

>
 FACULTAD DE INGENIERIA
 DIVISION DE CIENCIAS BASICAS
 ECUACIONES DIFERENCIALES
 GRUPO 10 SEMESTRE 2025-2
 SERIE 2

> restart

1)

> $Ecua := 3 \cdot y'' + 27 \cdot y = \sec(3 \cdot x)$

$$Ecua := 3 \frac{d^2}{dx^2} y(x) + 27 y(x) = \sec(3x) \quad (1)$$

RESPUESTA

> $EcuaDos := \frac{lhs(Ecua)}{3} = \frac{rhs(Ecua)}{3}$

$$EcuaDos := \frac{d^2}{dx^2} y(x) + 9 y(x) = \frac{\sec(3x)}{3} \quad (2)$$

> $EcuaHom := lhs(EcuaDos) = 0$

$$EcuaHom := \frac{d^2}{dx^2} y(x) + 9 y(x) = 0 \quad (3)$$

> $Q := rhs(EcuaHom)$

$$Q := \frac{\sec(3x)}{3} \quad (4)$$

> $EcuaCarac := m^2 + 9 = 0$

$$EcuaCarac := m^2 + 9 = 0 \quad (5)$$

> $Raiz := solve(EcuaCarac)$

$$Raiz := 3 I, -3 I \quad (6)$$

> $yy[1] := \cos(\operatorname{Im}(Raiz[1]) \cdot x); yy[2] := \sin(\operatorname{Im}(Raiz[1]) \cdot x)$

$$yy_1 := \cos(3x)$$

$$yy_2 := \sin(3x) \quad (7)$$

> $\operatorname{with}(linalg) :$

> $WW := \operatorname{wronskian}([yy[1], yy[2]], x)$

$$WW := \begin{bmatrix} \cos(3x) & \sin(3x) \\ -3 \sin(3x) & 3 \cos(3x) \end{bmatrix} \quad (8)$$

> $BB := \operatorname{array}([0, Q])$

$$BB := \begin{bmatrix} 0 & \frac{\sec(3x)}{3} \end{bmatrix} \quad (9)$$

> $ParaVar := \operatorname{simplify}(\operatorname{linsolve}(WW, BB))$

$$ParaVar := \begin{bmatrix} -\frac{\tan(3x)}{9} & \frac{1}{9} \end{bmatrix} \quad (10)$$

> $Aprima := ParaVar[1]; Bprima := ParaVar[2]$

$$Aprima := -\frac{\tan(3x)}{9}$$

$$Bprima := \frac{1}{9} \quad (11)$$

> $SolPart := y(x) = simplify(int(Aprima, x) \cdot yy[1] + int(Bprima, x) \cdot yy[2])$

$$SolPart := y(x) = -\frac{\ln(\sec(3x)^2) \cos(3x)}{54} + \frac{x \sin(3x)}{9} \quad (12)$$

> $SolGralHom := y(x) = _C1 \cdot yy[1] + _C2 \cdot yy[2]$

$$SolGralHom := y(x) = _C1 \cos(3x) + _C2 \sin(3x) \quad (13)$$

> $SolGralNoHom := y(x) = rhs(SolGralHom) + rhs(SolPart)$

$$SolGralNoHom := y(x) = _C1 \cos(3x) + _C2 \sin(3x) - \frac{\ln(\sec(3x)^2) \cos(3x)}{54} + \frac{x \sin(3x)}{9} \quad (14)$$

> $Comprobar := simplify(eval(subs(y(x) = rhs(SolGralNoHom), lhs(Ecua) - rhs(Ecua) = 0)))$

$$Comprobar := 0 = 0 \quad (15)$$

> *restart*

2)

> $Ecua := y'' - 4 \cdot y' + 4 \cdot y = x \cdot \exp(2x)$

$$Ecua := \frac{d^2}{dx^2} y(x) - 4 \frac{d}{dx} y(x) + 4 y(x) = x e^{2x} \quad (16)$$

