

EXAMEN 2026-2-2 solución

> restart

1)

> Ecua := diff(x(t), t\$2) + 6·diff(x(t), t) + 9·x(t) = 0

$$Ecua := \frac{d^2}{dt^2} x(t) + 6 \frac{d}{dt} x(t) + 9 x(t) = 0 \quad (1)$$

> CondIni := x(0) = 20, D(x)(0) = 0

$$CondIni := x(0) = 20, D(x)(0) = 0 \quad (2)$$

POR TRANSFORMADA DE LAPLACE

> with(inttrans) :

> EcuaTransLap := subs(CondIni, laplace(Ecua, t, s))

$$EcuaTransLap := s^2 \mathcal{L}(x(t), t, s) - 120 - 20s + 6s \mathcal{L}(x(t), t, s) + 9 \mathcal{L}(x(t), t, s) = 0 \quad (3)$$

> SolTransLap := isolate(EcuaTransLap, laplace(x(t), t, s))

$$SolTransLap := \mathcal{L}(x(t), t, s) = \frac{20s + 120}{s^2 + 6s + 9} \quad (4)$$

> SolPart := invlaplace(SolTransLap, s, t)

$$SolPart := x(t) = 20 e^{-3t} (1 + 3t) \quad (5)$$

> SolFinal := simplify(SolPart)

$$SolFinal := x(t) = (20 + 60t) e^{-3t} \quad (6)$$

> Ecua

$$\frac{d^2}{dt^2} x(t) + 6 \frac{d}{dt} x(t) + 9 x(t) = 0 \quad (7)$$

> ComprobarUno := simplify(eval(subs(x(t) = rhs(SolPart), Ecua)))

$$ComprobarUno := 0 = 0 \quad (8)$$

> ComprobarDos := simplify(subs(t = 0, SolPart))

$$ComprobarDos := x(0) = 20 \quad (9)$$

> ComprobarTres := D(x)(0) = simplify(subs(t = 0, rhs(diff(SolPart, t))))

$$ComprobarTres := D(x)(0) = 0 \quad (10)$$

> restart

2)

> Ecua := y(t) + int(tau·exp(2·tau)·y(t - tau), tau = 0..t) = t·exp(2·t)

$$Ecua := y(t) + \int_0^t \tau e^{2\tau} y(t - \tau) d\tau = t e^{2t} \quad (11)$$

POR TRANSFORMADA DE LAPLACE

> with(inttrans) :

> EcuaTransLap := laplace(Ecua, t, s)

(12)

$$EcuaTransLap := \mathcal{L}(y(t), t, s) + \frac{\mathcal{L}(y(t), t, s)}{(s-2)^2} = \frac{1}{(s-2)^2} \quad (12)$$

> SolTransLap := simplify(isolate(EcuaTransLap, laplace(y(t), t, s)))

$$SolTransLap := \mathcal{L}(y(t), t, s) = \frac{1}{s^2 - 4s + 5} \quad (13)$$

> SolPart := invlaplace(SolTransLap, s, t)

$$SolPart := y(t) = \sin(t) e^{2t} \quad (14)$$

> Ecua

$$y(t) + \int_0^t \tau e^{2\tau} y(t-\tau) d\tau = t e^{2t} \quad (15)$$

> EcuaDos := lhs(Ecua) - \int_0^t \tau e^{2\tau} y(t-\tau) d\tau - t e^{2t} = rhs(Ecua) - \int_0^t \tau e^{2\tau} y(t-\tau) d\tau - t e^{2t}

$$EcuaDos := y(t) - t e^{2t} = - \left(\int_0^t \tau e^{2\tau} y(t-\tau) d\tau \right) \quad (16)$$

> SolUno := y(t - tau) = sin(t - tau) e^{2 \cdot (t - tau)}

$$SolUno := y(t - \tau) = \sin(t - \tau) e^{2t - 2\tau} \quad (17)$$

> SolFinal := simplify(isolate(y(t) - t e^{2t} = -eval(subs(y(t - tau) = rhs(SolUno), \int_0^t \tau e^{2\tau} y(t - \tau) d\tau)), y(t)))

$$SolFinal := y(t) = \sin(t) e^{2t} \quad (18)$$

SE COMPRUEBA QUE ES LA SOLUCIÓN PARTICULAR

>

> restart

3)

