

EDO(2) LCC NH

$$\frac{d^2 y}{dx^2} - 4 \frac{dy}{dx} + 4y = 6e^{2x}$$

Método Parámetros Variables.

$$\text{E.H.}_A \quad \frac{d^2 y}{dx^2} - 4 \frac{dy}{dx} + 4y = 0 \quad Q = 6e^{2x}$$

$$\therefore m^2 - 4m + 4 = 0$$

$$(m-2)^2 = 0 \quad m_1 = m_2 \text{ CASO II}$$

$$y_{g/h} = C_1 e^{2x} + C_2 x e^{2x}$$

$$y_{g/h} = A(x) e^{2x} + B(x) x e^{2x}$$

$$\frac{dy}{dx} = 2A(x)e^{2x} + (2xe^{2x} + e^{2x})B(x) + A'(x)e^{2x} + B'(x)xe^{2x}$$

$$\frac{dy}{dx} = 2A(x)e^{2x} + (2xe^{2x} + e^{2x})B(x) + \underbrace{A'(x)e^{2x} + B'(x)xe^{2x}}_{=0}$$

$$\frac{d^2 y}{dx^2} = 4A(x)e^{2x} + (4xe^{2x} + 2e^{2x} + 2e^{2x})B(x) +$$

$$+ \underbrace{2A'(x)e^{2x} + (2xe^{2x} + e^{2x})B'(x)}_{Q(x)}$$

$$\frac{d^2 y}{dx^2} = 4A(x)e^{2x} + (4xe^{2x} + 4e^{2x})B(x) + 6e^{2x}$$

$$A'(x)e^{2x} + B'(x)xe^{2x} = 0$$

$$A'(x)2e^{2x} + B'(x)(2xe^{2x} + e^{2x}) = 6e^{2x}$$

$$\begin{bmatrix} e^{2x} & xe^{2x} \\ 2e^{2x} & 2xe^{2x} + e^{2x} \end{bmatrix} \begin{bmatrix} A'(x) \\ B'(x) \end{bmatrix} = \begin{bmatrix} 0 \\ 6e^{2x} \end{bmatrix}$$

WW BB.

$$A'(x)e^{2x} = -B'(x)xe^{2x}$$

$$A'(x) = -B'(x)x$$

$$(-B'(x)x)2e^{2x} + B'(x)(2xe^{2x} + e^{2x}) = 6e^{2x}$$

$$\cancel{-B'(x)x(2e^{2x})} + \cancel{B'(x)(2xe^{2x})} + B'(x)e^{2x} = 6e^{2x}$$

$$\cancel{B'(x)e^{2x}} = 6e^{2x}$$

$$B'(x) = 6$$

$$A'(x) = -6x$$

$$B(x) = \int 6 dx \Rightarrow 6x$$

$$A(x) = \int -6x dx \Rightarrow -6 \int x dx = -6 \left(\frac{x^2}{2} \right)$$

$$A(x) = -3x^2$$

$$y(x) = (-3x^2 + C_1)e^{2x} + (6x + C_2)xe^{2x}$$

$$y(x) = C_1 e^{2x} + C_2 x e^{2x} + 3x^2 e^{2x}$$

$$\frac{dy^3}{dx^3} + \frac{dy^2}{dx^2} + \frac{dy}{dx} + y = 2x^2 e^x$$

$$m^3 + m^2 + m + 1 = 0 \quad m_1 = -1 \quad m_2 = i \quad m_3 = -i$$

$$y_{g/h} = C_1 e^{-x} + C_2 \cos(x) + C_3 \sin(x)$$

$$y_{g/h} = A(x) e^{-x} + B(x) \cos(x) + C(x) \sin(x)$$

$$y' = -A(x) e^{-x} - B(x) \sin(x) + C(x) \cos(x) + \underbrace{A'(x) e^{-x} + B'(x) \cos(x) + C'(x) \sin(x)}_{=0}$$

$$y'' = A(x) e^{-x} - B(x) \cos(x) - C(x) \sin(x) + \underbrace{(-A'(x) e^{-x} - B'(x) \sin(x) + C'(x) \cos(x))}_{=0}$$

$$y''' = -A(x) e^{-x} + B(x) \sin(x) - C(x) \cos(x) + \underbrace{A'(x) e^{-x} - B'(x) \cos(x) - C'(x) \sin(x)}_{=0}$$

$$\begin{aligned} A'(x) e^{-x} + B'(x) \cos(x) + C'(x) \sin(x) &= 0 \\ -A'(x) e^{-x} - B'(x) \sin(x) + C'(x) \cos(x) &= 0 \\ A'(x) e^{-x} - B'(x) \cos(x) - C'(x) \sin(x) &= 2x^2 e^x \end{aligned}$$

$= Q$

Método de los Coeficientes Indeterminados

$$\frac{d^2 y}{dx^2} - 5 \frac{dy}{dx} + 6y = 4e^{2x} + 8xe^{3x}$$

EDO(2) LCC NH.

$$\dot{y} \Rightarrow y' \Rightarrow \frac{d}{dx} \Rightarrow D$$

$$5 \frac{dy}{dx} \Rightarrow 5Dy(x)$$

$$\frac{d^2 y}{dx^2} \Rightarrow D(Dy(x)) \Rightarrow D^2 y(x)$$

$$\frac{d}{dx} 6x^2 \Rightarrow 6D(x^2) = 12x$$

$$(D^2 - 5D + 6)y(x) = 4e^{2x} + 8xe^{3x}$$

$$(D-3)(D-2)y(x) = 4e^{2x} + 8xe^{3x}$$

$P(D)$	$y(x)$
D	1
D^2	x
D^3	x^2
D^{n+1}	x^n
$(D-a)$	e^{ax}
$(D-a)^2$	$x e^{ax}$
$(D-a)^{n+1}$	$x^n e^{ax}$

$$(D-2)(D-3)y(x) = 4e^{2x} + 8xe^{3x}$$

$$(D-2)(D-3)(D-2) \cdot (D-3)^2 y(x) = 0$$

EDO(5) LCC H

$$(D-2)^2 (D-3)^3 y(x) = 0$$

$$y_g = C_1 e^{2x} + C_2 x e^{2x} + C_3 e^{3x} + C_4 x e^{3x} + C_5 x^2 e^{3x}$$

$$y_{g/h} = C_1 e^{2x} + A x e^{2x} + C_3 e^{3x} + B x e^{3x} + D x^2 e^{3x}$$

$$y_{p/q} = A x e^{2x} + B x e^{3x} + D x^2 e^{3x}$$