

UNAM
FACULTAD DE INGENIERÍA
DIVISIÓN DE CIENCIAS BÁSICAS
SEGUNDO EXAMEN FINAL
SEMESTRE 2020-1
ECUACIONES DIFERENCIALES
GRUPO 12

6 DICIEMBRE 2019

> restart

1. Resuelva

> Ecuacion := x·diff(y(x), x) - y(x) = x·3·exp(3·x)

$$\text{Ecuacion} := x \left(\frac{d}{dx} y(x) \right) - y(x) = x^3 e^{3x} \quad (1)$$

> Condicion := y(1) = 0

$$\text{Condicion} := y(1) = 0 \quad (2)$$

Solución i)

> SolucionParticular := expand(dsolve({Ecuacion, Condicion})); evalf(%, 2)

$$\text{SolucionParticular} := y(x) = \frac{1}{3} (e^x)^3 x^2 - \frac{1}{9} (e^x)^3 x - \frac{2}{9} e^3 x$$

$$y(x) = 0.33 (e^x)^3 x^2 - 0.11 (e^x)^3 x - 4.4 x \quad (3)$$

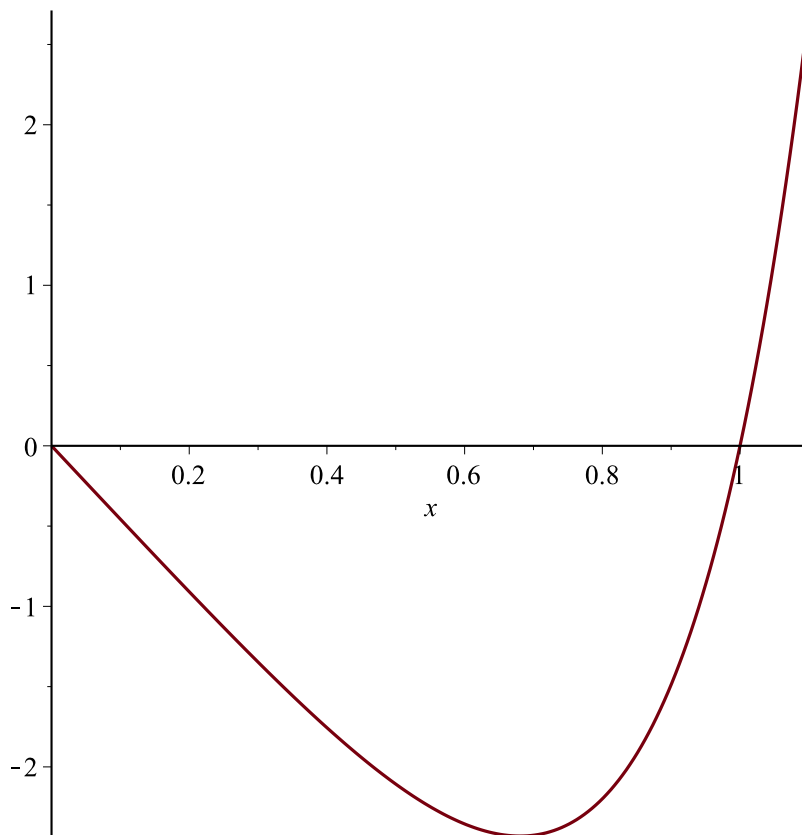
> CompUno := simplify(eval(subs(y(x) = rhs(SolucionParticular), lhs(Ecuacion) - rhs(Ecuacion) = 0)))

$$\text{CompUno} := 0 = 0 \quad (4)$$

> CompDos := simplify(subs(x = 1, SolucionParticular))

$$\text{CompDos} := y(1) = 0 \quad (5)$$

> plot(rhs(SolucionParticular), x = 0 .. 1.1)



solucion ii)