RESPUESTA

> $EcuaHom := lhs(Ecua) = 0$

$$EcuaHom := \frac{d^2}{dx^2} y(x) - 4 \frac{d}{dx} y(x) + 4 y(x) = 0 \quad (17)$$

> $Q := rhs(Ecua)$

$$Q := x e^{2x} \quad (18)$$

> $EcuaCarac := m^2 - 4 \cdot m + 4 = 0$

$$EcuaCarac := m^2 - 4m + 4 = 0 \quad (19)$$

> $Raiz := solve(EcuaCarac)$

$$Raiz := 2, 2 \quad (20)$$

Caso II = RAICES IGUALES

> $yy[1] := \exp(2 \cdot x); yy[2] := x \cdot \exp(2 \cdot x)$

$$yy_1 := e^{2x}$$

$$yy_2 := x e^{2x} \quad (21)$$

> *with(linalg):*

> $WW := wronskian([yy[1], yy[2]], x)$

$$WW := \begin{bmatrix} e^{2x} & x e^{2x} \\ 2 e^{2x} & e^{2x} + 2 x e^{2x} \end{bmatrix} \quad (22)$$

> $BB := array([0, Q])$

$$BB := \begin{bmatrix} 0 & x e^{2x} \end{bmatrix} \quad (23)$$

> $ParaVar := linsolve(WW, BB)$

$$ParaVar := \begin{bmatrix} -x^2 & x \end{bmatrix} \quad (24)$$

> $Aprima := ParaVar[1]; Bprima := ParaVar[2]$

$$\begin{aligned} Aprima &:= -x^2 \\ Bprima &:= x \end{aligned} \quad (25)$$

> $SolPart := y(x) = int(Aprima, x) \cdot yy[1] + int(Bprima, x) \cdot yy[2]$

$$SolPart := y(x) = \frac{x^3 e^{2x}}{6} \quad (26)$$

> $SolGralHom := y(x) = _C1 \cdot yy[1] + _C2 \cdot yy[2]$

$$SolGralHom := y(x) = _C1 e^{2x} + _C2 x e^{2x} \quad (27)$$

> $SolGralNoHom := y(x) = rhs(SolGralHom) + rhs(SolPart)$

$$SolGralNoHom := y(x) = _C1 e^{2x} + _C2 x e^{2x} + \frac{x^3 e^{2x}}{6} \quad (28)$$

> *restart*
3)
> $Ecua := diff(y(t), t\$2) - 2 \cdot diff(y(t), t) + y(t) = \frac{\exp(t)}{t}$

$$Ecua := \frac{d^2}{dt^2} y(t) - 2 \frac{d}{dt} y(t) + y(t) = \frac{e^t}{t} \quad (29)$$

RESPUESTA

> $EcuaHom := lhs(Ecua) = 0$

$$EcuaHom := \frac{d^2}{dt^2} y(t) - 2 \frac{d}{dt} y(t) + y(t) = 0 \quad (30)$$

> $Q := rhs(Ecua)$

$$Q := \frac{e^t}{t} \quad (31)$$

> $EcuaCarac := m^2 - 2 \cdot m + 1 = 0$

$$EcuaCarac := m^2 - 2 m + 1 = 0 \quad (32)$$

> $Raiz := solve(EcuaCarac)$

$$Raiz := 1, 1 \quad (33)$$

> $yy[1] := \exp(Raiz[1] \cdot t); yy[2] := t \cdot \exp(Raiz[1] \cdot t)$

$$\begin{aligned} yy_1 &:= e^t \\ yy_2 &:= t e^t \end{aligned} \quad (34)$$

> with(linalg) :

> WW := wronskian([yy[1],yy[2]],t)

$$WW := \begin{bmatrix} e^t & t e^t \\ e^t & e^t + t e^t \end{bmatrix} \quad (35)$$

