

SERIE 4 SEMESTRE 2024-2

solución

> restart

> restart

1) Resuelva para una constante positiva

> $Ecua := a \cdot \text{diff}(u(x, t), t) = \text{diff}(u(x, t), x^2)$

$$Ecua := a \left(\frac{\partial}{\partial t} u(x, t) \right) = \frac{\partial^2}{\partial x^2} u(x, t) \quad (1)$$

> $u(x, t) = F(x) \cdot G(t)$

$$u(x, t) = F(x) G(t) \quad (2)$$

> $EcuaSeparable := \text{eval}(\text{subs}(u(x, t) = F(x) \cdot G(t), Ecua))$

$$EcuaSeparable := a F(x) \left(\frac{d}{dt} G(t) \right) = \left(\frac{d^2}{dx^2} F(x) \right) G(t) \quad (3)$$

> $EcuaSeparada := \frac{\text{lhs}(EcuaSeparable)}{F(x) \cdot G(t)} = \frac{\text{rhs}(EcuaSeparable)}{F(x) \cdot G(t)}$

$$EcuaSeparada := \frac{a \left(\frac{d}{dt} G(t) \right)}{G(t)} = \frac{\frac{d^2}{dx^2} F(x)}{F(x)} \quad (4)$$

> $EcuaX := \text{rhs}(EcuaSeparada) = \beta^2; EcuaT := \text{lhs}(EcuaSeparada) = \beta^2$

$$EcuaX := \frac{\frac{d^2}{dx^2} F(x)}{F(x)} = \beta^2$$

$$EcuaT := \frac{a \left(\frac{d}{dt} G(t) \right)}{G(t)} = \beta^2 \quad (5)$$

> $SolX := \text{dsolve}(EcuaX); SolT := \text{dsolve}(EcuaT)$

$$SolX := F(x) = c_1 e^{\beta x} + c_2 e^{-\beta x}$$

$$SolT := G(t) = c_1 e^{\frac{\beta^2 t}{a}} \quad (6)$$

> $SolGralPos := u(x, t) = \text{rhs}(SolX) \cdot \text{subs}(c_1 = 1, \text{rhs}(SolT))$

$$SolGralPos := u(x, t) = (c_1 e^{\beta x} + c_2 e^{-\beta x}) e^{\frac{\beta^2 t}{a}} \quad (7)$$

> restart

2) Resuelva para una constante igual a 4

> $Ecua := \text{diff}(u(x, y), x^2) - 4 \cdot \text{diff}(u(x, y), y) = 0$

$$Ecua := \frac{\partial^2}{\partial x^2} u(x, y) - 4 \frac{\partial}{\partial y} u(x, y) = 0 \quad (8)$$

> $EcuaSeparable := \text{eval}(\text{subs}(u(x, y) = F(x) \cdot G(y), Ecua))$

(9)

$$EcuaSeparable := \left(\frac{d^2}{dx^2} F(x) \right) G(y) - 4 F(x) \left(\frac{d}{dy} G(y) \right) = 0 \quad (9)$$

$$\begin{aligned} > EcuaSeparaDos := lhs(EcuaSeparable) + 4 F(x) \left(\frac{d}{dy} G(y) \right) = rhs(EcuaSeparable) \\ &+ 4 F(x) \left(\frac{d}{dy} G(y) \right) \end{aligned}$$

$$EcuaSeparaDos := \left(\frac{d^2}{dx^2} F(x) \right) G(y) = 4 F(x) \left(\frac{d}{dy} G(y) \right) \quad (10)$$

$$> EcuaSeparada := \frac{lhs(EcuaSeparaDos)}{F(x) \cdot G(y)} = \frac{rhs(EcuaSeparaDos)}{F(x) \cdot G(y)}$$

$$EcuaSeparada := \frac{\frac{d^2}{dx^2} F(x)}{F(x)} = \frac{4 \left(\frac{d}{dy} G(y) \right)}{G(y)} \quad (11)$$