> Sistema := diff(x(t), t\$2) + 3 \cdot diff(y(t), t) + 3 \cdot y(t) = 0, diff(x(t), t\$2) + 3 \cdot y(t) = t \cdot exp(-t) : Sistema[1]; Sistema[2]

$$\frac{d^2}{dt^2} x(t) + 3 \frac{d}{dt} y(t) + 3 y(t) = 0$$

$$\frac{d^2}{dt^2} x(t) + 3 y(t) = t e^{-t} \quad (19)$$

> CondIni := x(0) = 0, D(x)(0) = 0, y(0) = 0

$$CondIni := x(0) = 0, D(x)(0) = 0, y(0) = 0 \quad (20)$$

MEDIANTE TRANSFORMADA DE LAPLACE

> with(inttrans) :

> SistTransLap := subs(CondIni, laplace(Sistema[1], t, s)), subs(CondIni, laplace(Sistema[2], t, s)) : SistTransLap[1]; SistTransLap[2]

$$s^2 \mathcal{L}(x(t), t, s) + 3 s \mathcal{L}(y(t), t, s) + 3 \mathcal{L}(y(t), t, s) = 0$$

$$s^2 \mathcal{L}(x(t), t, s) + 3 \mathcal{L}(y(t), t, s) = \frac{1}{(1+s)^2} \quad (21)$$

> *VarTrans* := solve({*SistTransLap*}, {laplace(*x(t)*, *t*, *s*), laplace(*y(t)*, *t*, *s*)}

$$\textit{VarTrans} := \left\{ \mathcal{L}(x(t), t, s) = \frac{1}{(1+s)s^3}, \mathcal{L}(y(t), t, s) = -\frac{1}{3s(s^2+2s+1)} \right\} \quad (22)$$

> *Solucion* := invlaplace(*VarTrans*[1], *s*, *t*), invlaplace(*VarTrans*[2], *s*, *t*) : *Solucion*[1];
Solucion[2]

$$x(t) = \frac{t^2}{2} - t + 1 - e^{-t}$$

$$y(t) = -\frac{1}{3} + \frac{e^{-t}(t+1)}{3} \quad (23)$$

> *ComprobarUno* := simplify(eval(subs(*x(t)* = rhs(*Solucion*[1]), *y(t)* = rhs(*Solucion*[2]),
lhs(*Sistema*[1]) - rhs(*Sistema*[1]) = 0)))

$$\textit{ComprobarUno} := 0 = 0 \quad (24)$$

> *ComprobarDos* := simplify(eval(subs(*x(t)* = rhs(*Solucion*[1]), *y(t)* = rhs(*Solucion*[2]),
lhs(*Sistema*[2]) - rhs(*Sistema*[2]) = 0)))

$$\textit{ComprobarDos} := 0 = 0 \quad (25)$$

MEDIANTE MATRIZ EXPONENCIAL

> *Sist* := diff(*x(t)*, *t*) = *z(t)*, diff(*y(t)*, *t*) = - $\left(\frac{1}{3}\right) \cdot t \cdot \exp(-t)$, diff(*z(t)*, *t*) = -3 · *y(t)* + *t* · exp(-*t*) : *Sist*[1]; *Sist*[2]; *Sist*[3]

$$\frac{d}{dt} x(t) = z(t)$$

$$\frac{d}{dt} y(t) = -\frac{t e^{-t}}{3}$$

$$\frac{d}{dt} z(t) = -3 y(t) + t e^{-t} \quad (26)$$

> *AA* := array([[0, 0, 1], [0, 0, 0], [0, -3, 0]])

$$AA := \begin{bmatrix} 0 & 0 & 1 \\ 0 & 0 & 0 \\ 0 & -3 & 0 \end{bmatrix} \quad (27)$$

> *BB* := array([[0, - $\frac{t \cdot \exp(-t)}{3}$, *t* · exp(-*t*)]])

$$BB := \begin{bmatrix} 0 & -\frac{t e^{-t}}{3} & t e^{-t} \end{bmatrix} \quad (28)$$

> with(linalg) :

> *MatExp* := exponential(*AA*, *t*)

(29)

$$MatExp := \begin{bmatrix} 1 & -\frac{3t^2}{2} & t \\ 0 & 1 & 0 \\ 0 & -3t & 1 \end{bmatrix} \quad (29)$$