> BB := array([0,Q])

$$BB := \begin{bmatrix} 0 & \frac{e^t}{t} \end{bmatrix} \quad (36)$$

> ParaVar := linsolve(WW,BB)

$$ParaVar := \begin{bmatrix} -1 & \frac{1}{t} \end{bmatrix} \quad (37)$$

> Aprima := ParaVar[1]; Bprima := ParaVar[2]

$$Aprima := -1$$

$$Bprima := \frac{1}{t} \quad (38)$$

> SolPart := y(t) = simplify(int(Aprima,t)·yy[1] + int(Bprima,t)·yy[2])

$$SolPart := y(t) = t e^t (-1 + \ln(t)) \quad (39)$$

> SolGralHom := y(t) = _C1·yy[1] + _C2·yy[2]

$$SolGralHom := y(t) = _C1 e^t + _C2 t e^t \quad (40)$$

> SolGralNoHom := y(t) = rhs(SolGralHom) + rhs(SolPart)

$$SolGralNoHom := y(t) = _C1 e^t + _C2 t e^t + t e^t (-1 + \ln(t)) \quad (41)$$

> Ecua

$$\frac{d^2}{dt^2} y(t) - 2 \frac{d}{dt} y(t) + y(t) = \frac{e^t}{t} \quad (42)$$

> Comprobar := simplify(eval(subs(y(t) = rhs(SolGralNoHom), lhs(Ecua) - rhs(Ecua) = 0)))

$$Comprobar := 0 = 0 \quad (43)$$

> restart

4)

> Ecua := y'' + 5·y' + 6·y = sin(x)²

$$Ecua := \frac{d^2}{dx^2} y(x) + 5 \frac{d}{dx} y(x) + 6 y(x) = \sin(x)^2 \quad (44)$$

RESPUESTA

> EcuaHom := lhs(Ecua) = 0

$$EcuaHom := \frac{d^2}{dx^2} y(x) + 5 \frac{d}{dx} y(x) + 6 y(x) = 0 \quad (45)$$

> Q := rhs(Ecua)

$$Q := \sin(x)^2 \quad (46)$$

> EcuaCarac := m² + 5·m + 6 = 0

$$EcuaCarac := m^2 + 5 m + 6 = 0 \quad (47)$$

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> Raiz := solve(EcuaCarac)
                                         Raiz := -2, -3
                                         (48)

> yy[1] := exp(Raiz[1]·x); yy[2] := exp(Raiz[2]·x)
                                         yy1 := e-2x
                                         yy2 := e-3x
                                         (49)

> with(linalg) :
> WW := wronskian([yy[1], yy[2]], x)
                                         WW := 
$$\begin{bmatrix} e^{-2x} & e^{-3x} \\ -2e^{-2x} & -3e^{-3x} \end{bmatrix}$$

                                         (50)

> BB := array([0, Q])
                                         BB := 
$$\begin{bmatrix} 0 & \sin(x)^2 \end{bmatrix}$$

                                         (51)

> ParaVar := linsolve(WW, BB)
                                         ParaVar := 
$$\begin{bmatrix} \frac{\sin(x)^2}{e^{-2x}} & -\frac{\sin(x)^2}{e^{-3x}} \end{bmatrix}$$

                                         (52)

> Aprima := ParaVar[1]; Bprima := ParaVar[2]
                                         Aprima := 
$$\frac{\sin(x)^2}{e^{-2x}}$$

                                         Bprima := 
$$-\frac{\sin(x)^2}{e^{-3x}}$$

                                         (53)

> SolPart := y(x) = simplify(int(Aprima, x) · yy[1] + int(Bprima, x) · yy[2])
                                         SolPart := y(x) = 
$$-\frac{5 \sin(x) \cos(x)}{52} - \frac{\cos(x)^2}{52} + \frac{29}{312}$$

                                         (54)

