

## TEMA 3b. SIST. EC. DIF. LIN. NO HOM

$$\begin{cases} \frac{dx_1}{dt} = x_1 + 2x_2 + 5e^{4t} + t^2 \\ \frac{dx_2}{dt} = 2x_1 + 3x_2 + 6t + \cos(2t) \end{cases} \begin{cases} x_1(0) = 5 \\ x_2(0) = -4 \end{cases}$$

$$\frac{d}{dt} \begin{bmatrix} x_1 \\ x_2 \end{bmatrix} = \begin{bmatrix} \frac{dx_1}{dt} \\ \frac{dx_2}{dt} \end{bmatrix} \quad \bar{X} = \begin{bmatrix} x_1 \\ x_2 \end{bmatrix} \quad \bar{B}(t) = \begin{bmatrix} 5e^{4t} + t^2 \\ 6t + \cos(2t) \end{bmatrix}$$

$$\bar{X}(0) = \begin{bmatrix} 5 \\ -4 \end{bmatrix} \quad \begin{bmatrix} e^{At} \end{bmatrix} \quad A = \begin{bmatrix} 1 & 2 \\ 2 & 3 \end{bmatrix}$$

$$\bar{X}_p = \underbrace{\begin{bmatrix} e^{At} \end{bmatrix}}_{\text{Prod Tau}} \times \bar{X}(0) + \int_0^t \underbrace{e^{A(t-\tau)} \bar{B}(\tau) d\tau}_{\text{Prod Tau}}$$

$$\left. \int_0^t e^{A(t-\tau)} \bar{B}(\tau) d\tau \right|_{t=0} = \begin{bmatrix} 0 \\ 0 \end{bmatrix}$$

$$e^{At}$$

$$\frac{d}{dt} e^{At} = A \cdot e^{At}$$

$$\left[ e^{At} \right]_{t=0} = \mathbb{I}$$

$$\frac{d}{dt} e^{At} - A \cdot e^{At} = \begin{bmatrix} 0 & 0 \\ 0 & 0 \end{bmatrix}$$

$$\left[ e^{At} \right]^{-1} = \left[ e^{At} \right]_{t=-t}$$