$$> EcuaX := lhs(EcuaSeparada) = 4; EcuaY := \frac{rhs(EcuaSeparada)}{4} = 1$$

$$EcuaX := \frac{\frac{d^2}{dx^2} F(x)}{F(x)} = 4$$

$$EcuaY := \frac{\frac{d}{dy} G(y)}{G(y)} = 1 \quad (12)$$

$$> SolX := dsolve(EcuaX); SolY := dsolve(EcuaY)$$

$$SolX := F(x) = c_1 e^{-2x} + c_2 e^{2x}$$

$$SolY := G(y) = c_1 e^y \quad (13)$$

$$> SolGralCuatro := u(x, y) = rhs(SolX) \cdot subs(c_1 = 1, rhs(SolY))$$

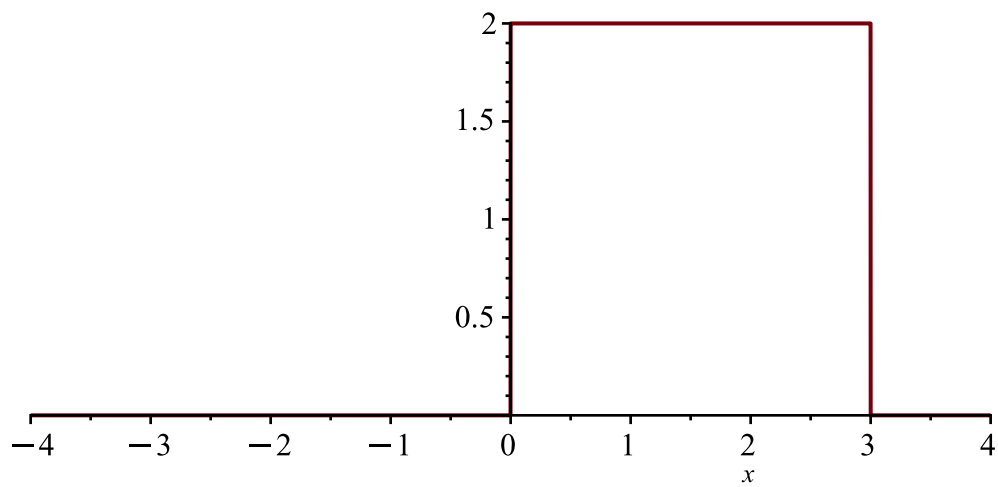
$$SolGralCuatro := u(x, y) = (c_1 e^{-2x} + c_2 e^{2x}) e^y \quad (14)$$

> restart

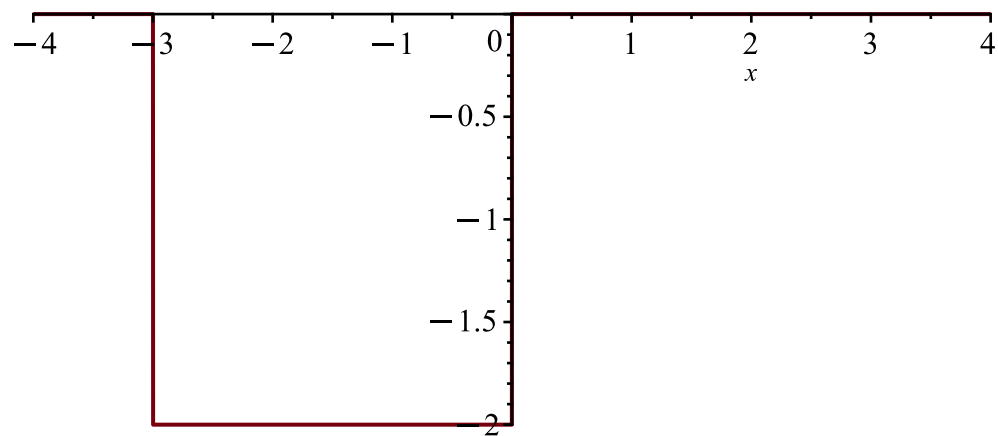
3) Obtener la serie seno de Fourier

$$> f := 2 \cdot \text{Heaviside}(x) - 2 \cdot \text{Heaviside}(x - 3); plot(f, x = -4 .. 4)$$

