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> restart
> Ecua := y'' + 5·y' + 6·y = sin(x)2
      Ecua :=  $\frac{d^2}{dx^2} y(x) + 5 \frac{d}{dx} y(x) + 6 y(x) = \sin(x)^2$  (1)
> EcuaHom := lhs(Ecua) = 0
      EcuaHom :=  $\frac{d^2}{dx^2} y(x) + 5 \frac{d}{dx} y(x) + 6 y(x) = 0$  (2)
> Q := rhs(Ecua)
      Q :=  $\sin(x)^2$  (3)
> EcuaCarac := m2 + 5·m + 6 = 0
      EcuaCarac :=  $m^2 + 5 m + 6 = 0$  (4)
> Raiz := solve(EcuaCarac)
      Raiz :=  $-2, -3$  (5)
> yy[1] := exp(Raiz[1]·x); yy[2] := exp(Raiz[2]·x)
      yy1 := e-2x
      yy2 := e-3x (6)
> with(linalg) :
> WW := wronskian([yy[1], yy[2]], x)
      WW :=  $\begin{bmatrix} e^{-2x} & e^{-3x} \\ -2 e^{-2x} & -3 e^{-3x} \end{bmatrix}$  (7)
> BB := array([0, Q])
      BB :=  $\begin{bmatrix} 0 & \sin(x)^2 \end{bmatrix}$  (8)
> ParaVar := linsolve(WW, BB)
      ParaVar :=  $\begin{bmatrix} \frac{\sin(x)^2}{e^{-2x}} & -\frac{\sin(x)^2}{e^{-3x}} \end{bmatrix}$  (9)
> Aprima := ParaVar[1]; Bprima := ParaVar[2]
      Aprima :=  $\frac{\sin(x)^2}{e^{-2x}}$ 
      Bprima :=  $-\frac{\sin(x)^2}{e^{-3x}}$  (10)
> SolGralHom := y(x) = _C1·yy[1] + _C2·yy[2]
      SolGralHom :=  $y(x) = _C1 e^{-2x} + _C2 e^{-3x}$  (11)
> SolGralNoHom := y(x) = A·yy[1] + B·yy[2]
      SolGralNoHom :=  $y(x) = A e^{-2x} + B e^{-3x}$  (12)
> A := simplify(int(Aprima, x)) + _C1

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$$A := -\frac{e^{2x} \left( \cos(x)^2 + \sin(x) \cos(x) - \frac{3}{2} \right)}{4} + \_C1 \quad (13)$$

>  $B := \text{simplify}(\text{int}(B\text{prima}, x)) + \_C2$

$$B := -\frac{e^{3x} (9 \sin(x)^2 - 6 \sin(x) \cos(x) + 2)}{39} + \_C2 \quad (14)$$

>  $\text{simplify}(\text{SolGralNoHom})$

$$y(x) = -\frac{3 \sin(x)^2}{13} - \frac{5 \sin(x) \cos(x)}{52} - \frac{\cos(x)^2}{4} + \frac{101}{312} + \_C2 e^{-3x} + \_C1 e^{-2x} \quad (15)$$

>  $\text{Ecua}$

$$\frac{d^2}{dx^2} y(x) + 5 \frac{d}{dx} y(x) + 6 y(x) = \sin(x)^2 \quad (16)$$

>  $\text{Comprobar} := \text{simplify}(\text{eval}(\text{subs}(y(x) = \text{rhs}(\text{SolGralNoHom}), \text{Ecua})))$

$$\text{Comprobar} := \sin(x)^2 = \sin(x)^2 \quad (17)$$

>  $\text{restart}$

#### EJEMPLO PRIMER EXAMEN PARCIAL

>  $\text{restart}$

1)

>  $\text{Ecua} := x \cdot y' = 2 \cdot y + x^3 \cdot \cos(x)$

$$\text{Ecua} := x \left( \frac{d}{dx} y(x) \right) = 2 y(x) + x^3 \cos(x) \quad (18)$$

