

$$\text{MPV} \quad \frac{d^2y}{dx^2} + a_1 \frac{dy}{dx} + a_2 y = Q(x)$$

Homogenea asociada $\frac{d^2y}{dx^2} + a_1 \frac{dy}{dx} + a_2 y = 0$

$$m^2 + a_1 m + a_2 = 0 \quad \begin{cases} m_1 \\ m_2 \end{cases} \quad m_1 \neq m_2 \in \mathbb{R}$$

$$y_h = C_1 e^{m_1 x} + C_2 e^{m_2 x}$$

$$y_{nh} = A(x) e^{m_1 x} + B(x) e^{m_2 x}$$

$$\begin{bmatrix} e^{m_1 x} & e^{m_2 x} \\ m_1 e^{m_1 x} & m_2 e^{m_2 x} \end{bmatrix} \begin{bmatrix} A'(x) \\ B'(x) \end{bmatrix} = \begin{bmatrix} 0 \\ Q(x) \end{bmatrix}$$

$$A'(x)$$

$$B'(x)$$

$$A(x) = \int A'(x) dx + C_1$$

$$B(x) = \int B'(x) dx + C_2$$

$$\frac{dy^4}{dx^4} - 8 \frac{dy^3}{dx^3} + 6 \frac{dy^2}{dx^2} - 5 \frac{dy}{dx} + 8y = 0$$

$$\begin{aligned}y(0) &= 4 \\y'(0) &= 2 \\y''(0) &= 3 \\y'''(0) &= -1\end{aligned}$$

EDO(4) Lcc H. \longrightarrow S(4) EDO(1) Lcc H.

$$y(x) \Rightarrow y_1(x)$$

$$y_1(0) = 4$$

$$\frac{dy}{dx} \Rightarrow \boxed{\frac{dy_1(x)}{dx} = y_2(x)}$$

$$y_2(0) = 2$$

$$\frac{d^2y}{dx^2} \Rightarrow \boxed{\frac{dy_2(x)}{dx} = y_3(x)}$$

$$y_3(0) = 3$$

$$\frac{d^3y}{dx^3} \Rightarrow \boxed{\frac{dy_3(x)}{dx} = y_4(x)}$$

$$y_4(0) = -1$$

$$\frac{d^4y}{dx^4} \Rightarrow \frac{dy_4(x)}{dx}$$

$$\boxed{\frac{dy_4(x)}{dx} = -8y_1(x) + 5y_2(x) - 6y_3(x) + 8y_4(x)}$$

$$S(4) \text{ EDO(1) Lcc H.}$$

$$\frac{d}{dx} \begin{bmatrix} y_1(x) \\ y_2(x) \\ y_3(x) \\ y_4(x) \end{bmatrix} = \begin{bmatrix} 0 & 1 & 0 & 0 \\ 0 & 0 & 1 & 0 \\ 0 & 0 & 0 & 1 \\ -8 & 5 & -6 & 8 \end{bmatrix} \begin{bmatrix} y_1(x) \\ y_2(x) \\ y_3(x) \\ y_4(x) \end{bmatrix}$$

S(3) EDO(1) Lcc NA

$$\frac{dx_1(t)}{dt} = 2x_1 - 6x_2 + 3x_3 + 4e^{2t} + 6t^2$$

$$\frac{dx_2}{dt} = -x_1 + 8x_2 - 4x_3 + 2e^{2t} + 8t + 4$$

$$\frac{dx_3}{dt} = 3x_1 + 2x_2 - 9x_3 + 5t^2 - 2t + 1$$

$$\frac{d}{dt} \begin{bmatrix} x_1 \\ x_2 \\ x_3 \end{bmatrix} = \begin{bmatrix} 2 & -6 & 3 \\ -1 & 8 & -4 \\ 3 & 2 & -9 \end{bmatrix} \begin{bmatrix} x_1 \\ x_2 \\ x_3 \end{bmatrix} + \begin{bmatrix} 4e^{2t} + 6t^2 \\ 2e^{2t} + 8t + 4 \\ 5t^2 - 2t + 1 \end{bmatrix}$$

$$\frac{d}{dt} \bar{x}(t) = A \bar{x}(t) + b(t)$$

$$\bar{x}(t) = e^{At} \bar{x}(0) + \int_0^t e^{A(t-z)} b(z) dz$$

$$\int_0^t e^{A(t-z)} b(z) dz = \begin{bmatrix} 0 \\ 0 \\ 0 \end{bmatrix}$$