

UNIVERSIDAD NACIONAL AUTÓNOMA DE MÉXICO
FACULTAD DE INGENIERÍA
ECUACIONES DIFERENCIALES
SEGUNDO EXAMEN FINAL
SEMESTRE 2022-2

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PARTE I

Ecuacion 1

$$Ecua := x^2 + y(x) - x \cdot diff(y(x), x) = 0$$

$$x^2 + y(x) - x \left(\frac{d}{dx} y(x) \right) = 0 \quad (1)$$

$$Cond := y(1) = 2$$

$$y(1) = 2 \quad (2)$$

$$with(DEtools) :$$

$$odeadvisor(Ecua)$$

$$[_linear] \quad (3)$$

$$M := x^2 + y$$

$$x^2 + y \quad (4)$$

$$N := -x$$

$$-x \quad (5)$$

$$DerMy := diff(M, y)$$

$$1 \quad (6)$$

$$DerNx := diff(N, x)$$

$$-1 \quad (7)$$

No es exacta, hay que buscar el factor integrante

$$FI := isolate\left(int\left(\frac{1}{\mu}, \mu\right) = int\left(\frac{(DerMy - DerNx)}{N}, x\right), \mu\right)$$

$$\mu = \frac{1}{x^2} \quad (8)$$

$$MM := expand(M \cdot rhs(FI))$$

$$1 + \frac{y}{x^2} \quad (9)$$

$$NN := N \cdot rhs(FI)$$

$$-\frac{1}{x} \quad (10)$$

$$Comprobar := diff(MM, y) = diff(NN, x)$$

$$\frac{1}{x^2} = \frac{1}{x^2} \quad (11)$$

$$EcuaDos := MM + NN \cdot diff(y(x), x) = 0$$

$$1 + \frac{y}{x^2} - \frac{\frac{d}{dx} y(x)}{x} = 0 \quad (12)$$

$$EcuaDosDos := 1 + \frac{y(x)}{x^2} - \frac{\frac{d}{dx} y(x)}{x} = 0$$

$$1 + \frac{y(x)}{x^2} - \frac{\frac{d}{dx} y(x)}{x} = 0 \quad (13)$$

odeadvisor(EcuaDosDos)

$$[_linear] \quad (14)$$

Ya es una ecuación diferencial exacta

IntMMx := int(MM, x)

$$x - \frac{y}{x} \quad (15)$$

SolGral := IntMMx + int((NN - diff(IntMMx, y)), y) = _CI

$$x - \frac{y}{x} = _CI \quad (16)$$

SolGralDos := x - \frac{y(x)}{x} = _CI

$$x - \frac{y(x)}{x} = _CI \quad (17)$$

Para := subs(x = 1, y = 2, SolGral)

$$-1 = _CI \quad (18)$$

SolPart := subs(_CI = lhs(Para), SolGral)

$$x - \frac{y}{x} = -1 \quad (19)$$

SolPartDos := x - \frac{y(x)}{x} = -1

$$x - \frac{y(x)}{x} = -1 \quad (20)$$

DerSolPart := expand(isolate(diff(SolPartDos, x), diff(y(x), x)))

$$\frac{d}{dx} y(x) = x + \frac{y(x)}{x} \quad (21)$$

DerEcua := expand(isolate(Ecua, diff(y(x), x)))

$$\frac{d}{dx} y(x) = x + \frac{y(x)}{x} \quad (22)$$

CompUno := rhs(DerSolPart) - rhs(DerEcua) = 0

$$0 = 0 \quad (23)$$

DerSolGral := expand(isolate(diff(SolGralDos, x), diff(y(x), x)))

$$\frac{d}{dx} y(x) = x + \frac{y(x)}{x} \quad (24)$$

$$\begin{aligned} \text{CompDos} &:= \text{rhs}(\text{DerSolGral}) - \text{rhs}(\text{DerEcua}) = 0 \\ &0 = 0 \end{aligned} \quad (25)$$