> SolGralHom := y(x) = _C1 · yy[1] + _C2 · yy[2]
                                         SolGralHom := y(x) = 
$$_C1 e^{-2x} + _C2 e^{-3x}$$

                                         (55)

> SolGralNoHom := y(x) = rhs(SolGralHom) + rhs(SolPart)
                                         SolGralNoHom := y(x) = 
$$_C1 e^{-2x} + _C2 e^{-3x} - \frac{5 \sin(x) \cos(x)}{52} - \frac{\cos(x)^2}{52} + \frac{29}{312}$$

                                         (56)

> Comprobar := simplify(eval(subs(y(x) = rhs(SolGralNoHom), lhs(Ecua) - rhs(Ecua) = 0)))
                                         Comprobar := 0 = 0
                                         (57)

> restart
5)
> Ecua := y'' - y' = 3 + exp(x)
                                         Ecua := 
$$\frac{d^2}{dx^2} y(x) - \frac{dy}{dx} y(x) = 3 + e^x$$

                                         (58)

RESPUESTA
> EcuaHom := lhs(Ecua) = 0
                                         (59)

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$$EcuaHom := \frac{d^2}{dx^2} y(x) - \frac{d}{dx} y(x) = 0 \quad (59)$$

> $Q := rhs(Ecua)$

$$Q := 3 + e^x \quad (60)$$

> $EcuaCarac := m^2 - m = 0$

$$EcuaCarac := m^2 - m = 0 \quad (61)$$

> $Raiz := solve(EcuaCarac)$

$$Raiz := 0, 1 \quad (62)$$

> $yy[1] := \exp(Raiz[1] \cdot x); yy[2] := \exp(Raiz[2] \cdot x)$

$$\begin{aligned} yy_1 &:= 1 \\ yy_2 &:= e^x \end{aligned} \quad (63)$$

> $with(linalg) :$

> $WW := wronskian([yy[1], yy[2]], x)$

$$WW := \begin{bmatrix} 1 & e^x \\ 0 & e^x \end{bmatrix} \quad (64)$$

> $BB := array([0, Q])$

$$BB := \begin{bmatrix} 0 & 3 + e^x \end{bmatrix} \quad (65)$$

> $ParaVar := linsolve(WW, BB)$

$$ParaVar := \begin{bmatrix} -e^x - 3 & \frac{3 + e^x}{e^x} \end{bmatrix} \quad (66)$$

> $Aprima := ParaVar[1]; Bprima := ParaVar[2]$

$$\begin{aligned} Aprima &:= -e^x - 3 \\ Bprima &:= \frac{3 + e^x}{e^x} \end{aligned} \quad (67)$$

> $SolPart := y(x) = simplify(int(Aprima, x) \cdot yy[1] + int(Bprima, x) \cdot yy[2])$

$$SolPart := y(x) = e^x \ln(e^x) - 3 - e^x - 3x \quad (68)$$

> $SolGralHom := y(x) = _C1 \cdot yy[1] + _C2 \cdot yy[2]$

$$SolGralHom := y(x) = _C1 + _C2 e^x \quad (69)$$

> $SolGralNoHom := y(x) = rhs(SolGralHom) + rhs(SolPart)$

$$SolGralNoHom := y(x) = _C1 + _C2 e^x + e^x \ln(e^x) - 3 - e^x - 3x \quad (70)$$

> $SolGralNoHomFinal := y(x) = _C10 + _C20 \cdot \exp(x) - 3 + \exp(x) \cdot \ln(e^x) - 3 \cdot x$

$$SolGralNoHomFinal := y(x) = _C10 + _C20 e^x - 3 + e^x \ln(e^x) - 3x \quad (71)$$

