

>

SOLUCIÓN

FACULTAD DE INGENIERÍA
 ECUACIONES DIFERENCIALES
 TERCER EXAMEN PARCIAL (TEMAS 4 Y 5)
 SEMESTRE 2014-1

2013 NOVIEMBRE 15

> restart

1) UTILIZANDO EXCLUSIVAMENTE TRANSFORMADA DE LAPLACE (**sin usar dsolve**):

a) **(15/100 puntos)** OBTENER LA SOLUCIÓN PARTICULAR DE LA ECUACIÓN DADA CON LAS CONDICIONES INICIALES DADAS

b) **(15/100 puntos)** GRAFICAR - JUNTAS - LA SOLUCIÓN OBTENIDA EN EL INCISO a) Y SU PRIMERA DERIVADA PARA UN INTERVALO DE $0 < t < 3$

>

RESPUESTA 1a)

$$\text{Ecuacion} := \frac{d^2}{dt^2} y(t) + 16 y(t) = 64 (t-2) \text{Heaviside}(t-2) \cos(3t-6)$$

$$\text{Ecuacion} := \frac{d^2}{dt^2} y(t) + 16 y(t) = 64 (t-2) \text{Heaviside}(t-2) \cos(3t-6) \quad (1)$$

$$\text{Condiciones} := y(0) = 1, D(y)(0) = 0;$$

$$\text{Condiciones} := y(0) = 1, D(y)(0) = 0 \quad (2)$$

> with(inttrans) :

$$\text{TransLapEcuacion} := \text{simplify}(\text{subs}(\text{Condiciones}, \text{laplace}(\text{Ecuacion}, t, s)))$$

$$\text{TransLapEcuacion} := s^2 \text{laplace}(y(t), t, s) - s + 16 \text{laplace}(y(t), t, s) = \frac{64 e^{-2s} (s^2 - 9)}{(s^2 + 9)^2} \quad (3)$$

$$\text{TransLapSolucion} := \text{simplify}(\text{isolate}(\text{TransLapEcuacion}, \text{laplace}(y(t), t, s)))$$

$$\text{TransLapSolucion} := \text{laplace}(y(t), t, s) = \frac{64 e^{-2s} s^2 - 576 e^{-2s} + s^5 + 18 s^3 + 81 s}{(s^2 + 9)^2 (s^2 + 16)} \quad (4)$$

$$\text{SolucionParticular} := \text{simplify}(\text{invlaplace}(\text{TransLapSolucion}, s, t))$$