restart
Ecuación 2

$$\begin{aligned} \text{Ecua} &:= y'' + 4 \cdot y' + 4 \cdot y = 4 \cdot \exp(-2x) \\ &\frac{d^2}{dx^2} y(x) + 4 \left(\frac{d}{dx} y(x) \right) + 4 y(x) = 4 e^{-2x} \end{aligned} \quad (26)$$

$$\begin{aligned} \text{EcuaHom} &:= \text{lhs}(\text{Ecua}) = 0 \\ &\frac{d^2}{dx^2} y(x) + 4 \left(\frac{d}{dx} y(x) \right) + 4 y(x) = 0 \end{aligned} \quad (27)$$

$$\begin{aligned} Q &:= \text{rhs}(\text{Ecua}) \\ &4 e^{-2x} \end{aligned} \quad (28)$$

$$\begin{aligned} \text{EcuaCarac} &:= m^2 + 4 \cdot m + 4 = 0 \\ &m^2 + 4 m + 4 = 0 \end{aligned} \quad (29)$$

$$\begin{aligned} \text{Raiz} &:= \text{solve}(\text{EcuaCarac}) \\ &-2, -2 \end{aligned} \quad (30)$$

$$\begin{aligned} \text{yy}[1] &:= \exp(\text{Raiz}[1] \cdot x); \text{yy}[2] := x \cdot \exp(\text{Raiz}[1] \cdot x) \\ &e^{-2x} \\ &x e^{-2x} \end{aligned} \quad (31)$$

$$\begin{aligned} \text{SolHom} &:= y(x) = _C1 \cdot \text{yy}[1] + _C2 \cdot \text{yy}[2] \\ &y(x) = _C1 e^{-2x} + _C2 x e^{-2x} \end{aligned} \quad (32)$$

$$\begin{aligned} \text{SolNoHom} &:= y(x) = A \cdot \text{yy}[1] + B \cdot \text{yy}[2] \\ &y(x) = A e^{-2x} + B x e^{-2x} \end{aligned} \quad (33)$$

$$\begin{aligned} &\text{with}(\text{linalg}) : \\ \text{WW} &:= \text{array}([\text{yy}[1], \text{yy}[2]], [\text{diff}(\text{yy}[1], x), \text{diff}(\text{yy}[2], x)]) \\ &\begin{bmatrix} e^{-2x} & x e^{-2x} \\ -2 e^{-2x} & e^{-2x} - 2 x e^{-2x} \end{bmatrix} \end{aligned} \quad (34)$$

$$\begin{aligned} \text{BB} &:= \text{array}([0, Q]) \\ &\begin{bmatrix} 0 & 4 e^{-2x} \end{bmatrix} \end{aligned} \quad (35)$$

$$\begin{aligned} \text{Para} &:= \text{linsolve}(\text{WW}, \text{BB}) : \text{Aprima} := \text{Para}[1]; \text{Bprima} := \text{Para}[2] \\ &-4 x \\ &4 \end{aligned} \quad (36)$$

$$\begin{aligned} A &:= \text{int}(\text{Aprima}, x) + _C1 \\ &-2 x^2 + _C1 \end{aligned} \quad (37)$$

$$B := \text{int}(\text{Bprima}, x) + C2$$

$$4x + _C2 \quad (38)$$

SolGral := simplify(SolNoHom)

$$y(x) = e^{-2x} (_C2 x + 2x^2 + _C1) \quad (39)$$

Comprobacion := eval(subs(y(x) = rhs(SolGral), lhs(Ecua) - rhs(Ecua) = 0))

$$0 = 0 \quad (40)$$

PARTE II

restart

Ecuación 3

Ecua := diff(y(t), t\$2) + diff(y(t), t) + y(t) = exp(t - Pi) · Heaviside(t - Pi)

$$\frac{d^2}{dt^2} y(t) + \frac{d}{dt} y(t) + y(t) = e^{t-\pi} \text{Heaviside}(t-\pi) \quad (41)$$