> $Ecua$

$$\frac{d^2}{dx^2} y(x) - \frac{d}{dx} y(x) = 3 + e^x \quad (72)$$

> $Comprobar := simplify(eval(subs(y(x) = rhs(SolGralNoHomFinal), lhs(Ecua) - rhs(Ecua)))$

$$= 0))) \quad \text{Comprobar} := 0 = 0 \quad (73)$$

> restart

6)

$$\begin{aligned} > yy[1] &:= \exp(4 \cdot x); yy[2] := 2 \cdot x; yy[3] := 2 \\ &\qquad\qquad\qquad yy_1 := e^{4x} \\ &\qquad\qquad\qquad yy_2 := 2x \\ &\qquad\qquad\qquad yy_3 := 2 \end{aligned} \quad (74)$$

$$\begin{aligned} > yp &:= y(x) = \exp(-4 \cdot x) \\ &\qquad\qquad\qquad yp := y(x) = e^{-4x} \end{aligned} \quad (75)$$

$$\begin{aligned} > EcuaCarac &:= expand((m - 4) \cdot m^2) = 0 \\ &\qquad\qquad\qquad EcuaCarac := m^3 - 4m^2 = 0 \end{aligned} \quad (76)$$

$$\begin{aligned} > EcuaHom &:= y''' - 4 \cdot y'' = 0 \\ &\qquad\qquad\qquad EcuaHom := \frac{d^3}{dx^3} y(x) - 4 \frac{d^2}{dx^2} y(x) = 0 \end{aligned} \quad (77)$$

$$\begin{aligned} > Q &:= simplify(eval(subs(y(x) = rhs(yp), lhs(EcuaHom)))) \\ &\qquad\qquad\qquad Q := -128 e^{-4x} \end{aligned} \quad (78)$$

$$\begin{aligned} > Ecua &:= lhs(EcuaHom) = Q \\ &\qquad\qquad\qquad Ecua := \frac{d^3}{dx^3} y(x) - 4 \frac{d^2}{dx^2} y(x) = -128 e^{-4x} \end{aligned} \quad (79)$$

$$\begin{aligned} > SolGral &:= dsolve(Ecua) \\ &\qquad\qquad\qquad SolGral := y(x) = \frac{e^{4x} c_1}{16} + e^{-4x} + c_2 x + c_3 \end{aligned} \quad (80)$$

> restart

7)

$$\begin{aligned} > Ecua &:= t^2 \cdot diff(y(t), t\$2) - 2 \cdot t \cdot diff(y(t), t) + 2 \cdot y(t) = t \cdot \log(t) \\ &\qquad\qquad\qquad Ecua := t^2 \left(\frac{d^2}{dt^2} y(t) \right) - 2t \left(\frac{d}{dt} y(t) \right) + 2y(t) = t \ln(t) \end{aligned} \quad (81)$$

$$\begin{aligned} > yy[1] &:= t^2; yy[2] := t \\ &\qquad\qquad\qquad yy_1 := t^2 \\ &\qquad\qquad\qquad yy_2 := t \end{aligned} \quad (82)$$

$$\begin{aligned} > EcuaHom &:= lhs(Ecua) = 0 \\ &\qquad\qquad\qquad EcuaHom := t^2 \left(\frac{d^2}{dt^2} y(t) \right) - 2t \left(\frac{d}{dt} y(t) \right) + 2y(t) = 0 \end{aligned} \quad (83)$$

RESPUESTA

$$\begin{aligned} > SolGralHom &:= y(t) = _C1 \cdot yy[1] + _C2 \cdot yy[2] \\ &\qquad\qquad\qquad SolGralHom := y(t) = _C1 t^2 + _C2 t \end{aligned} \quad (84)$$

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> ComprobarUno := simplify(eval(subs(y(t) = rhs(SolGralHom), EcuaHom)))
      ComprobarUno := 0 = 0
(85)

> EcuaStand := expand( $\frac{lhs(Ecua)}{t^2}$ ) =  $\frac{rhs(Ecua)}{t^2}$ 
      EcuaStand :=  $\frac{d^2}{dt^2} y(t) - \frac{2 \left( \frac{d}{dt} y(t) \right)}{t} + \frac{2 y(t)}{t^2} = \frac{\ln(t)}{t}$ 
(86)

