

$$\boxed{\frac{d^2 y}{dt^2} - 2 \frac{dy}{dt} + 2y = 4e^{2t}}$$

$$y(0) = -4 \quad y'(0) = 3$$

← EDO(2) LCC NH.

$$\begin{aligned} y(t) &\Rightarrow y_1(t) & y_1(0) &= -4 \\ \frac{dy}{dt}(t) &\Rightarrow \frac{dy_1(t)}{dt} = y_2(t) & y_2(0) &= 3 \\ \frac{d^2 y}{dt^2} &\Rightarrow \frac{dy_2(t)}{dt} \end{aligned}$$

$$\frac{dy_2(t)}{dt} - 2y_2(t) + 2y_1(t) = 4e^{2t}$$

$$\frac{dy_1(t)}{dt} = y_2(t)$$

$$\frac{dy_2(t)}{dt} = -2y_1(t) + 2y_2(t) + 4e^{2t}$$

$$y_1(0) = -4$$

$$y_2(0) = 3$$

$$\frac{d}{dt} \begin{bmatrix} y_1(t) \\ y_2(t) \end{bmatrix} = \begin{bmatrix} 0 & 1 \\ -2 & 2 \end{bmatrix} \times \begin{bmatrix} y_1(t) \\ y_2(t) \end{bmatrix} + \begin{bmatrix} 0 \\ 4e^{2t} \end{bmatrix} \quad \bar{y}(0) = \begin{bmatrix} -4 \\ 3 \end{bmatrix}$$

$$e^{At} \Big|_{t=0} = I$$

$$\frac{d}{dt} e^{At} = A e^{At}$$

$$\left[\frac{d}{dt} e^{At} \right]_{t=0} = A e^{At} \Big|_{t=0}$$

$$A = A \cdot I.$$

Capítulo I (2ª parte)

Ecuación Diferencial No lineal de Primer Orden 2º Parcial