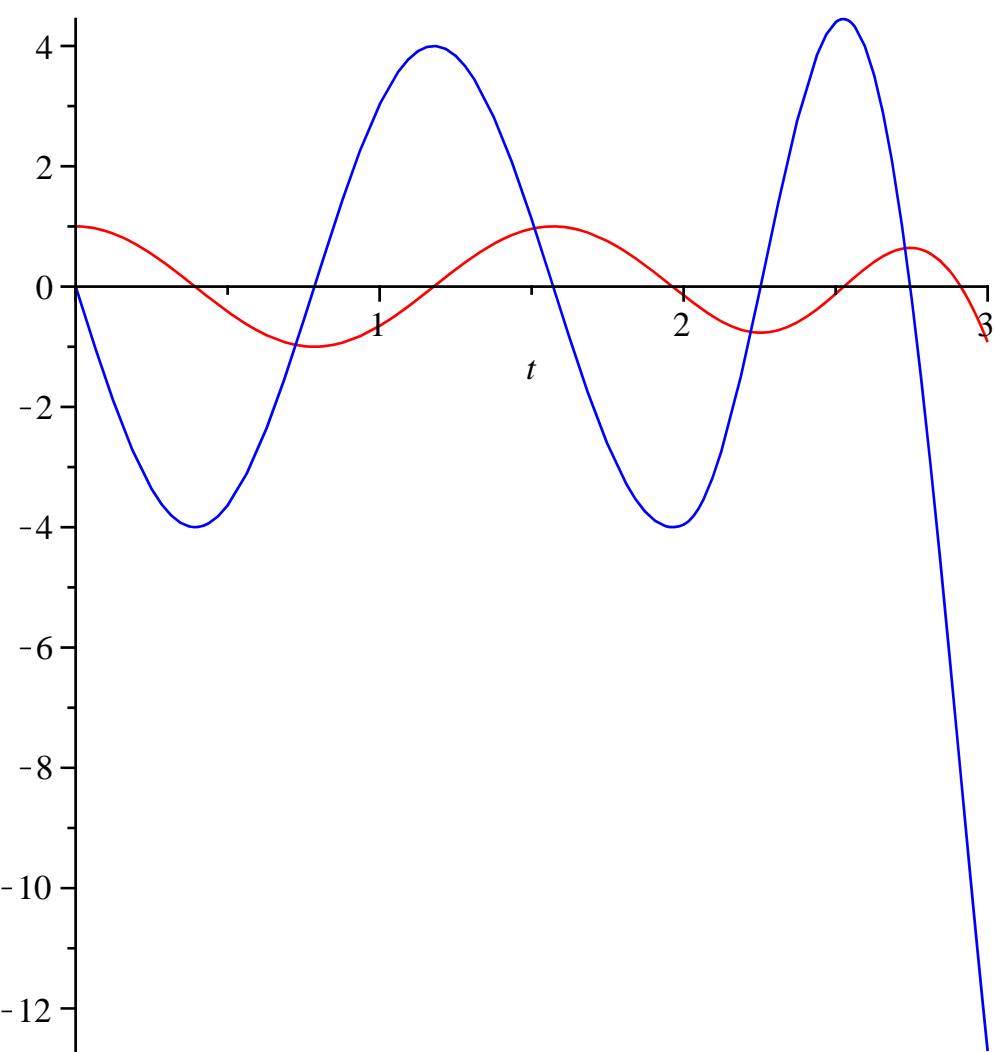
$$\text{SolucionParticular} := y(t) = \cos(4t) - \frac{400}{49} \text{Heaviside}(t-2) \sin(4t-8) \quad (5)$$

$$+ \frac{384}{49} \text{Heaviside}(t-2) \sin(3t-6) + \frac{64}{7} \text{Heaviside}(t-2) \cos(3t-6) t$$

$$- \frac{128}{7} \text{Heaviside}(t-2) \cos(3t-6)$$

RESPUESTA 1b)

> $\text{plot}([\text{rhs}(\text{SolucionParticular}), \text{rhs}(\text{diff}(\text{SolucionParticular}, t))], t=0..3, \text{color}=[\text{red}, \text{blue}])$



>
FIN RESPUESTA 1)

>
> *restart*

2) DADA LA GRÁFICA DE LA FUNCIÓN SIGUIENTE:

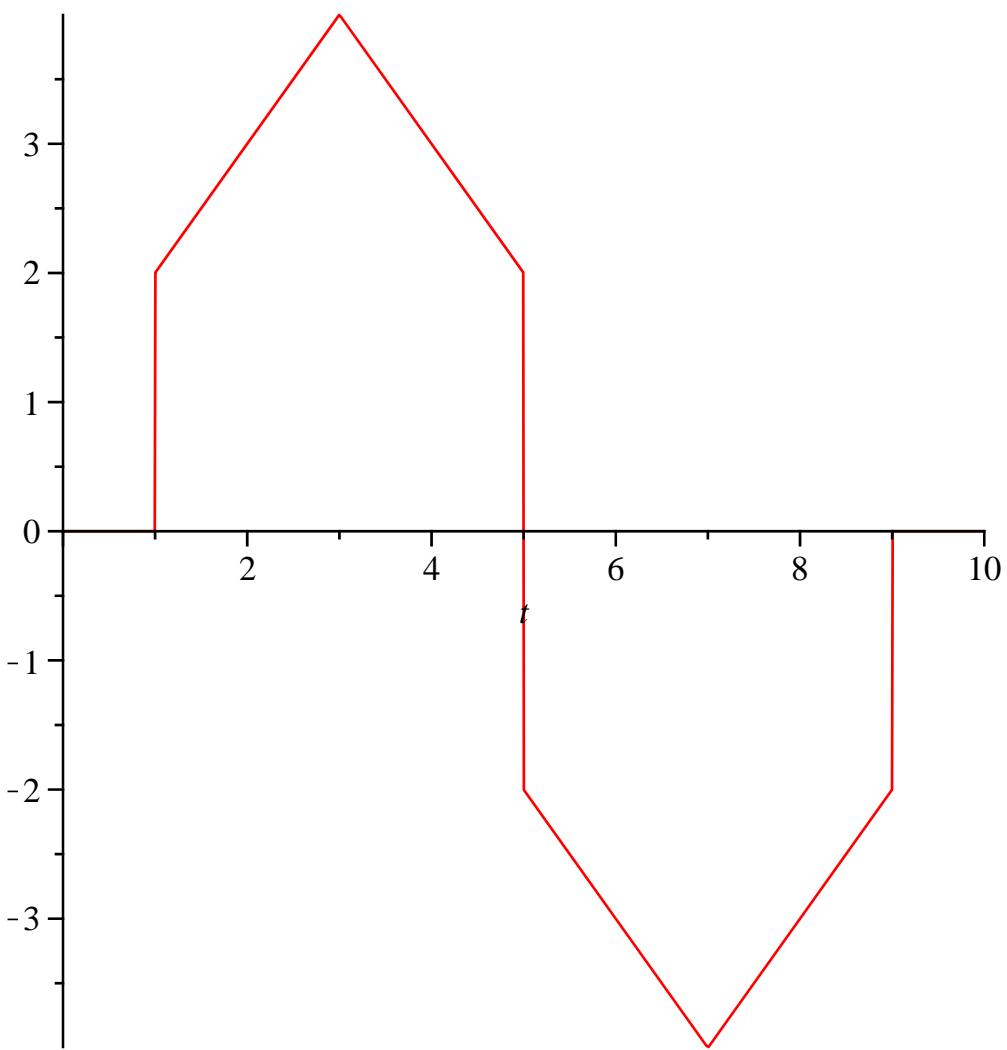
- a) (15/100 puntos) OBTENER SU TRANSFORMADA DE LAPLACE.
- b) (25/100 puntos) OBTENER Y GRAFICAR SU SERIE COSENO DE FOURIER PARA 500 TÉRMINOS EN EL MISMO INTERVALO.

>

RESPUESTA 2 a).