> Ecuacion

$$x \left(\frac{d}{dx} y(x) \right) - y(x) = x^3 e^{3x} \quad (6)$$

> EcuadDos := expand((lhs(Ecuacion) = rhs(Ecuacion)) / x)

$$EcuadDos := \frac{d}{dx} y(x) - \frac{y(x)}{x} = (e^x)^3 x^2 \quad (7)$$

> p := -1/x; q := rhs(EcuadDos)

$$p := -\frac{1}{x}$$

$$q := (e^x)^3 x^2 \quad (8)$$

> SolGral := y(x) = expand(C[1]·exp(-int(p,x)) + exp(-int(p,x))·int(exp(int(p,x))·q,x))

$$SolGral := y(x) = C_1 x + \frac{1}{3} (e^x)^3 x^2 - \frac{1}{9} (e^x)^3 x \quad (9)$$

> Para := isolate(subs(x=1, rhs(SolGral))=0), C[1])

(10)

$$Para := C_1 = -\frac{2}{9} (e)^3 \quad (10)$$

> SolPart := subs(C[1]=rhs(Para), SolGral); evalf(%, 2)

$$SolPart := y(x) = -\frac{2}{9} (e^x)^3 x + \frac{1}{3} (e^x)^3 x^2 - \frac{1}{9} (e^x)^3 x$$

$$y(x) = 0.33 (e^x)^3 x^2 - 0.11 (e^x)^3 x - 4.4 x \quad (11)$$

> CompTres := simplify(eval(subs(y(x)=rhs(SolPart), lhs(Ecuacion) - rhs(Ecuacion) = 0)))

$$CompTres := 0 = 0 \quad (12)$$

> CompCuatro := simplify(subs(x=1, SolPart))

$$CompCuatro := y(1) = 0 \quad (13)$$

fin solucion 1)

> restart

2. Resuelva

> Ecuacion := x·2·diff(y(x), x\$2) - (x·2 + 2·x)·diff(y(x), x) + (x + 2)·y(x) = x·3

$$Ecuacion := x^2 \left(\frac{d^2}{dx^2} y(x) \right) - (x^2 + 2x) \left(\frac{d}{dx} y(x) \right) + (x + 2) y(x) = x^3 \quad (14)$$

solucion i)

> SolucionGeneral := dsolve(Ecuacion)

$$SolucionGeneral := y(x) = x_C2 + x e^x_C1 - x^2 \quad (15)$$

> CompUno := simplify(eval(subs(y(x)=rhs(SolucionGeneral), lhs(Ecuacion) - rhs(Ecuacion) = 0)))

$$CompUno := 0 = 0 \quad (16)$$

solucion ii)

> yy[1] := x; yy[2] := x·exp(x)

$$yy_1 := x$$

$$yy_2 := x e^x \quad (17)$$

> EcuacionNormal := expand\left(\frac{lhs(Ecuacion)}{x \cdot 2}\right) = \frac{rhs(Ecuacion)}{x \cdot 2}

$$EcuacionNormal := \frac{d^2}{dx^2} y(x) - \left(\frac{d}{dx} y(x) \right) - \frac{2 \left(\frac{d}{dx} y(x) \right)}{x} + \frac{y(x)}{x} + \frac{2 y(x)}{x^2} = x \quad (18)$$

> EcuacionHom := lhs(EcuacionNormal) = 0

$$EcuacionHom := \frac{d^2}{dx^2} y(x) - \left(\frac{d}{dx} y(x) \right) - \frac{2 \left(\frac{d}{dx} y(x) \right)}{x} + \frac{y(x)}{x} + \frac{2 y(x)}{x^2} = 0 \quad (19)$$

> Q := rhs(EcuacionNormal)

$$Q := x \quad (20)$$

> with(linalg) :

> WW := wronskian([yy[1], yy[2]], x)

$$WW := \begin{bmatrix} x & x e^x \\ 1 & e^x + x e^x \end{bmatrix} \quad (21)$$

$$\begin{aligned} &> BB := array([0, Q]) \\ &BB := \begin{bmatrix} 0 & x \end{bmatrix} \end{aligned} \quad (22)$$

$$\begin{aligned} &> Para := linsolve(WW, BB) \\ &Para := \begin{bmatrix} -1 & \frac{1}{e^x} \end{bmatrix} \end{aligned} \quad (23)$$

$$\begin{aligned} &> Aprima := Para[1]; Bprima := Para[2] \\ &Aprima := -1 \\ &Bprima := \frac{1}{e^x} \end{aligned} \quad (24)$$

