

MÉTODO DE SEPARACIÓN VARIABLES

$$\frac{\partial^2 z(x,y)}{\partial y^2} + x^2 \frac{\partial z(x,y)}{\partial x} = z(x,y)$$

H₀: EDP(2) L.

$$z(x,y) = F(x) \cdot G(y)$$

$$\frac{\partial z}{\partial x} = F'(x) G(y) \quad \frac{\partial z}{\partial y} = F(x) \cdot G'(y)$$

$$\frac{\partial^2 z}{\partial y^2} = F(x) G''(y)$$

$$F(x) G''(y) + x^2 F'(x) G(y) = F(x) G(y)$$

$$F(x) G''(y) = -x^2 F'(x) G(y) + F(x) G(y)$$

$$F(x) G''(y) - F(x) G(y) = -x^2 F'(x) G(y)$$

$$F(x) (G''(y) - G(y)) = G(y) (-x^2 F'(x))$$

$$\frac{G''(y) - G(y)}{G(y)} = - \frac{x^2 F'(x)}{F(x)}$$

$$F(x) G''(y) = G(y) (-x^2 F'(x) + F(x))$$

$$\frac{G''(y)}{G(y)} = \frac{-x^2 F'(x) + F(x)}{F(x)}$$

$$\frac{\partial^2 y(x,t)}{\partial t^2} + \frac{\partial^2 y(x,t)}{\partial x \partial t} + 6 \frac{\partial y(x,t)}{\partial x} = 0$$

H₅: $y(x,t) = F(x) G(t)$

$$\frac{\partial y}{\partial x} = F'(x) G(t)$$

$$\frac{\partial^2 y}{\partial x \partial t} = F'(x) G'(t)$$

$$\frac{\partial^2 y}{\partial t^2} = F(x) \cdot G''(t)$$

$$F(x) G''(t) + F'(x) G'(t) + 6 F'(x) G(t) = 0$$

$$F'(x) G'(t) + 6 F'(x) G(t) = -F(x) G''(t)$$

$$F'(x) (G'(t) + 6 G(t)) = -F(x) G''(t)$$

$$-\frac{F'(x)}{F(x)} = + \frac{G''(t)}{G'(t) + 6 G(t)}$$

$$\frac{\partial z(x, y)}{\partial y} + \frac{\partial^2 z(x, y)}{\partial x \partial y} = z(x, y)$$

$$H_0: z(x, y) = F(x) G(y)$$

$$\left. \begin{aligned} \frac{\partial z}{\partial y} &= F(x) G'(y) \\ \frac{\partial^2 z}{\partial y \partial x} &= F'(x) G'(y) \end{aligned} \right\}$$