>

$$p := 2 \cdot \text{Heaviside}(t - 1) + (t - 1) \cdot \text{Heaviside}(t - 1) - 2 \cdot (t - 3) \cdot \text{Heaviside}(t - 3) + (t - 5) \cdot \text{Heaviside}(t - 5) - 4 \cdot \text{Heaviside}(t - 5) - (t - 5) \cdot \text{Heaviside}(t - 5) + 2 \cdot (t - 7) \cdot \text{Heaviside}(t - 7) - (t - 9) \cdot \text{Heaviside}(t - 9) + 2 \cdot \text{Heaviside}(t - 9) : \text{plot}(p, t = 0 .. 10)$$



```

> with(inttrans) :
> P := laplace(p, t, s)

$$P := \frac{e^{-s} - e^{-9s} + 2e^{-7s} - 2e^{-3s}}{s^2} + \frac{2(e^{-s} + e^{-9s} - 2e^{-5s})}{s} \quad (6)$$

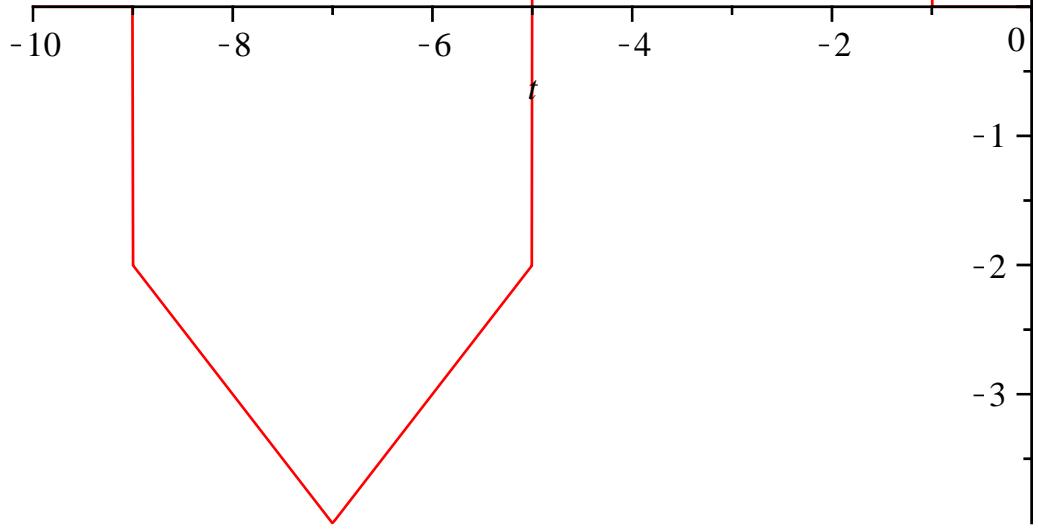