>  $\text{CondIni} := y(\text{Pi}) = 2$

$$\text{CondIni} := y(\pi) = 2 \quad (19)$$

>  $\text{EcuaDos} := \frac{\text{lhs}(\text{Ecua})}{x} = \text{expand}\left(\frac{\text{rhs}(\text{Ecua})}{x}\right)$

$$\text{EcuaDos} := \frac{d}{dx} y(x) = \frac{2 y(x)}{x} + x^2 \cos(x) \quad (20)$$

>  $\text{EcuaTres} := \text{lhs}(\text{EcuaDos}) - \frac{2 y(x)}{x} = \text{rhs}(\text{EcuaDos}) - \frac{2 y(x)}{x}$

$$\text{EcuaTres} := \frac{d}{dx} y(x) - \frac{2 y(x)}{x} = x^2 \cos(x) \quad (21)$$

>  $p := -\frac{2}{x}; q := \text{rhs}(\text{EcuaTres})$

$$p := -\frac{2}{x}$$

$$q := x^2 \cos(x) \quad (22)$$

>  $\text{SolGralNoHom} := y(x) = \_C1 \cdot \exp(\text{int}(-p, x)) + \exp(\text{int}(-p, x)) \cdot \text{int}(\exp(\text{int}(p, x)) \cdot q, x)$

$$\text{SolGralNoHom} := y(x) = \_C1 x^2 + x^2 \sin(x) \quad (23)$$

>  $\text{Comprobar} := \text{simplify}(\text{eval}(\text{subs}(y(x) = \text{rhs}(\text{SolGralNoHom}), \text{lhs}(\text{EcuaTres}) - \text{rhs}(\text{EcuaTres}) = 0)))$

$$\text{Comprobar} := 0 = 0 \quad (24)$$

$$> \text{Para} := \text{simplify}(\text{isolate}(\text{subs}(x = \text{Pi}, \text{rhs}(\text{SolGralNoHom}) = 2), \_C1))$$

$$\text{Para} := \_C1 = \frac{2}{\pi^2} \quad (25)$$

$$> \text{SolPart} := \text{subs}(\_C1 = \text{rhs}(\text{Para}), \text{SolGralNoHom})$$

$$\text{SolPart} := y(x) = \frac{2x^2}{\pi^2} + x^2 \sin(x) \quad (26)$$

$$> \text{ComprobarDos} := \text{simplify}(\text{subs}(x = \text{Pi}, \text{SolPart}))$$

$$\text{ComprobarDos} := y(\pi) = 2 \quad (27)$$

$$> \text{CondIni}$$

$$y(\pi) = 2 \quad (28)$$

$$> \text{restart}$$

(2)

$$> \text{Ecua} := y' - 3 \cdot y = \frac{(1 - \exp(4x))}{\exp(x)}$$

$$\text{Ecua} := \frac{d}{dx} y(x) - 3 y(x) = \frac{1 - e^{4x}}{e^x} \quad (29)$$

$$> \text{CondIni} := y(0) = 0$$

$$\text{CondIni} := y(0) = 0 \quad (30)$$

$$> \text{EcuaHom} := \text{lhs}(\text{Ecua}) = 0$$

$$\text{EcuaHom} := \frac{d}{dx} y(x) - 3 y(x) = 0 \quad (31)$$

$$> Q := \text{rhs}(\text{Ecua})$$

$$Q := \frac{1 - e^{4x}}{e^x} \quad (32)$$

$$> \text{yy}[1] := \exp(3 \cdot x)$$

$$\text{yy}_1 := e^{3x} \quad (33)$$

$$> \text{Comprobar} := \text{eval}(\text{subs}(y(x) = \text{yy}[1], \text{EcuaHom}))$$