> Q := rhs(EcuaStand)
      Q :=  $\frac{\ln(t)}{t}$ 
(87)

> with(linalg):
> WW := wronskian([yy[1], yy[2]], t)
      WW :=  $\begin{bmatrix} t^2 & t \\ 2t & 1 \end{bmatrix}$ 
(88)

> BB := array([0, Q])
      BB :=  $\begin{bmatrix} 0 & \frac{\ln(t)}{t} \end{bmatrix}$ 
(89)

> ParaVal := linsolve(WW, BB)
      ParaVal :=  $\begin{bmatrix} \frac{\ln(t)}{t^2} & -\frac{\ln(t)}{t} \end{bmatrix}$ 
(90)

> Aprima := ParaVal[1]
      Aprima :=  $\frac{\ln(t)}{t^2}$ 
(91)

> Bprima := ParaVal[2]
      Bprima :=  $-\frac{\ln(t)}{t}$ 
(92)

> SolPart := y(t) = simplify(int(Aprima, t) · yy[1] + int(Bprima, t) · yy[2])
      SolPart :=  $y(t) = t \left( -1 - \ln(t) - \frac{\ln(t)^2}{2} \right)$ 
(93)

> SolGralHom := y(t) = _C1 · yy[1] + _C2 · yy[2]
      SolGralHom :=  $y(t) = _C1 t^2 + _C2 t$ 
(94)

> SolGralNoHom := y(t) = rhs(SolGralHom) + rhs(SolPart)
      SolGralNoHom :=  $y(t) = _C1 t^2 + _C2 t + t \left( -1 - \ln(t) - \frac{\ln(t)^2}{2} \right)$ 
(95)

> ComprobarDos := simplify(eval(subs(y(t) = rhs(SolGralNoHom), lhs(Ecua) - rhs(Ecua) = 0)))
      ComprobarDos := 0 = 0
(96)

> restart

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[8)

$$\begin{aligned} > Ecua &:= y'' + 2 \cdot y' + 2 \cdot y = \exp(-x) \cdot \sec(x) \\ Ecua &:= \frac{d^2}{dx^2} y(x) + 2 \frac{d}{dx} y(x) + 2 y(x) = e^{-x} \sec(x) \end{aligned} \quad (97)$$

RESPUESTA

$$\begin{aligned} > EcuaHom &:= lhs(Ecua) = 0 \\ EcuaHom &:= \frac{d^2}{dx^2} y(x) + 2 \frac{d}{dx} y(x) + 2 y(x) = 0 \end{aligned} \quad (98)$$

$$\begin{aligned} > Q &:= rhs(Ecua) \\ Q &:= e^{-x} \sec(x) \end{aligned} \quad (99)$$

$$\begin{aligned} > EcuaCarac &:= m^2 + 2 \cdot m + 2 = 0 \\ EcuaCarac &:= m^2 + 2 m + 2 = 0 \end{aligned} \quad (100)$$

$$\begin{aligned} > Raiz &:= solve(EcuaCarac) \\ Raiz &:= -1 + I, -1 - I \end{aligned} \quad (101)$$

Caso III Raíces complejas

$$\begin{aligned} > yy[1] &:= \exp(\operatorname{Re}(Raiz[1]) \cdot x) \cdot \cos(\operatorname{Im}(Raiz[1]) \cdot x) \\ yy_1 &:= e^{-x} \cos(x) \end{aligned} \quad (102)$$

$$\begin{aligned} > yy[2] &:= \exp(\operatorname{Re}(Raiz[1]) \cdot x) \cdot \sin(\operatorname{Im}(Raiz[1]) \cdot x) \\ yy_2 &:= e^{-x} \sin(x) \end{aligned} \quad (103)$$