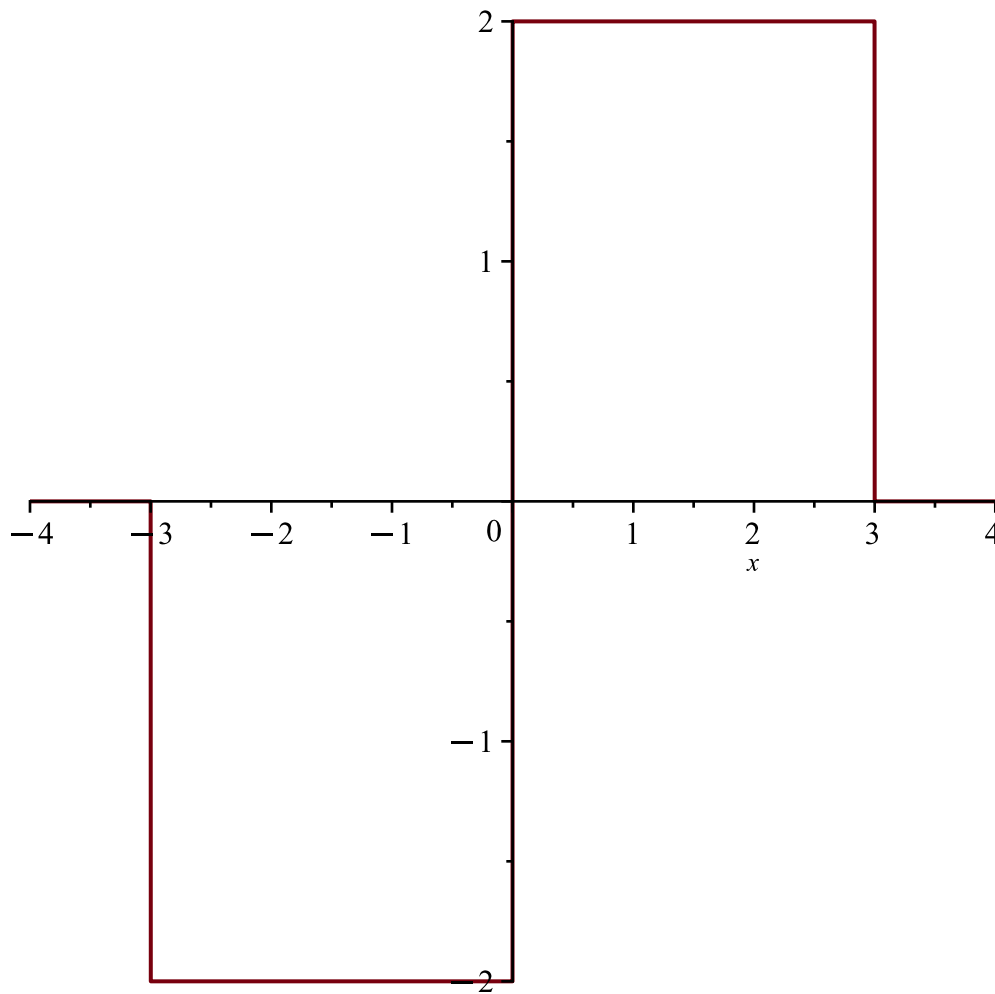
$$f := 2 \text{Heaviside}(x) - 2 \text{Heaviside}(x - 3)$$



```
> g := -2·Heaviside(x + 3) + 2·Heaviside(x); plot(g, x=-4..4)  
g := -2 Heaviside(x + 3) + 2 Heaviside(x)
```



```
> h := f + g : plot(h, x=-4..4)
```



> $L := 4$

$L := 4$

(15)

> $a[0] := \frac{1}{L} \cdot \text{int}(h, x = -L..L)$

$a_0 := 0$

(16)

> $a[n] := \text{simplify}\left(\frac{1}{L} \cdot \text{int}\left(h \cdot \cos\left(\frac{n \cdot \text{Pi}}{L} x\right), x = -L..L\right)\right)$

$a_n := 0$

(17)

> $b[n] := \text{simplify}\left(\frac{1}{L} \cdot \text{int}\left(h \cdot \sin\left(\frac{n \cdot \text{Pi}}{L} x\right), x = -L..L\right)\right)$