$$\text{Comprobar} := 0 = 0 \quad (34)$$

$$> \text{SolGralHom} := y(x) = \_C1 \cdot \text{yy}[1]$$

$$\text{SolGralHom} := y(x) = \_C1 e^{3x} \quad (35)$$

$$> \text{SolGralNoHom} := y(x) = \text{simplify}(\_C1 \cdot \text{yy}[1] + \text{yy}[1] \cdot \text{int}(\exp(-3x) \cdot Q, x))$$

$$\text{SolGralNoHom} := y(x) = (\_C1 - x) e^{3x} - \frac{e^{-x}}{4} \quad (36)$$

$$> \text{Para} := \text{isolate}(\text{subs}(x = 0, \text{rhs}(\text{SolGralNoHom}) = 0), \_C1)$$

$$\text{Para} := \_C1 = \frac{1}{4} \quad (37)$$

$$> \text{SolPart} := \text{subs}(\_C1 = \text{rhs}(\text{Para}), \text{SolGralNoHom})$$

$$SolPart := y(x) = \left( \frac{1}{4} - x \right) e^{3x} - \frac{e^{-x}}{4} \quad (38)$$

> Ecua

$$\frac{d}{dx} y(x) - 3 y(x) = \frac{1 - e^{4x}}{e^x} \quad (39)$$

> Comprobar := simplify(eval(subs(y(x) = rhs(SolPart), lhs(Ecua) - rhs(Ecua) = 0)))  
Comprobar := 0 = 0

(40)

> with(DEtools) :

> odeadvisor(Ecua)

[[\_linear, class A]] (41)

> FactInt := simplify(intfactor(Ecua))

$$FactInt := e^{-3x} \quad (42)$$

> EcuaDos := lhs(Ecua) - rhs(Ecua) = 0

$$EcuaDos := \frac{d}{dx} y(x) - 3 y(x) - \frac{1 - e^{4x}}{e^x} = 0 \quad (43)$$

$$M := -3 y - \frac{1 - e^{4x}}{e^x}$$

$$M := -3 y - \frac{1 - e^{4x}}{e^x} \quad (44)$$

> N := 1

$$N := 1 \quad (45)$$

> diff(M, y) ≠ diff(N, x)

$$-3 \neq 0 \quad (46)$$

> MM := M·FactInt

$$MM := \left( -3 y - \frac{1 - e^{4x}}{e^x} \right) e^{-3x} \quad (47)$$

> NN := N·FactInt

$$NN := e^{-3x} \quad (48)$$

> diff(MM, y) = diff(NN, x)

$$-3 e^{-3x} = -3 e^{-3x} \quad (49)$$

> IntMMx := int(MM, x)

$$IntMMx := x + \frac{1}{4 (e^x)^4} + \frac{y}{(e^x)^3} \quad (50)$$

> SolGral := expand(isolate(IntMMx + int((NN - diff(IntMMx, y)), y) = \_CI, y))

$$SolGral := y = _CI (e^x)^3 - (e^x)^3 x - \frac{1}{4 e^x} \quad (51)$$

> expand(SolGralNoHom)

(52)

$$y(x) = \_C1 (e^x)^3 - (e^x)^3 x - \frac{1}{4 e^x} \quad (52)$$

> restart

3)

> Ecua := y'' + 4·y = csc(2 x)

$$Ecua := \frac{d^2}{dx^2} y(x) + 4 y(x) = \csc(2 x) \quad (53)$$

> EcuaHom := lhs(Ecua) = 0

$$EcuaHom := \frac{d^2}{dx^2} y(x) + 4 y(x) = 0 \quad (54)$$

> Q := rhs(Ecua)

$$Q := \csc(2 x) \quad (55)$$

> EcuaCarac := m<sup>2</sup> + 4 = 0

$$EcuaCarac := m^2 + 4 = 0 \quad (56)$$

> Raiz := solve(EcuaCarac)

$$Raiz := 2 I, -2 I \quad (57)$$

> yy[1] := cos(Im(Raiz[1])·x); yy[2] := sin(Im(Raiz[1])·x)

$$yy_1 := \cos(2 x)$$

$$yy_2 := \sin(2 x) \quad (58)$$

> with(linalg) :