Cond := y(0) = 1, D(y)(0) = 1

$$y(0) = 1, D(y)(0) = 1 \quad (42)$$

with(inttrans) :

EcuaLap := subs(Cond, laplace(Ecua, t, s))

$$s^2 \text{laplace}(y(t), t, s) - 2 - s + s \text{laplace}(y(t), t, s) + \text{laplace}(y(t), t, s) = \frac{e^{-s\pi}}{s-1} \quad (43)$$

SolLap := isolate(EcuaLap, laplace(y(t), t, s))

$$\text{laplace}(y(t), t, s) = \frac{\frac{e^{-s\pi}}{s-1} + s + 2}{s^2 + s + 1} \quad (44)$$

SolPart := invlaplace(SolLap, s, t)

$$y(t) = -\frac{1}{3} e^{-\frac{1}{2}t + \frac{1}{2}\pi} \text{Heaviside}(t-\pi) \left(\sqrt{3} \sin\left(\frac{1}{2}\sqrt{3}(t-\pi)\right) + \cos\left(\frac{1}{2}\sqrt{3}(t-\pi)\right) \right) \quad (45)$$

$$+ e^{-\frac{1}{2}t} \left(\cos\left(\frac{1}{2}\sqrt{3}t\right) + \sqrt{3} \sin\left(\frac{1}{2}\sqrt{3}t\right) \right) + \frac{1}{3} (1 - \text{Heaviside}(-t + \pi)) e^{t-\pi}$$

Ecua

$$\frac{d^2}{dt^2} y(t) + \frac{d}{dt} y(t) + y(t) = e^{t-\pi} \text{Heaviside}(t-\pi) \quad (46)$$

Comp := simplify(eval(subs(y(t) = rhs(SolPart), lhs(Ecua) - rhs(Ecua) = 0))

$$0 = 0 \quad (47)$$

SolPart

$$y(t) = -\frac{1}{3} e^{-\frac{1}{2}t + \frac{1}{2}\pi} \text{Heaviside}(t-\pi) \left(\sqrt{3} \sin\left(\frac{1}{2}\sqrt{3}(t-\pi)\right) + \cos\left(\frac{1}{2}\sqrt{3}(t-\pi)\right) \right) \quad (48)$$

$$+ e^{-\frac{1}{2}t} \left(\cos\left(\frac{1}{2}\sqrt{3}t\right) + \sqrt{3} \sin\left(\frac{1}{2}\sqrt{3}t\right) \right) + \frac{1}{3} (1 - \text{Heaviside}(-t + \pi)) e^{t-\pi}$$

restart

Ecuación 4

Sistema := diff(x[1](t), t) = x[1](t) - x[2](t), diff(x[2](t), t) = -x[1](t) + x[2](t) :

Sistema[1]; Sistema[2]

$$\begin{aligned}\frac{d}{dt} x_1(t) &= x_1(t) - x_2(t) \\ \frac{d}{dt} x_2(t) &= -x_1(t) + x_2(t)\end{aligned}\tag{49}$$

Cond := x[1](0) = 2, x[2](0) = -2

$$x_1(0) = 2, x_2(0) = -2\tag{50}$$

AA := array([[1, -1], [-1, 1]])

$$\begin{bmatrix} 1 & -1 \\ -1 & 1 \end{bmatrix}\tag{51}$$

with(linalg) :

MatExp := exponential(AA, t)

$$\begin{bmatrix} \frac{1}{2} + \frac{1}{2} e^{2t} & -\frac{1}{2} e^{2t} + \frac{1}{2} \\ -\frac{1}{2} e^{2t} + \frac{1}{2} & \frac{1}{2} + \frac{1}{2} e^{2t} \end{bmatrix}\tag{52}$$

