1 x}$$

$$y_p = x e^{m_1 x}$$

$$\frac{dy}{dx} = m_1 x e^{m_1 x} + e^{m_1 x}$$

$$\begin{aligned} \frac{d^2y}{dx^2} &= m_1^2 x e^{m_1 x} + m_1 e^{m_1 x} + m_1 e^{m_1 x} \\ &= m_1^2 x e^{m_1 x} + 2m_1 e^{m_1 x} \end{aligned}$$

$$\frac{d^2y}{dx^2} \Leftrightarrow m_1^2 x e^{m_1 x} + 2m_1 e^{m_1 x}$$

$$+ a_1 \frac{dy}{dx} \Leftrightarrow a_1 m_1 x e^{m_1 x} + a_1 e^{m_1 x}$$

$$+ a_2 y \Leftrightarrow a_2 x e^{m_1 x}$$

$$\begin{aligned} 0 &\Leftrightarrow (m_1^2 + a_1 m_1 + a_2) x e^{m_1 x} \\ &\quad + (2m_1 + a_1) e^{m_1 x} \end{aligned}$$

CASO III.- Raíces complejas

$$\frac{dy^2}{dx^2} + a_1 \frac{dy}{dx} + a_2 y = 0$$

$$m^2 + a_1 m + a_2 = 0$$

$$m_1 \neq m_2 \quad m_1 = a + bi \quad a \in \mathbb{R} \quad b \in \mathbb{R}^+ \\ m_2 = a - bi \quad a \in \mathbb{R} \quad b \in \mathbb{R}^+$$

$$y_g = C_1 e^{(a+bi)x} + C_2 e^{(a-bi)x} \\ = e^{ax} \left(C_1 e^{bx} + C_2 e^{-bx} \right)$$

$$x \in \mathbb{R} \quad C_1 \in \mathbb{C} \quad C_2 \in \mathbb{C} \\ y \in \mathbb{R}$$