> WW := wronskian([yy[1], yy[2]], x)

$$WW := \begin{bmatrix} \cos(2 x) & \sin(2 x) \\ -2 \sin(2 x) & 2 \cos(2 x) \end{bmatrix} \quad (59)$$

> BB := array([0, Q])

$$BB := \begin{bmatrix} 0 & \csc(2 x) \end{bmatrix} \quad (60)$$

> ParaVar := simplify(linsolve(WW, BB))

$$ParaVar := \begin{bmatrix} -\frac{1}{2} & \frac{\cot(2 x)}{2} \end{bmatrix} \quad (61)$$

> Aprima := ParaVar[1]; Bprima := ParaVar[2]

$$Aprima := -\frac{1}{2}$$

$$Bprima := \frac{\cot(2 x)}{2} \quad (62)$$

> SolGralNoHom := y(x) = (simplify((int(Aprima, x) + \_C1)·yy[1] + (int(Bprima, x) + \_C2)·yy[2]))

$$SolGralNoHom := y(x) = \left(-\frac{x}{2} + \_C1\right) \cos(2 x) + \left(-\frac{\ln(\csc(2 x)^2)}{8} + \_C2\right) \sin(2 x) \quad (63)$$

$$\begin{aligned} &> \text{SolFinal} := y(x) = \_C1 \cdot \cos(2 \cdot x) + \_C2 \cdot \sin(2 \cdot x) - \frac{x \cdot \cos(2 \cdot x)}{2} - \frac{\log(\csc(2 \cdot x)^2)}{8} \cdot \sin(2 \cdot x) \\ &\text{SolFinal} := y(x) = -\frac{\sin(2 \cdot x) \ln(\csc(2 \cdot x)^2)}{8} + \sin(2 \cdot x) \_C2 + \cos(2 \cdot x) \_C1 - \frac{\cos(2 \cdot x) x}{2} \end{aligned} \quad (64)$$

$$\begin{aligned} &> \text{Ecua} \\ &\frac{d^2}{dx^2} y(x) + 4 y(x) = \csc(2 \cdot x) \end{aligned} \quad (65)$$

$$\begin{aligned} &> \text{Comprobar} := \text{simplify}(\text{eval}(\text{subs}(y(x) = \text{rhs}(\text{SolGralNoHom}), \text{lhs}(\text{Ecua}) - \text{rhs}(\text{Ecua}) = 0))) \\ &\text{Comprobar} := 0 = 0 \end{aligned} \quad (66)$$

> restart

4)

$$\begin{aligned} &> \text{Ecua} := \text{simplify}(x \cdot \text{diff}(y(x), x\$2) + (x - 1) \cdot \text{diff}(y(x), x) + \text{diff}(x \cdot \text{diff}(y(x), x), x)) = 6 \cdot (x^2 \\ &\quad + x \cdot \exp(-x))) \\ &\text{Ecua} := x \left( 2 \frac{d^2}{dx^2} y(x) + \frac{d}{dx} y(x) \right) = 6 x^2 + 6 x e^{-x} \end{aligned} \quad (67)$$

$$\begin{aligned} &> \text{EcuaDos} := \frac{\text{lhs}(\text{Ecua})}{2 \cdot x} = \text{simplify}\left(\frac{\text{rhs}(\text{Ecua})}{2 \cdot x}\right) \\ &\text{EcuaDos} := \frac{d^2}{dx^2} y(x) + \frac{\frac{d}{dx} y(x)}{2} = 3 e^{-x} + 3 x \end{aligned} \quad (68)$$

$$\begin{aligned} &> \text{EcuaDosHom} := \text{lhs}(\text{EcuaDos}) = 0 \\ &\text{EcuaDosHom} := \frac{d^2}{dx^2} y(x) + \frac{\frac{d}{dx} y(x)}{2} = 0 \end{aligned} \quad (69)$$