```

RESPUESTA 2 b).

```

>
> r := -2·Heaviside(t+9) - (t+9)·Heaviside(t+9) + 2·(t+7)·Heaviside(t+7) - (t
+ 5)·Heaviside(t+5) + 4·Heaviside(t+5) + (t+5)·Heaviside(t+5) - 2·(t+3)
·Heaviside(t+3) + (t+1)·Heaviside(t+1) - 2·Heaviside(t+1) : plot(r, t=-10..0)

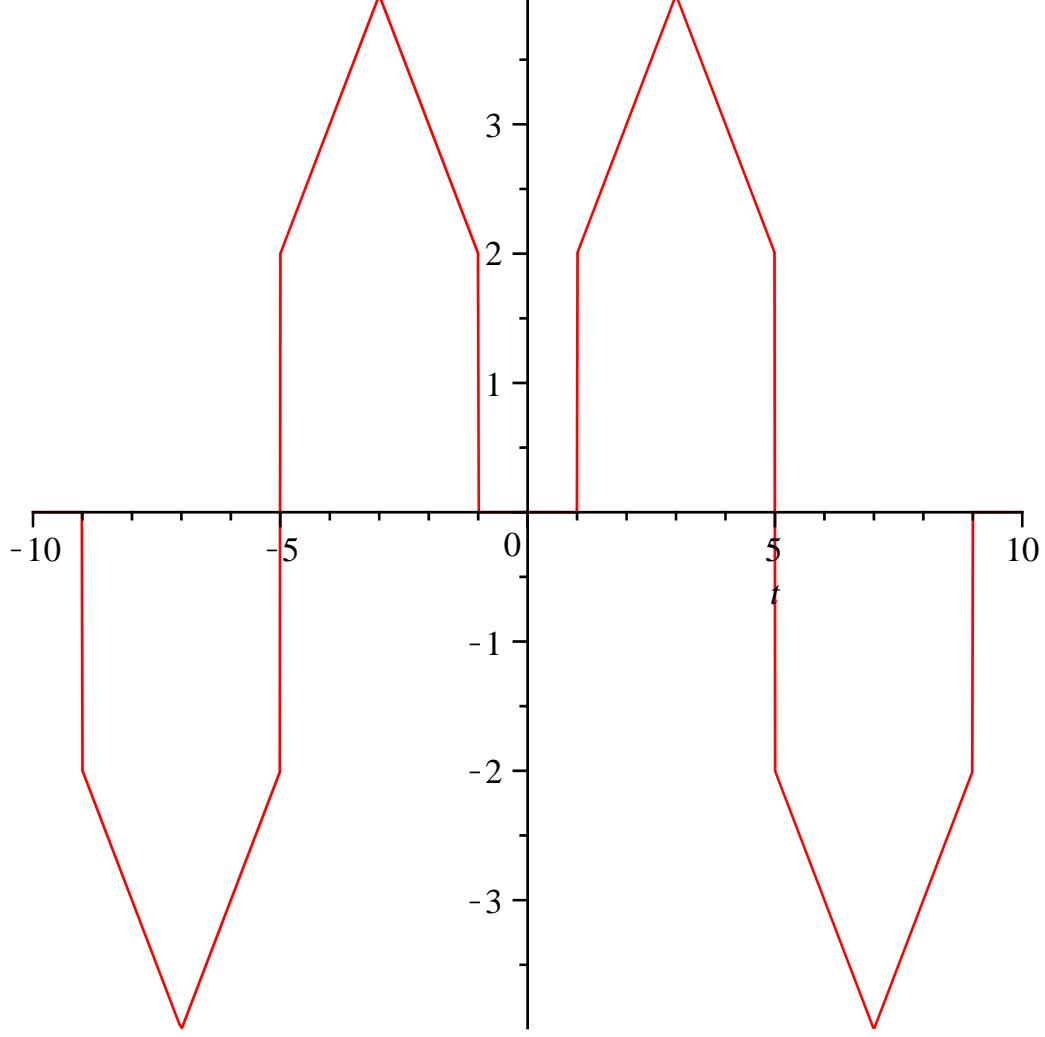
```



```

> q := p + r; plot(q, t=-10..10)
q := 2 Heaviside(t - 1) + (t - 1) Heaviside(t - 1) - 2 (t - 3) Heaviside(t - 3)
- 4 Heaviside(t - 5) + 2 (t - 7) Heaviside(t - 7) - (t - 9) Heaviside(t - 9)
+ 2 Heaviside(t - 9) - 2 Heaviside(t + 9) - (t + 9) Heaviside(t + 9) + 2 (t
+ 7) Heaviside(t + 7) + 4 Heaviside(t + 5) - 2 (t + 3) Heaviside(t + 3) + (t
+ 1) Heaviside(t + 1) - 2 Heaviside(t + 1)

```



> $L := 10$ (7)
 > $L := 10$

> $a_0 := \left(\frac{1}{10} \right) \cdot \text{int}(q, t = -10..10)$ (8)
 > $a_0 := 0$

> $a_n := \text{simplify}\left(\left(\frac{1}{10} \right) \cdot \text{int}\left(q \cdot \cos\left(\frac{n \cdot \text{Pi} \cdot t}{L} \right), t = -10..10 \right) \right)$ (9)
 $a_n := -\frac{1}{n^2 \pi^2} \left(4 \left(n \pi \sin\left(\frac{1}{10} n \pi \right) + 5 \cos\left(\frac{1}{10} n \pi \right) - 10 \cos\left(\frac{3}{10} n \pi \right) \right. \right.$
 $\left. \left. + 10 \cos\left(\frac{7}{10} n \pi \right) - 5 \cos\left(\frac{9}{10} n \pi \right) + n \pi \sin\left(\frac{9}{10} n \pi \right) - 2 \sin\left(\frac{1}{2} n \pi \right) n \pi \right) \right)$