$b_n := \frac{4 - 4 \cos\left(\frac{3 n \pi}{4}\right)}{n \pi}$

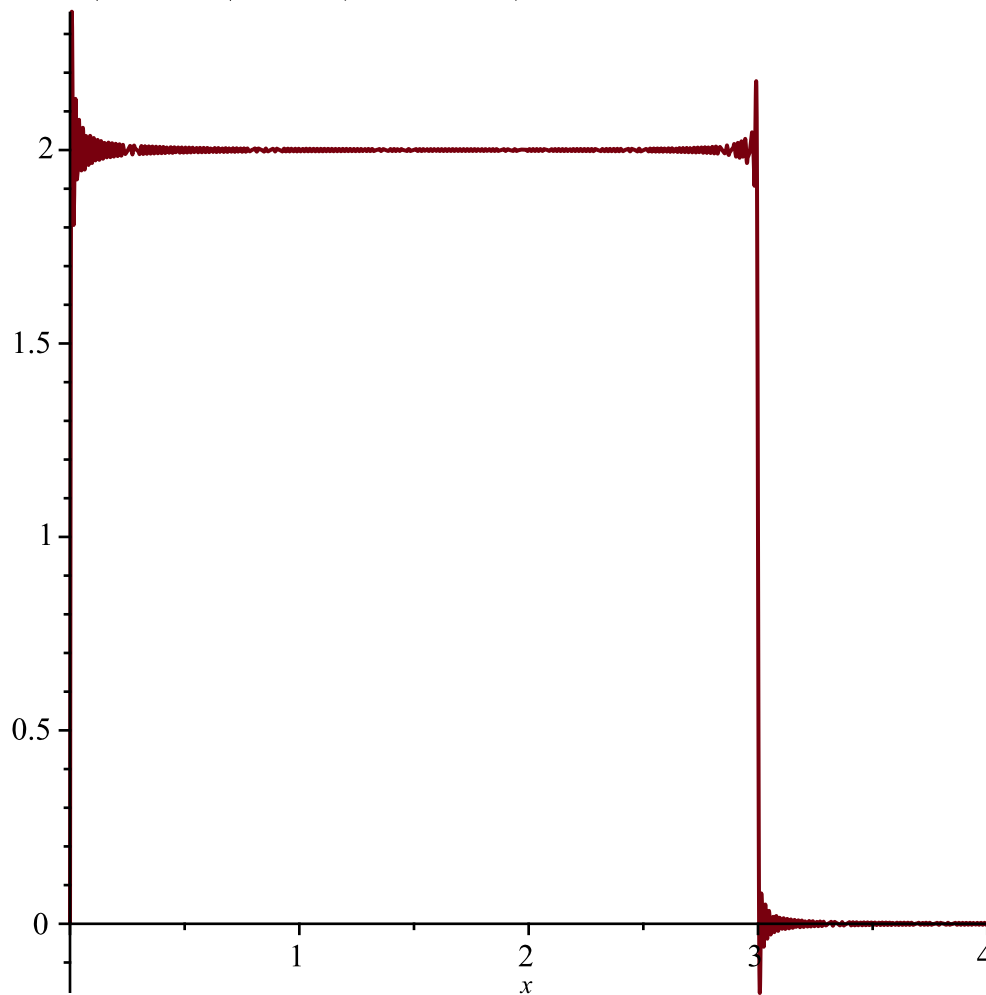
(18)

> $STF := \text{Sum}\left(b[n] \cdot \sin\left(\frac{n \cdot \text{Pi}}{L} \cdot x\right), n = 1..infinity\right)$

$STF := \sum_{n=1}^{\infty} \frac{\left(4 - 4 \cos\left(\frac{3 n \pi}{4}\right)\right) \sin\left(\frac{n \pi x}{4}\right)}{n \pi}$

(19)

> $STF500 := \text{sum}\left(b[n] \cdot \sin\left(\frac{n \cdot \text{Pi}}{L} \cdot x\right), n = 1 .. 500\right) : \text{plot}(STF500, x = 0 .. 4)$



> restart

4) Determinar ecuación en derivadas parciales cuya solución general

> $SolGral := u(x, y) = f(x) \cdot \exp(x \cdot y) + g(x) \cdot \exp(-x \cdot y) + \frac{\exp(y)}{1 - x^2}$

$$SolGral := u(x, y) = f(x) e^{xy} + g(x) e^{-xy} + \frac{e^y}{-x^2 + 1} \quad (20)$$