$$\begin{aligned} &> Q := \text{rhs}(\text{EcuaDos}) \\ &Q := 3 e^{-x} + 3 x \end{aligned} \quad (70)$$

$$\begin{aligned} &> \text{EcuaCarac} := m^2 + \frac{m}{2} = 0 \\ &\text{EcuaCarac} := m^2 + \frac{1}{2} m = 0 \end{aligned} \quad (71)$$

$$\begin{aligned} &> \text{Raiz} := \text{solve}(\text{EcuaCarac}) \\ &\text{Raiz} := 0, -\frac{1}{2} \end{aligned} \quad (72)$$

$$\begin{aligned} &> yy[1] := \exp(\text{Raiz}[1] \cdot x); yy[2] := \exp(\text{Raiz}[2] \cdot x) \\ &\quad yy_1 := 1 \\ &\quad yy_2 := e^{-\frac{x}{2}} \end{aligned} \quad (73)$$

> with(linalg) :

> WW := wronskian([yy[1], yy[2]], x)

$$WW := \begin{bmatrix} 1 & e^{-\frac{x}{2}} \\ 0 & -\frac{e^{-\frac{x}{2}}}{2} \end{bmatrix} \quad (74)$$

>  $BB := \text{array}([0, Q])$

$$BB := \begin{bmatrix} 0 & 3e^{-x} + 3x \end{bmatrix} \quad (75)$$

>  $\text{ParaVar} := \text{linsolve}(WW, BB)$

$$\text{ParaVar} := \begin{bmatrix} 6e^{-x} + 6x & -\frac{6(e^{-x} + x)}{e^{-\frac{x}{2}}} \end{bmatrix} \quad (76)$$

>  $\text{Aprima} := \text{ParaVar}[1]; \text{Bprima} := \text{simplify}(\text{ParaVar}[2])$

$$\text{Aprima} := 6e^{-x} + 6x$$

$$\text{Bprima} := -6xe^{\frac{x}{2}} - 6e^{-\frac{x}{2}} \quad (77)$$

>  $\text{SolGralNoHom} := y(x) = \text{simplify}((\text{int}(\text{Aprima}, x) + \_C1) \cdot \text{yy}[1] + (\text{int}(\text{Bprima}, x) + \_C2) \cdot \text{yy}[2])$

$$\text{SolGralNoHom} := y(x) = -12x + 24 + 6e^{-x} + e^{-\frac{x}{2}} \_C2 + 3x^2 + \_C1 \quad (78)$$

>  $\text{Ecua}$

$$x \left( 2 \frac{d^2}{dx^2} y(x) + \frac{d}{dx} y(x) \right) = 6x^2 + 6xe^{-x} \quad (79)$$

>  $\text{Comprobar} := \text{simplify}(\text{eval}(\text{subs}(y(x) = \text{rhs}(\text{SolGralNoHom}), \text{lhs}(\text{Ecua}) - \text{rhs}(\text{Ecua}) = 0)))$

$$\text{Comprobar} := 0 = 0 \quad (80)$$

>  $\text{restart}$

8) Serie 2

>  $\text{Ecua} := y'' + 2 \cdot y' + 2 \cdot y = \exp(-x) \cdot \sec(x)$

$$\text{Ecua} := \frac{d^2}{dx^2} y(x) + 2 \frac{d}{dx} y(x) + 2 y(x) = e^{-x} \sec(x) \quad (81)$$

RESPUESTA

>  $\text{EcuaHom} := \text{lhs}(\text{Ecua}) = 0$

$$\text{EcuaHom} := \frac{d^2}{dx^2} y(x) + 2 \frac{d}{dx} y(x) + 2 y(x) = 0 \quad (82)$$