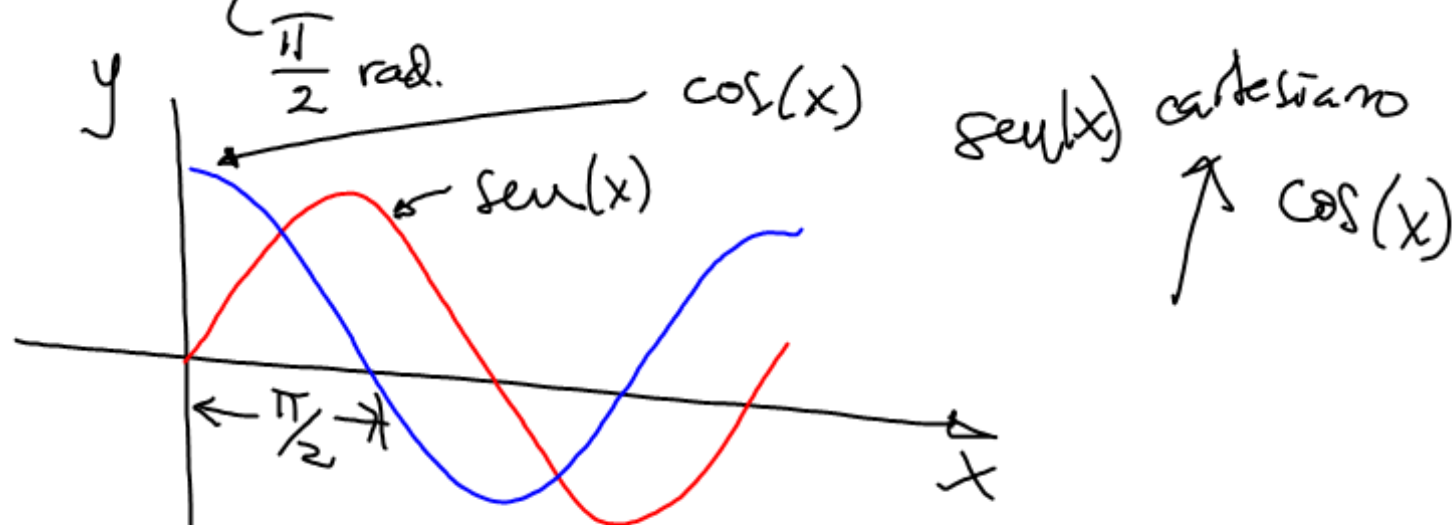
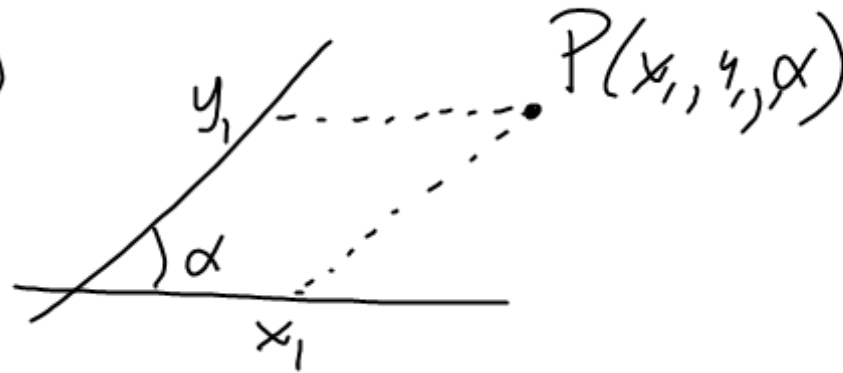
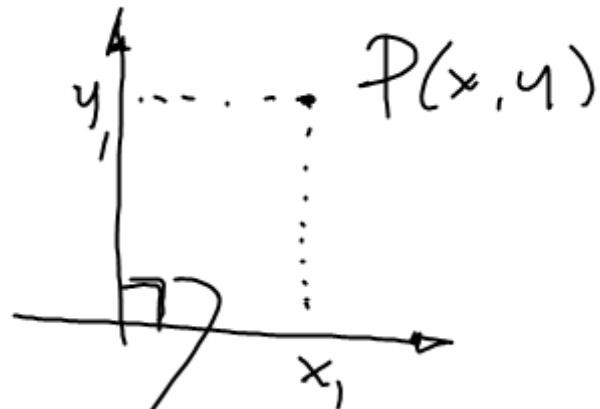
$$F(x) G'(y) + F'(x) G'(y) = F(x) G(y)$$

$$G'(y) (F(x) + F'(x)) = F(x) G(y)$$

$$z(x, y) = F(x) + G(y)$$

$$\frac{G'(y)}{G(y)} = \frac{F(x)}{F(x) + F'(x)}$$

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$$f(x) = C + \sum_{n=1}^{\infty} \left(a_n \cos\left(\frac{n\pi}{L}x\right) + \frac{b_n}{n} \operatorname{sen}\left(\frac{n\pi}{L}x\right) \right)$$

$$-L \leq x \leq L$$

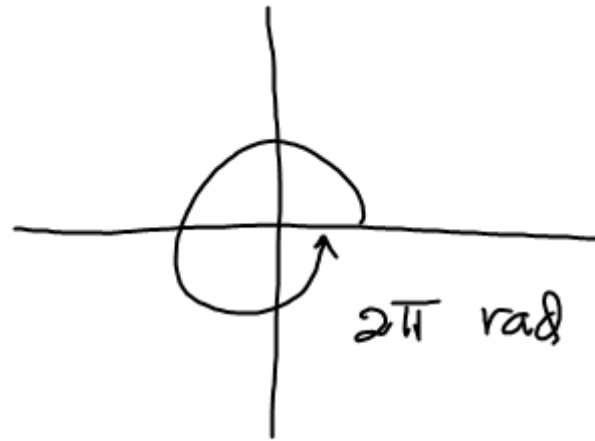
$$C = \frac{a_0}{2} \quad a_0 = \frac{1}{L} \int_{-L}^L f(x) dx$$

$$a_n = \frac{1}{L} \int_{-L}^L f(x) \cos\left(\frac{n\pi}{L}x\right) dx$$

$$b_n = \frac{1}{L} \int_{-L}^L f(x) \operatorname{sen}\left(\frac{n\pi}{L}x\right) dx$$

$$x^2 + 4x + 3$$

$$-5 \leq x \leq 5$$



$$\sin(n\pi) = 0$$

$$n = 1, 2, 3, \dots, \infty$$

$$\cos(n\pi) = (-1)^n$$

$$n = 1, 2, 3, \dots, \infty$$