$$\begin{aligned} &> A := int(Aprima, x) + C[1]; B := int(Bprima, x) + C[2] \\ &A := -x + C_1 \\ &B := -\frac{1}{e^x} + C_2 \end{aligned} \quad (25)$$

$$\begin{aligned} &> SolNoHom := y(x) = expand(A·yy[1] + B·yy[2]) \\ &SolNoHom := y(x) = -x^2 + x C_1 - x + x e^x C_2 \end{aligned} \quad (26)$$

$$\begin{aligned} &> CompDos := simplify(eval(subs(y(x) = rhs(SolNoHom), lhs(Ecuacion) - rhs(Ecuacion) \\ &= 0))) \\ &CompDos := 0 = 0 \end{aligned} \quad (27)$$

fin solucion 2)

> restart

3. Utilizando transformada de Laplace obtener i(t)=q'(t)

$$\begin{aligned} &> Ecuacion := diff(q(t), t$2) - 2·diff(q(t), t) + q(t) = \frac{1}{4} \cdot \cos(t) \\ &Ecuacion := \frac{d^2}{dt^2} q(t) - 2 \left(\frac{d}{dt} q(t) \right) + q(t) = \frac{1}{4} \cos(t) \end{aligned} \quad (28)$$

$$\begin{aligned} &> Condiciones := q(0) = 0, D(q)(0) = 0 \\ &Condiciones := q(0) = 0, D(q)(0) = 0 \end{aligned} \quad (29)$$

solución

> with(intrans) :

$$\begin{aligned} &> LapEcu := subs(Condiciones, laplace(Ecuacion, t, s)) \\ &LapEcu := s^2 laplace(q(t), t, s) - 2 s laplace(q(t), t, s) + laplace(q(t), t, s) = \frac{1}{4} \frac{s}{s^2 + 1} \end{aligned} \quad (30)$$

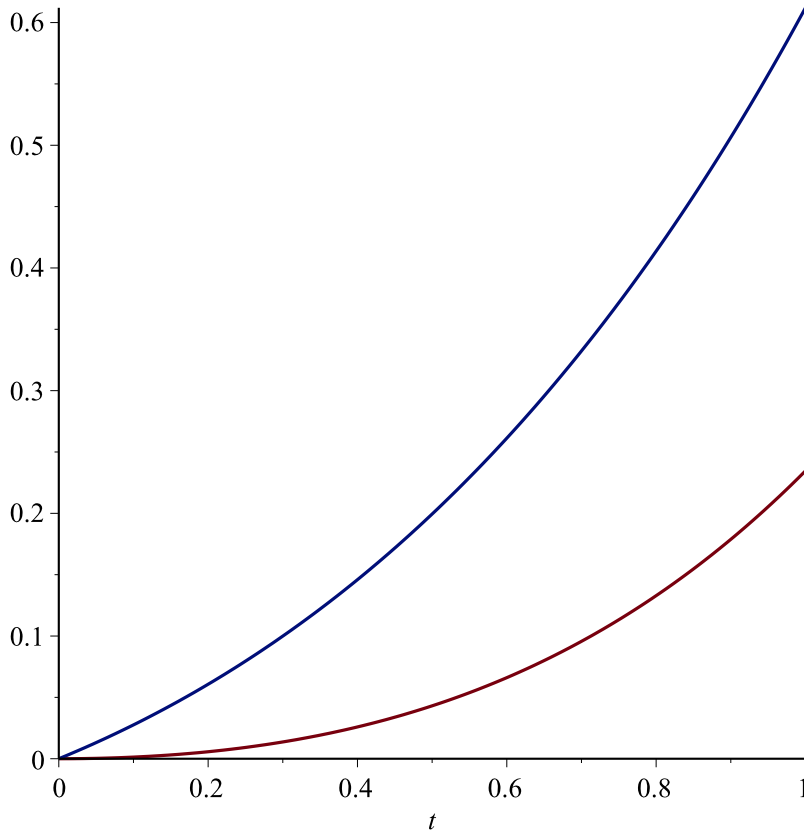
$$\begin{aligned} &> LapSol := isolate(LapEcu, laplace(q(t), t, s)) \\ &LapSol := laplace(q(t), t, s) = \frac{1}{4} \frac{s}{(s^2 + 1)(s^2 - 2s + 1)} \end{aligned} \quad (31)$$

