

$$M_1 \frac{d^2x_1}{dt^2} = -H_1 x_1 + H_2 (x_2 - x_1)$$

$$M_2 \frac{d^2x_2}{dt^2} = -H_2 (x_2 - x_1)$$

$$\frac{dx_1}{dt} = x_3$$

$$\frac{dx_2}{dt} = x_4$$

$$\frac{dx_3}{dt} = -\left(\frac{H_1 + H_2}{M_1}\right)x_1 + \frac{H_2}{M_1}x_2$$

$$\frac{dx_4}{dt} = \frac{H_2}{M_2}x_1 - \frac{H_2}{M_2}x_2 \quad \frac{d\bar{x}}{dt} = A\bar{x}$$

$$\frac{d}{dt} \begin{bmatrix} x_1(t) \\ x_2(t) \\ x_3(t) \\ x_4(t) \end{bmatrix} = \begin{bmatrix} 0 & 0 & 1 & 0 \\ 0 & 0 & 0 & 1 \\ -\left(\frac{H_1 + H_2}{M_1}\right) & \frac{H_2}{M_1} & 0 & 0 \\ \frac{H_2}{M_2} & -\frac{H_2}{M_2} & 0 & 0 \end{bmatrix} \begin{bmatrix} x_1(t) \\ x_2(t) \\ x_3(t) \\ x_4(t) \end{bmatrix}$$

SOCIEDAD DE EXALUMNOS DE FACULTAD DE INGENIERÍA.F.C.

"Apoyar moral y materialmen a la
FI, UNAM"

Sistemas

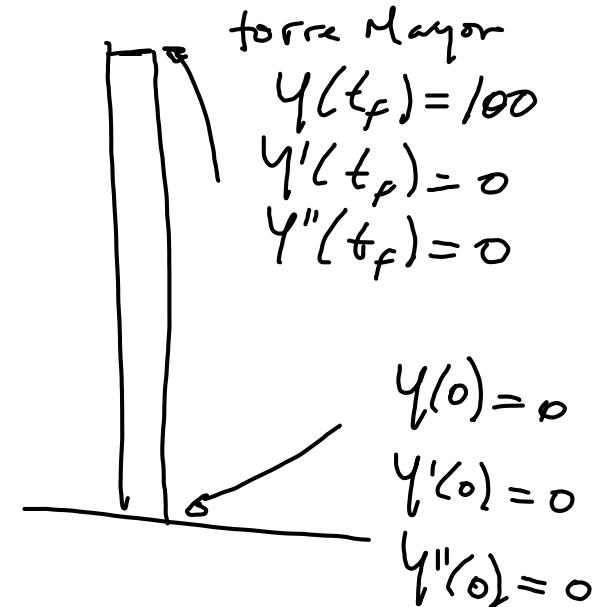
$$\text{Sacudidas } S(t) = \frac{d^4}{dt^3} \frac{ft}{s^2/s}$$

Condiciones iniciales

$$\begin{aligned} x(0) \\ x'(0) \\ x''(0) \end{aligned} \quad \downarrow \quad t=0$$

$$\begin{aligned} x(t_0) \\ x'(t_0) \\ x''(t_0) \end{aligned} \quad \downarrow \quad t_f$$

cond. frontera.



$$\frac{d\bar{x}}{dt} = A \cdot \bar{x} \quad \text{EDOL}(n) \text{ cc H.}$$

$$\bar{x} = [e^{At}] \bar{x}(0)$$

$$\boxed{\frac{d}{dt} e^{At} = Ae^{At}}$$

$$e^{mt}$$

$$\frac{d}{dt} e^{mt} = me^{mt}$$

$$e^t = 1 + \frac{t}{1!} + \frac{t^2}{2!} + \frac{t^3}{3!} + \dots + \frac{t^n}{n!} + \dots$$

$$e^t_{t=0} = 1 + 1 + \frac{1}{2} + \frac{1}{6} + \dots$$

$$= 2.5 + \frac{1}{6} + \frac{1}{24} +$$

$$= 2.718 \dots$$

$$e^{at} = 1 + \frac{at}{1!} + \frac{a^2 t^2}{2!} + \dots + \frac{a^n t^n}{n!} + \dots$$

$$[e^{At}] = [I] + \frac{[A]}{1!} t + \frac{[A]^2}{2!} t^2 + \dots + \frac{[A]^n}{n!} t^n + \dots$$