$$\begin{aligned} > \text{with(linalg)} : \\ > WW &:= \operatorname{wronskian}([yy[1], yy[2]], x) \\ WW &:= \begin{bmatrix} e^{-x} \cos(x) & e^{-x} \sin(x) \\ -e^{-x} \cos(x) - e^{-x} \sin(x) & -e^{-x} \sin(x) + e^{-x} \cos(x) \end{bmatrix} \end{aligned} \quad (104)$$

$$\begin{aligned} > BB &:= \operatorname{array}([0, Q]) \\ BB &:= \begin{bmatrix} 0 & e^{-x} \sec(x) \end{bmatrix} \end{aligned} \quad (105)$$

$$\begin{aligned} > ParaVar &:= \operatorname{simplify}(\operatorname{linsolve}(WW, BB)) \\ ParaVar &:= \begin{bmatrix} -\tan(x) & 1 \end{bmatrix} \end{aligned} \quad (106)$$

$$\begin{aligned} > A prima &:= ParaVar[1]; B prima := ParaVar[2] \\ A prima &:= -\tan(x) \\ B prima &:= 1 \end{aligned} \quad (107)$$

$$\begin{aligned} > SolPart &:= y(x) = \operatorname{int}(A prima, x) \cdot yy[1] + \operatorname{int}(B prima, x) \cdot yy[2] \\ SolPart &:= y(x) = \ln(\cos(x)) e^{-x} \cos(x) + x e^{-x} \sin(x) \end{aligned} \quad (108)$$

$$\begin{aligned} > SolGralHom &:= y(x) = _C1 \cdot yy[1] + _C2 \cdot yy[2] \\ SolGralHom &:= y(x) = _C1 e^{-x} \cos(x) + _C2 e^{-x} \sin(x) \end{aligned} \quad (109)$$

$$\begin{aligned} > SolGralNoHom &:= y(x) = \operatorname{simplify}(rhs(SolGralHom) + rhs(SolPart)) \\ SolGralNoHom &:= y(x) = (\cos(x) \ln(\cos(x)) + \cos(x) _C1 + \sin(x) (_C2 + x)) e^{-x} \end{aligned} \quad (110)$$

$$\begin{aligned} > Ecua & \\ & \end{aligned} \quad (111)$$

$$\frac{d^2}{dx^2} y(x) + 2 \frac{d}{dx} y(x) + 2 y(x) = e^{-x} \sec(x) \quad (111)$$

> *Comprobar* := simplify(eval(subs(y(x) = rhs(SolGralNoHom), lhs(Ecua) - rhs(Ecua) = 0)))
Comprobar := 0 = 0 (112)

> *restart*

9)

> *Ecua* := 27·y''' - 27·y'' + 9·y' - y = 162·exp($\left(\frac{x}{3}\right)$)
Ecua := 27 $\frac{d^3}{dx^3} y(x) - 27 \frac{d^2}{dx^2} y(x) + 9 \frac{d}{dx} y(x) - y(x) = 162 e^{\frac{x}{3}}$ (113)

RESPUESTA

> *EcuaDos* := $\frac{lhs(Ecua)}{27} = \frac{rhs(Ecua)}{27}$
EcuaDos := $\frac{d^3}{dx^3} y(x) - \frac{d^2}{dx^2} y(x) + \frac{\frac{d}{dx} y(x)}{3} - \frac{y(x)}{27} = 6 e^{\frac{x}{3}}$ (114)

> *EcuaDosHom* := *lhs(EcuaDos)* = 0

$$EcuaDosHom := \frac{d^3}{dx^3} y(x) - \frac{d^2}{dx^2} y(x) + \frac{\frac{d}{dx} y(x)}{3} - \frac{y(x)}{27} = 0 \quad (115)$$