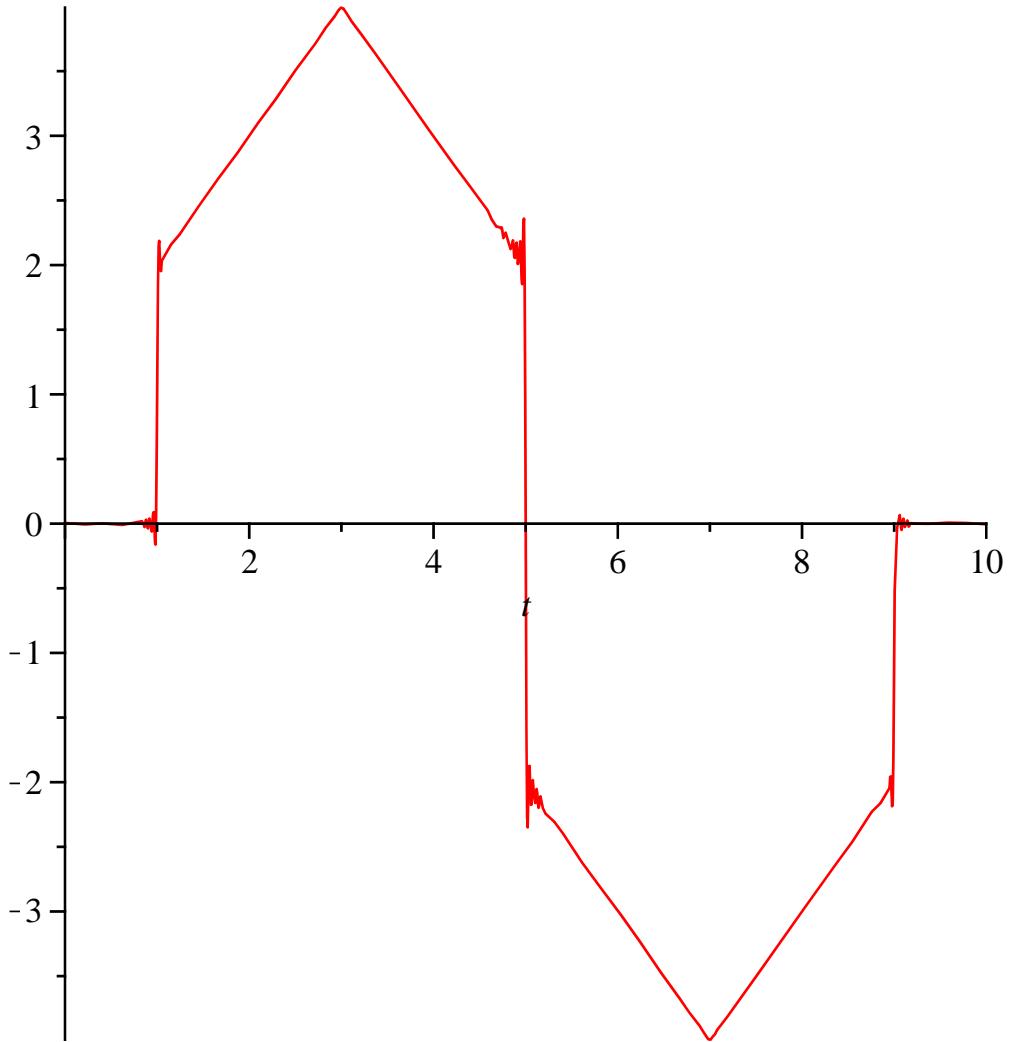
> $b_n := \text{simplify}\left(\left(\frac{1}{10} \right) \cdot \text{int}\left(q \cdot \sin\left(\frac{n \cdot \text{Pi} \cdot t}{L} \right), t = -10..10 \right) \right)$ (10)
 > $b_n := 0$