> Xcero := array([0, 0, 0])

$$Xcero := \begin{bmatrix} 0 & 0 & 0 \end{bmatrix} \quad (30)$$

> MatExpTau := map(rcurry(eval, t='t - tau'), MatExp)

$$MatExpTau := \begin{bmatrix} 1 & -\frac{3(t-\tau)^2}{2} & t-\tau \\ 0 & 1 & 0 \\ 0 & -3t+3\tau & 1 \end{bmatrix} \quad (31)$$

> BBtau := map(rcurry(eval, t='tau'), BB)

$$BBtau := \begin{bmatrix} 0 & -\frac{\tau e^{-\tau}}{3} & \tau e^{-\tau} \end{bmatrix} \quad (32)$$

> ProdTau := evalm(MatExpTau &* BBtau)

$$ProdTau := \begin{bmatrix} \frac{(t-\tau)^2 \tau e^{-\tau}}{2} + (t-\tau) \tau e^{-\tau} & -\frac{\tau e^{-\tau}}{3} & -\frac{(-3t+3\tau) \tau e^{-\tau}}{3} + \tau e^{-\tau} \end{bmatrix} \quad (33)$$

> SolPartNoHom := map(int, ProdTau, tau=0..t)

$$SolPartNoHom := \begin{bmatrix} \frac{t^2}{2} - t + 1 - e^{-t} & -\frac{1}{3} + \frac{te^{-t}}{3} + \frac{e^{-t}}{3} & t - 1 + e^{-t} \end{bmatrix} \quad (34)$$

> x(t) = SolPartNoHom[1]; y(t) = SolPartNoHom[2]; z(t) = SolPartNoHom[3]

$$\begin{aligned} x(t) &= \frac{t^2}{2} - t + 1 - e^{-t} \\ y(t) &= -\frac{1}{3} + \frac{te^{-t}}{3} + \frac{e^{-t}}{3} \\ z(t) &= t - 1 + e^{-t} \end{aligned} \quad (35)$$

> Solucion[1]

$$x(t) = \frac{t^2}{2} - t + 1 - e^{-t} \quad (36)$$

> Solucion[2]

$$y(t) = -\frac{1}{3} + \frac{e^{-t}(t+1)}{3} \quad (37)$$

SOLUCIÓN ALTERNA (CON SIGNO NEGATIVO EL SEGUNDO TÉRMINO DE LA PRIMERA ECUACIÓN)

> restart

> Sistema := diff(x(t), t\$2) - 3*diff(y(t), t) + 3*y(t) = 0, diff(x(t), t\$2) + 3*y(t) = t*exp(

$-t) : \text{Sistema}[1]; \text{Sistema}[2]$

$$\frac{d^2}{dt^2} x(t) - 3 \frac{d}{dt} y(t) + 3 y(t) = 0$$

$$\frac{d^2}{dt^2} x(t) + 3 y(t) = t e^{-t} \quad (38)$$

> $\text{SolX} := x(t) = 3 \cdot t - 5 - \frac{t^2}{2} + \exp(-t) \cdot (5 + 2 t)$

$$\text{SolX} := x(t) = 3 t - 5 - \frac{t^2}{2} + e^{-t} (5 + 2 t) \quad (39)$$

> $\text{SolY} := y(t) = \frac{1}{3} - \frac{\exp(-t) \cdot (1 + t)}{3}$

$$\text{SolY} := y(t) = \frac{1}{3} - \frac{e^{-t} (1 + t)}{3} \quad (40)$$

> $\text{ComprobarUno} := \text{simplify}(\text{eval}(\text{subs}(x(t) = \text{rhs}(\text{SolX}), y(t) = \text{rhs}(\text{SolY}), \text{lhs}(\text{Sistema}[1]) - \text{rhs}(\text{Sistema}[1]) = 0)))$

$$\text{ComprobarUno} := 0 = 0 \quad (41)$$

> $\text{ComprobarDos} := \text{simplify}(\text{eval}(\text{subs}(x(t) = \text{rhs}(\text{SolX}), y(t) = \text{rhs}(\text{SolY}), \text{lhs}(\text{Sistema}[2]) - \text{rhs}(\text{Sistema}[2]) = 0)))$

$$\text{ComprobarDos} := 0 = 0 \quad (42)$$

> restart

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4)

> $\text{Ecua} := x^2 \cdot \text{diff}(u(x, y), x\$2) + \text{diff}(u(x, y), y\$2) = 0$

$$\text{Ecua} := x^2 \left(\frac{\partial^2}{\partial x^2} u(x, y) \right) + \frac{\partial^2}{\partial y^2} u(x, y) = 0 \quad (43)$$