> *Q* := *rhs(EcuaDos)*

$$Q := 6 e^{\frac{x}{3}} \quad (116)$$

> *EcuaCarac* := $m^3 - m^2 + \frac{m}{3} - \frac{1}{27} = 0$

$$EcuaCarac := m^3 - m^2 + \frac{1}{3} m - \frac{1}{27} = 0 \quad (117)$$

> *Raiz* := solve(*EcuaCarac*)

$$Raiz := \frac{1}{3}, \frac{1}{3}, \frac{1}{3} \quad (118)$$

CASO II RAICES IGUALES

> *yy[1]* := exp(*Raiz[1]*·*x*); *yy[2]* := *x*·exp(*Raiz[1]*·*x*); *yy[3]* := *x*²·exp(*Raiz[1]*·*x*)
yy₁ := $e^{\frac{x}{3}}$
yy₂ := $x e^{\frac{x}{3}}$
yy₃ := $x^2 e^{\frac{x}{3}}$ (119)

> *with(linalg)* :

> *WW* := *wronskian*([*yy[1]*, *yy[2]*, *yy[3]*], *x*)

$$WW := \begin{bmatrix} e^{\frac{x}{3}} & x e^{\frac{x}{3}} & x^2 e^{\frac{x}{3}} \\ \frac{e^{\frac{x}{3}}}{3} & e^{\frac{x}{3}} + \frac{x e^{\frac{x}{3}}}{3} & 2x e^{\frac{x}{3}} + \frac{x^2 e^{\frac{x}{3}}}{3} \\ \frac{e^{\frac{x}{3}}}{9} & \frac{2e^{\frac{x}{3}}}{3} + \frac{x e^{\frac{x}{3}}}{9} & 2e^{\frac{x}{3}} + \frac{4x e^{\frac{x}{3}}}{3} + \frac{x^2 e^{\frac{x}{3}}}{9} \end{bmatrix} \quad (120)$$

> $BB := array([0, 0, Q])$

$$BB := \begin{bmatrix} & & \\ 0 & 0 & 6e^{\frac{x}{3}} \end{bmatrix} \quad (121)$$

> $ParaVar := linsolve(WW, BB)$

$$ParaVar := \begin{bmatrix} 3x^2 & -6x & 3 \end{bmatrix} \quad (122)$$

> $Aprima := ParaVar[1]; Bprima := ParaVar[2]; Dprima := ParaVar[3]$

$$Aprima := 3x^2$$

$$Bprima := -6x$$

$$Dprima := 3$$

(123)

> $SolPart := y(x) = int(Aprima, x) \cdot yy[1] + int(Bprima, x) \cdot yy[2] + int(Dprima, x) \cdot yy[3]$

$$SolPart := y(x) = x^3 e^{\frac{x}{3}} \quad (124)$$

> $SolGralHom := y(x) = _C1 \cdot yy[1] + _C2 \cdot yy[2] + _C3 \cdot yy[3]$

$$SolGralHom := y(x) = _C1 e^{\frac{x}{3}} + _C2 x e^{\frac{x}{3}} + _C3 x^2 e^{\frac{x}{3}} \quad (125)$$

> $SolGralNoHom := y(x) = rhs(SolGralHom) + rhs(SolPart)$

$$SolGralNoHom := y(x) = _C1 e^{\frac{x}{3}} + _C2 x e^{\frac{x}{3}} + _C3 x^2 e^{\frac{x}{3}} + x^3 e^{\frac{x}{3}} \quad (126)$$

> $Ecua$

$$27 \frac{d^3}{dx^3} y(x) - 27 \frac{d^2}{dx^2} y(x) + 9 \frac{d}{dx} y(x) - y(x) = 162 e^{\frac{x}{3}} \quad (127)$$

> $Comprobar := simplify(eval(subs(y(x) = rhs(SolGralNoHom), lhs(Ecua) - rhs(Ecua) = 0)))$

$$Comprobar := 0 = 0 \quad (128)$$

> $restart$

>

FIN SERIE

>