Xcero := array([2, -2])

$$\begin{bmatrix} 2 & -2 \end{bmatrix}\tag{53}$$

SolPart := evalm(MatExp & Xcero) : x[1](t) = SolPart[1]; x[2](t) = SolPart[2]*

$$x_1(t) = 2 e^{2t}$$

$$x_2(t) = -2 e^{2t}\tag{54}$$

Sistema[1]; Sistema[2]

$$\begin{aligned}\frac{d}{dt} x_1(t) &= x_1(t) - x_2(t) \\ \frac{d}{dt} x_2(t) &= -x_1(t) + x_2(t)\end{aligned}\tag{55}$$

CompUno := eval(subs(x[1](t) = SolPart[1], x[2](t) = SolPart[2], lhs(Sistema[1]) - rhs(Sistema[1]) = 0))

$$0 = 0\tag{56}$$

CompDos := eval(subs(x[1](t) = SolPart[1], x[2](t) = SolPart[2], lhs(Sistema[2]) - rhs(Sistema[2]) = 0))

$$0 = 0\tag{57}$$

SolPart := evalm(MatExp & Xcero) : x[1](t) = SolPart[1]; x[2](t) = SolPart[2]*

$$x_1(t) = 2 e^{2t}$$

$$x_2(t) = -2 e^{2t}\tag{58}$$

restart

Ecuación 5

$$Ecua := x^2 \cdot \text{diff}(u(x, y), x) + y^2 \cdot \text{diff}(u(x, y), y) = 0$$

$$x^2 \left(\frac{\partial}{\partial x} u(x, y) \right) + y^2 \left(\frac{\partial}{\partial y} u(x, y) \right) = 0 \quad (59)$$

constante de separación menor que cero

$EcuaSeparable := eval(subs(u(x, y) = M(x) \cdot N(y), Ecua))$

$$x^2 \left(\frac{d}{dx} M(x) \right) N(y) + y^2 M(x) \left(\frac{d}{dy} N(y) \right) = 0 \quad (60)$$

$$EcuaSeparada := \frac{\left(lhs(EcuaSeparable) - y^2 M(x) \cdot \frac{d}{dy} N(y) \right)}{M(x) \cdot N(y)}$$

$$= \frac{\left(rhs(EcuaSeparable) - y^2 M(x) \left(\frac{d}{dy} N(y) \right) \right)}{M(x) \cdot N(y)}$$

$$\frac{x^2 \left(\frac{d}{dx} M(x) \right)}{M(x)} = - \frac{y^2 \left(\frac{d}{dy} N(y) \right)}{N(y)} \quad (61)$$

$EcuaX := lhs(EcuaSeparada) = -\beta^2$

$$\frac{x^2 \left(\frac{d}{dx} M(x) \right)}{M(x)} = -\beta^2 \quad (62)$$

$EcuaY := rhs(EcuaSeparada) = -\beta^2$

$$- \frac{y^2 \left(\frac{d}{dy} N(y) \right)}{N(y)} = -\beta^2 \quad (63)$$

$SolX := dsolve(EcuaX)$

$$M(x) = _C1 e^{\frac{\beta^2}{x}} \quad (64)$$

$SolY := dsolve(EcuaY)$

$$N(y) = _C1 e^{-\frac{\beta^2}{y}} \quad (65)$$

$SolGral := u(x, y) = rhs(SolX) \cdot subs(_C1 = 1, rhs(SolY))$

$$u(x, y) = _C1 e^{\frac{\beta^2}{x}} e^{-\frac{\beta^2}{y}} \quad (66)$$

$Comprobación := eval(subs(u(x, y) = rhs(SolGral), Ecua))$

$$0 = 0 \quad (67)$$

$SolGral$

$$u(x, y) = _C1 e^{\frac{\beta^2}{x}} e^{-\frac{\beta^2}{y}} \quad (68)$$

[FIN DEL EXAMEN