> alpha := 0

$$\alpha := 0 \quad (44)$$

POR MÉTODO DE SEPARACIÓN DE VARIABLES

> $\text{EcuaDos} := \text{eval}(\text{subs}(u(x, y) = F(x) \cdot G(y), \text{Ecua}))$

$$\text{EcuaDos} := x^2 \left(\frac{d^2}{dx^2} F(x) \right) G(y) + F(x) \left(\frac{d^2}{dy^2} G(y) \right) = 0 \quad (45)$$

> $\text{EcuaSeparada} := \frac{\text{lhs}(\text{EcuaDos}) - F(x) \left(\frac{d^2}{dy^2} G(y) \right)}{F(x) \cdot G(y)}$

$$= \frac{\text{rhs}(\text{EcuaDos}) - F(x) \left(\frac{d^2}{dy^2} G(y) \right)}{F(x) \cdot G(y)}$$

$$\text{EcuaSeparada} := \frac{x^2 \left(\frac{d^2}{dx^2} F(x) \right)}{F(x)} = - \frac{\frac{d^2}{dy^2} G(y)}{G(y)} \quad (46)$$

> $Ecuax := lhs(Ecuaseparada) = \alpha$

$$Ecuax := \frac{x^2 \left(\frac{d^2}{dx^2} F(x) \right)}{F(x)} = 0 \quad (47)$$

> $Ecuay := rhs(Ecuaseparada) = \alpha$

$$Ecuay := -\frac{\frac{d^2}{dy^2} G(y)}{G(y)} = 0 \quad (48)$$

> $SolX := dsolve(Ecuax)$

$$SolX := F(x) = c_1 x + c_2 \quad (49)$$

> $SolY := dsolve(Ecuay)$

$$SolY := G(y) = c_1 y + c_2 \quad (50)$$

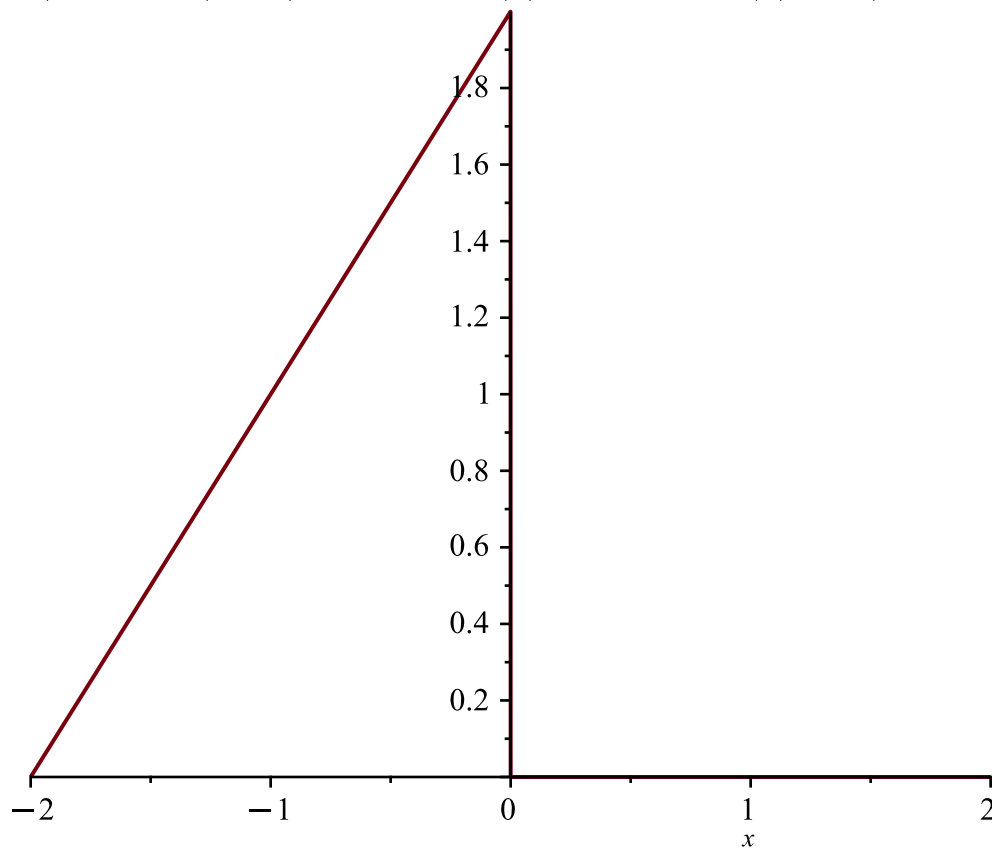
> $SolGral := u(x, y) = rhs(SolX) \cdot subs(c_1 = 1, c_2 = 1, rhs(SolY))$

$$SolGral := u(x, y) = (c_1 x + c_2) (1 + y) \quad (51)$$

> restart

5)