> $STF := \text{Sum}\left(a_n \cdot \cos\left(\frac{n \cdot \text{Pi} \cdot t}{L} \right), n = 1 .. \text{infinity} \right);$ (11)

$$STF := \sum_{n=1}^{\infty} \left(-\frac{1}{n^2 \pi^2} \left(4 \left(n \pi \sin \left(\frac{1}{10} n \pi \right) + 5 \cos \left(\frac{1}{10} n \pi \right) - 10 \cos \left(\frac{3}{10} n \pi \right) \right. \right. \right. \right. \\ \left. \left. \left. \left. + 10 \cos \left(\frac{7}{10} n \pi \right) - 5 \cos \left(\frac{9}{10} n \pi \right) + n \pi \sin \left(\frac{9}{10} n \pi \right) - 2 \sin \left(\frac{1}{2} n \pi \right) n \pi \right) \right. \right. \right. \\ \left. \left. \left. \left. \cos \left(\frac{1}{10} n \pi t \right) \right) \right) \right) \quad (11)$$

> $STF_{500} := \text{sum}\left(a_n \cdot \cos\left(\frac{n \cdot \text{Pi} \cdot t}{L}\right), n = 1 .. 500\right) :$

> $\text{plot}(STF_{500}, t = 0 .. 10)$



FIN RESPUESTA 2)

> restart

3) (30/100 puntos) OBTENER LA SOLUCIÓN DE LA SIGUIENTE ECUACIÓN EN DERIVADAS PARCIALES, UTILIZANDO EL MÉTODO DE SEPARACIÓN DE VARIABLES CON UNA CONSTANTE DE SEPARACIÓN POSITIVA:

$$\frac{\partial^2}{\partial x^2} z(x, t) + t^2 \left(\frac{\partial}{\partial t} z(x, t) \right) = \frac{\partial}{\partial x} z(x, t) \quad (12)$$

>

RESPUESTA 3)

$$\begin{aligned} > Ecuacion &:= \frac{\partial^2}{\partial x^2} z(x, t) + t^2 \left(\frac{\partial}{\partial t} z(x, t) \right) = \frac{\partial}{\partial x} z(x, t) \\ &\quad Ecuacion := \frac{\partial^2}{\partial x^2} z(x, t) + t^2 \left(\frac{\partial}{\partial t} z(x, t) \right) = \frac{\partial}{\partial x} z(x, t) \end{aligned} \quad (13)$$

$$\begin{aligned} > EcuacionSeparable &:= \text{simplify}(\text{eval}(\text{subs}(z(x, t) = F(x) \cdot G(t), Ecuacion))) \\ &\quad EcuacionSeparable := \left(\frac{d^2}{dx^2} F(x) \right) G(t) + t^2 F(x) \left(\frac{d}{dt} G(t) \right) = \left(\frac{d}{dx} F(x) \right) G(t) \end{aligned} \quad (14)$$

$$> EcuacionSeparada$$

$$\begin{aligned} &:= \text{simplify} \left(\frac{\left(\text{lhs}(EcuacionSeparable) - t^2 F(x) \left(\frac{d}{dt} G(t) \right) - \left(\frac{d}{dx} F(x) \right) G(t) \right)}{F(x) \cdot G(t)} \right. \\ &= \left. \frac{\left(\text{rhs}(EcuacionSeparable) - t^2 F(x) \left(\frac{d}{dt} G(t) \right) - \left(\frac{d}{dx} F(x) \right) G(t) \right)}{F(x) \cdot G(t)} \right) \\ &\quad EcuacionSeparada := \frac{\frac{d^2}{dx^2} F(x) - \left(\frac{d}{dx} F(x) \right)}{F(x)} = - \frac{t^2 \left(\frac{d}{dt} G(t) \right)}{G(t)} \end{aligned} \quad (15)$$

$$> EcuacionX := \text{lhs}(EcuacionSeparada) = \text{alpha}; EcuacionT := \text{rhs}(EcuacionSeparada) = \text{alpha}$$

$$\begin{aligned} &\quad EcuacionX := \frac{\frac{d^2}{dx^2} F(x) - \left(\frac{d}{dx} F(x) \right)}{F(x)} = \alpha \\ &\quad EcuacionT := - \frac{t^2 \left(\frac{d}{dt} G(t) \right)}{G(t)} = \alpha \end{aligned} \quad (16)$$