$$\begin{aligned} &> SolPart := invlaplace(LapSol, s, t) \\ &SolPart := q(t) = \frac{1}{8} t e^t - \frac{1}{8} \sin(t) \end{aligned} \quad (32)$$

$$\begin{aligned} &> Solucion := i(t) = rhs(diff(SolPart, t)) \\ &Solucion := i(t) = \frac{1}{8} e^t + \frac{1}{8} t e^t - \frac{1}{8} \cos(t) \end{aligned} \quad (33)$$

> comprobación := eval(subs(q(t) = rhs(SolPart), lhs(Ecuacion) - rhs(Ecuacion) = 0))
 comprobación := 0 = 0 (34)

> plot([rhs(SolPart), rhs(Solucion)], t=0..1)



fin solucion 3)

> restart

4.- Solución del Sistema

> Sistema := diff(x(t), t) + 2·diff(y(t), t) = exp(t), 2·diff(x(t), t) + diff(y(t), t) = sin(t) :
 Sistema[1]; Sistema[2]

$$\frac{d}{dt} x(t) + 2 \left(\frac{d}{dt} y(t) \right) = e^t$$

$$2 \left(\frac{d}{dt} x(t) \right) + \frac{d}{dt} y(t) = \sin(t) \quad (35)$$

> Cond := x(0) = 1, y(0) = -1

$$Cond := x(0) = 1, y(0) = -1 \quad (36)$$

solución

> Solucion := dsolve({Sistema, Cond}) : Solucion[1]; Solucion[2]

$$x(t) = -\frac{1}{3} e^t - \frac{2}{3} \cos(t) + 2$$

$$y(t) = \frac{2}{3} e^t + \frac{1}{3} \cos(t) - 2 \quad (37)$$

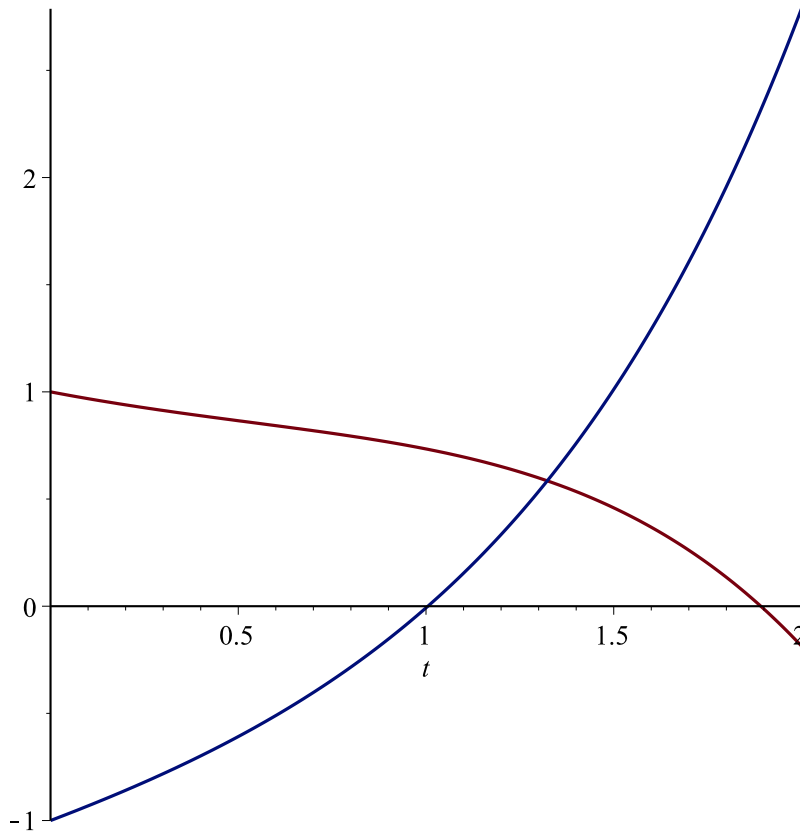
> *CompUno* := eval(subs(x(t) = rhs(Solucion[1]), y(t) = rhs(Solucion[2]), lhs(Sistema[1]) - rhs(Sistema[1]) = 0))