>  $Q := \text{rhs}(\text{Ecua})$

$$Q := e^{-x} \sec(x) \quad (83)$$

>  $\text{EcuaCarac} := m^2 + 2 \cdot m + 2 = 0$

$$\text{EcuaCarac} := m^2 + 2m + 2 = 0 \quad (84)$$

>  $\text{Raiz} := \text{solve}(\text{EcuaCarac})$

$$\text{Raiz} := -1 + I, -1 - I \quad (85)$$

### Caso III Raíces complejas

$$\begin{aligned} > yy[1] := \exp(\operatorname{Re}(Raiz[1]) \cdot x) \cdot \cos(\operatorname{Im}(Raiz[1]) \cdot x) \\ & \quad yy_1 := e^{-x} \cos(x) \end{aligned} \quad (86)$$

$$\begin{aligned} > yy[2] := \exp(\operatorname{Re}(Raiz[1]) \cdot x) \cdot \sin(\operatorname{Im}(Raiz[1]) \cdot x) \\ & \quad yy_2 := e^{-x} \sin(x) \end{aligned} \quad (87)$$

> with(linalg) :

$$\begin{aligned} > WW := \operatorname{wronskian}([yy[1], yy[2]], x) \\ & \quad WW := \begin{bmatrix} e^{-x} \cos(x) & e^{-x} \sin(x) \\ -e^{-x} \cos(x) - e^{-x} \sin(x) & -e^{-x} \sin(x) + e^{-x} \cos(x) \end{bmatrix} \end{aligned} \quad (88)$$

$$\begin{aligned} > BB := \operatorname{array}([0, Q]) \\ & \quad BB := \begin{bmatrix} 0 & e^{-x} \sec(x) \end{bmatrix} \end{aligned} \quad (89)$$

$$\begin{aligned} > ParaVar := \operatorname{simplify}(\operatorname{linsolve}(WW, BB)) \\ & \quad ParaVar := \begin{bmatrix} -\tan(x) & 1 \end{bmatrix} \end{aligned} \quad (90)$$

$$\begin{aligned} > Aprima := ParaVar[1]; Bprima := ParaVar[2] \\ & \quad Aprima := -\tan(x) \\ & \quad Bprima := 1 \end{aligned} \quad (91)$$

$$\begin{aligned} > SolPart := y(x) = \operatorname{int}(Aprima, x) \cdot yy[1] + \operatorname{int}(Bprima, x) \cdot yy[2] \\ & \quad SolPart := y(x) = \ln(\cos(x)) e^{-x} \cos(x) + x e^{-x} \sin(x) \end{aligned} \quad (92)$$

$$\begin{aligned} > SolGralHom := y(x) = \_C1 \cdot yy[1] + \_C2 \cdot yy[2] \\ & \quad SolGralHom := y(x) = \_C1 e^{-x} \cos(x) + \_C2 e^{-x} \sin(x) \end{aligned} \quad (93)$$

$$\begin{aligned} > SolGralNoHom := y(x) = \operatorname{simplify}(\operatorname{rhs}(SolGralHom) + \operatorname{rhs}(SolPart)) \\ & \quad SolGralNoHom := y(x) = (\cos(x) \ln(\cos(x)) + \cos(x) \_C1 + \sin(x) (\_C2 + x)) e^{-x} \end{aligned} \quad (94)$$

$$\begin{aligned} > Ecua \\ & \quad \frac{d^2}{dx^2} y(x) + 2 \frac{d}{dx} y(x) + 2 y(x) = e^{-x} \sec(x) \end{aligned} \quad (95)$$

$$\begin{aligned} > Comprobar := \operatorname{simplify}(\operatorname{eval}(\operatorname{subs}(y(x) = \operatorname{rhs}(SolGralNoHom), \operatorname{lhs}(Ecua) - \operatorname{rhs}(Ecua) = 0))) \\ & \quad Comprobar := 0 = 0 \end{aligned} \quad (96)$$

> restart

>

>