$$> SolucionXpos := \text{dsolve}(\text{subs}(\text{alpha} = \text{beta} \cdot 2, EcuacionX))$$

$$\begin{aligned} &\quad SolucionXpos := F(x) = _C1 e^{\left(\frac{1}{2} + \frac{1}{2} \sqrt{1+4\beta^2} \right)x} + _C2 e^{\left(\frac{1}{2} - \frac{1}{2} \sqrt{1+4\beta^2} \right)x} \end{aligned} \quad (17)$$

$$> SolucionTpos := \text{dsolve}(\text{subs}(\text{alpha} = \text{beta} \cdot 2, EcuacionT))$$

$$\begin{aligned} &\quad SolucionTpos := G(t) = _C1 e^{\frac{\beta^2}{t}} \end{aligned} \quad (18)$$

$$> SolucionGeneral := z(x, t) = (\text{rhs}(\text{SolucionXpos}) \cdot \text{subs}(_C1 = 1, \text{rhs}(\text{SolucionTpos})))$$

$$\begin{aligned} &\quad SolucionGeneral := z(x, t) = \left(-_C1 e^{\left(\frac{1}{2} + \frac{1}{2} \sqrt{1+4\beta^2} \right)x} + _C2 e^{\left(\frac{1}{2} - \frac{1}{2} \sqrt{1+4\beta^2} \right)x} \right) e^{\frac{\beta^2}{t}} \end{aligned} \quad (19)$$

>

OPCIÓN DOS

$$> EcuacionSeparableDos := \text{simplify}(\text{eval}(\text{subs}(z(x, t) = F(x) + G(t), Ecuacion)))$$

$$\begin{aligned} &\quad EcuacionSeparableDos := \frac{d^2}{dx^2} F(x) + t^2 \left(\frac{d}{dt} G(t) \right) = \frac{d}{dx} F(x) \end{aligned} \quad (20)$$

$$> EcuacionSeparadaDos := \text{lhs}(EcuacionSeparableDos) - \frac{d}{dx} F(x) - t^2 \left(\frac{d}{dt} G(t) \right)$$

$$= rhs(EcuacionSeparableDos) - \frac{d}{dx} F(x) - t^2 \left(\frac{d}{dt} G(t) \right)$$

$$EcuacionSeparadaDos := \frac{d^2}{dx^2} F(x) - \left(\frac{d}{dx} F(x) \right) = -t^2 \left(\frac{d}{dt} G(t) \right) \quad (21)$$

> $EcuacionXdos := lhs(EcuacionSeparadaDos) = \text{alpha}; EcuacionTdos$
 $:= rhs(EcuacionSeparadaDos) = \text{alpha}$

$$EcuacionXdos := \frac{d^2}{dx^2} F(x) - \left(\frac{d}{dx} F(x) \right) = \alpha$$

$$EcuacionTdos := -t^2 \left(\frac{d}{dt} G(t) \right) = \alpha \quad (22)$$

> $SolucionXposDos := dsolve(subs(\text{alpha} = \text{beta} \cdot 2, EcuacionXdos))$
 $SolucionXposDos := F(x) = e^x \cdot C1 - \beta^2 x + C2 \quad (23)$

> $SolucionTposDos := dsolve(subs(\text{alpha} = \text{beta} \cdot 2, EcuacionTdos))$
 $SolucionTposDos := G(t) = \frac{\beta^2}{t} + C1 \quad (24)$

> $SolucionGeneralDos := z(x, t) = (rhs(SolucionXposDos) \cdot subs(C1 = 1, rhs(SolucionTposDos)))$
 $SolucionGeneralDos := z(x, t) = (e^x \cdot C1 - \beta^2 x + C2) \left(\frac{\beta^2}{t} + 1 \right) \quad (25)$

>
 > *restart*

FIN DEL EXAMEN

>
 >
 >
 >