> $f := (x + 2) \cdot Heaviside(x + 2) - x \cdot Heaviside(x) - 2 \cdot Heaviside(x) : plot(f, x = -2..2)$



POR SERIE TRIGONOMÉTRICA DE FOURIER

> $L := 2$

$$L := 2$$

(52)

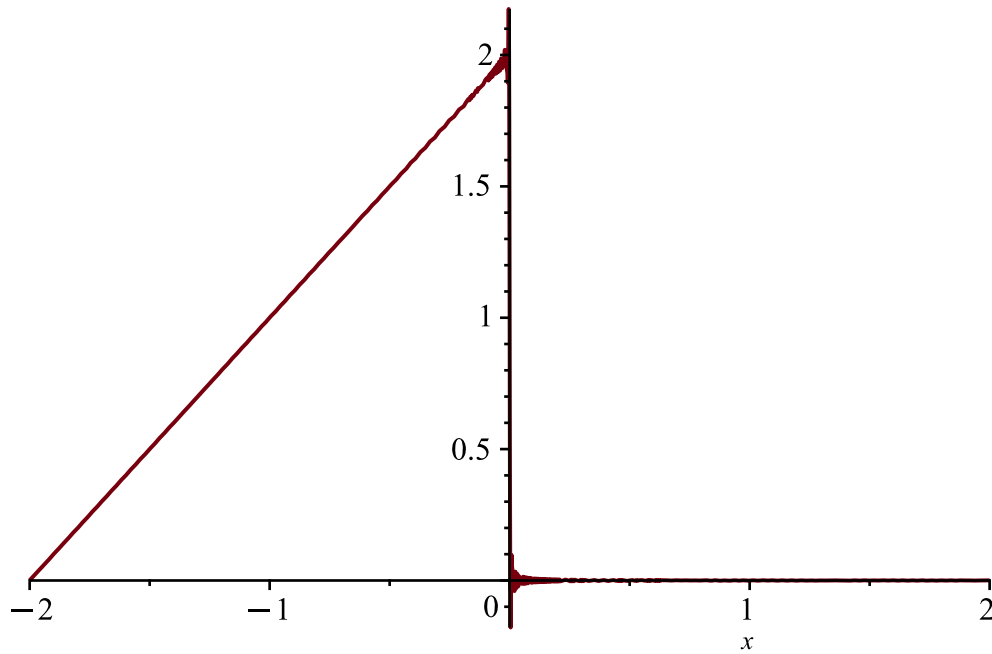
$$\begin{aligned} > a[0] := \frac{1}{L} \cdot \text{int}(f, x=-L..L) \\ & a_0 := 1 \end{aligned} \tag{53}$$

$$\begin{aligned} > a[n] := \text{subs}\left(\cos(n \cdot \text{Pi}) = (-1)^n, \frac{1}{L} \cdot \text{int}\left(f \cdot \cos\left(\frac{n \cdot \text{Pi}}{L} \cdot x\right), x=-L..L\right)\right) \\ & a_n := \frac{-4(-1)^n + 4}{2n^2\pi^2} \end{aligned} \tag{54}$$

$$\begin{aligned} > b[n] := \text{subs}\left(\sin(n \cdot \text{Pi}) = 0, \frac{1}{L} \cdot \text{int}\left(f \cdot \sin\left(\frac{n \cdot \text{Pi}}{L} \cdot x\right), x=-L..L\right)\right) \\ & b_n := -\frac{2}{n\pi} \end{aligned} \tag{55}$$

$$> \text{STF500} := \frac{a[0]}{2} + \text{sum}\left(a[n] \cdot \cos\left(\frac{n \cdot \text{Pi}}{L} \cdot x\right) + b[n] \cdot \sin\left(\frac{n \cdot \text{Pi}}{L} \cdot x\right), n=1..500\right) :$$

> plot(STF500, x=-2..2)



> restart
FIN EXAMEN

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