> $SolHom := u(x, y) = f(x) e^{xy} + g(x) e^{-xy}$

$$SolHom := u(x, y) = f(x) e^{xy} + g(x) e^{-xy} \quad (21)$$

> $SolNoHom := u(x, y) = \frac{\exp(y)}{1 - x^2}$

$$SolNoHom := u(x, y) = \frac{e^y}{-x^2 + 1} \quad (22)$$

>

> $DerSolHom := \text{diff}(u(x, y), y) = \text{diff}(rhs(SolHom), y)$

$$DerSolHom := \frac{\partial}{\partial y} u(x, y) = f(x) x e^{xy} - g(x) x e^{-xy} \quad (23)$$

$$\begin{aligned} > \text{DerDerSolHom} := \text{diff}(u(x, y), y\$2) = \text{diff}(\text{rhs}(\text{SolHom}), y\$2) \\ \text{DerDerSolHom} &:= \frac{\partial^2}{\partial y^2} u(x, y) = f(x) x^2 e^{xy} + g(x) x^2 e^{-xy} \end{aligned} \quad (24)$$

$$\begin{aligned} > \text{EcuaHom} := \text{simplify}(\text{DerDerSolHom} - \text{SolHom} \cdot x^2) \\ \text{EcuaHom} &:= -x^2 u(x, y) + \frac{\partial^2}{\partial y^2} u(x, y) = 0 \end{aligned} \quad (25)$$

$$\begin{aligned} > Q := \text{simplify}(\text{eval}(\text{subs}(u(x, y) = \text{rhs}(\text{SolNoHom}), \text{lhs}(\text{EcuaHom})))) \\ Q &:= e^y \end{aligned} \quad (26)$$

$$\begin{aligned} > \text{EcuaFinal} := \text{lhs}(\text{EcuaHom}) = Q \\ \text{EcuaFinal} &:= -x^2 u(x, y) + \frac{\partial^2}{\partial y^2} u(x, y) = e^y \end{aligned} \quad (27)$$

$$\begin{aligned} > \text{SolSol} := \text{pdsolve}(\text{EcuaFinal}) \\ \text{SolSol} &:= u(x, y) = e^{-xy} f_2(x) + e^{xy} f_1(x) - \frac{e^y}{x^2 - 1} \end{aligned} \quad (28)$$

> restart

5) Resuelva para una constante negativa

$$\begin{aligned} > \text{Ecua} := k \cdot \text{diff}(u(x, t), x\$2) = \text{diff}(u(x, t), t) \\ \text{Ecua} &:= k \left(\frac{\partial^2}{\partial x^2} u(x, t) \right) = \frac{\partial}{\partial t} u(x, t) \end{aligned} \quad (29)$$

$$\begin{aligned} > \text{EcuaSeparable} := \text{eval}(\text{subs}(u(x, t) = F(x) \cdot G(t), \text{Ecua})) \\ \text{EcuaSeparable} &:= k \left(\frac{d^2}{dx^2} F(x) \right) G(t) = F(x) \left(\frac{d}{dt} G(t) \right) \end{aligned} \quad (30)$$

$$\begin{aligned} > \text{EcuaSeparada} &:= \frac{\text{lhs}(\text{EcuaSeparable})}{k \cdot F(x) \cdot G(t)} = \frac{\text{rhs}(\text{EcuaSeparable})}{k \cdot F(x) \cdot G(t)} \\ \text{EcuaSeparada} &:= \frac{\frac{d^2}{dx^2} F(x)}{F(x)} = \frac{\frac{d}{dt} G(t)}{k G(t)} \end{aligned} \quad (31)$$

$$\begin{aligned} > \text{EcuaX} := \text{lhs}(\text{EcuaSeparada}) = -\beta^2; \text{EcuaT} := \text{rhs}(\text{EcuaSeparada}) = -\beta^2 \\ \text{EcuaX} &:= \frac{\frac{d^2}{dx^2} F(x)}{F(x)} = -\beta^2 \\ \text{EcuaT} &:= \frac{\frac{d}{dt} G(t)}{k G(t)} = -\beta^2 \end{aligned} \quad (32)$$

$$\begin{aligned} > \text{SolX} := \text{dsolve}(\text{EcuaX}); \text{SolT} := \text{dsolve}(\text{EcuaT}) \\ \text{SolX} &:= F(x) = c_1 \sin(\beta x) + c_2 \cos(\beta x) \\ \text{SolT} &:= G(t) = c_1 e^{-\beta^2 kt} \end{aligned} \quad (33)$$

$$> \text{SolGralNeg} := u(x, t) = \text{rhs}(\text{SolX}) \cdot \text{subs}(c_1 = 1, \text{rhs}(\text{SolT}))$$

$$\text{SolGralNeg} := u(x, t) = (c_1 \sin(\beta x) + c_2 \cos(\beta x)) e^{-\beta^2 k t} \quad (34)$$

```
|  
|=  
|> restart  
|= FIN SERIE 4  
|>
```