$$\text{CompUno} := 0 = 0 \quad (38)$$

> *CompDos* := eval(subs(x(t) = rhs(Solucion[1]), y(t) = rhs(Solucion[2]), lhs(Sistema[2]) - rhs(Sistema[2]) = 0))

$$\text{CompDos} := 0 = 0 \quad (39)$$

> plot([rhs(Solucion[1]), rhs(Solucion[2])], t = 0..2)



fin solucion 4

> restart

5.- Resuelva para alpha = 1

> *Ecua* := diff(u(x, t), t\$3) = 4 · diff(u(x, t), x, t)

$$\text{Ecua} := \frac{\partial^3}{\partial t^3} u(x, t) = 4 \left(\frac{\partial^2}{\partial x \partial t} u(x, t) \right) \quad (40)$$

> *EcuaDos* := eval(subs(u(x, t) = F(x) · G(t), *Ecua*))

$$\text{EcuaDos} := F(x) \left(\frac{d^3}{dt^3} G(t) \right) = 4 \left(\frac{d}{dx} F(x) \right) \left(\frac{d}{dt} G(t) \right) \quad (41)$$

solucion i)

$$\begin{aligned} > \text{EcuaTres} := \frac{\text{lhs}(\text{EcuaDos})}{F(x) \cdot \text{diff}(G(t), t)} = \frac{\text{rhs}(\text{EcuaDos})}{F(x) \cdot \text{diff}(G(t), t)} \\ & \text{EcuaTres} := \frac{\frac{d^3}{dt^3} G(t)}{\frac{d}{dt} G(t)} = \frac{4 \left(\frac{d}{dx} F(x) \right)}{F(x)} \end{aligned} \quad (42)$$

$$\begin{aligned} > \text{EcuaTresX} := \text{rhs}(\text{EcuaTres}) = 1; \text{EcuaTresT} := \text{lhs}(\text{EcuaTres}) = 1 \\ & \text{EcuaTresX} := \frac{4 \left(\frac{d}{dx} F(x) \right)}{F(x)} = 1 \\ & \text{EcuaTresT} := \frac{\frac{d^3}{dt^3} G(t)}{\frac{d}{dt} G(t)} = 1 \end{aligned} \quad (43)$$

$$\begin{aligned} > \text{SolTresX} := \text{dsolve}(\text{EcuaTresX}); \text{SolTresT} := \text{dsolve}(\text{EcuaTresT}) \\ & \text{SolTresX} := F(x) = _C1 e^{\frac{1}{4} x} \\ & \text{SolTresT} := G(t) = _C1 + _C2 e^t + _C3 e^{-t} \end{aligned} \quad (44)$$

$$\begin{aligned} > \text{SolGral} := u(x, t) = \text{subs}(_C1 = 1, \text{rhs}(\text{SolTresX})) \cdot \text{rhs}(\text{SolTresT}) \\ & \text{SolGral} := u(x, t) = e^{\frac{1}{4} x} (_C1 + _C2 e^t + _C3 e^{-t}) \end{aligned} \quad (45)$$

$$\begin{aligned} > \text{CompUno} := \text{eval}(\text{subs}(u(x, t) = \text{rhs}(\text{SolGral}), \text{lhs}(\text{Ecua}) - \text{rhs}(\text{Ecua}) = 0)) \\ & \text{CompUno} := 0 = 0 \end{aligned} \quad (46)$$

solucion ii)

$$\begin{aligned} > \text{EcuaCuatro} := \frac{\text{lhs}(\text{EcuaDos})}{4 \cdot F(x) \cdot \text{diff}(G(t), t)} = \frac{\text{rhs}(\text{EcuaDos})}{4 \cdot F(x) \cdot \text{diff}(G(t), t)} \\ & \text{EcuaCuatro} := \frac{1}{4} \frac{\frac{d^3}{dt^3} G(t)}{\frac{d}{dt} G(t)} = \frac{\frac{d}{dx} F(x)}{F(x)} \end{aligned} \quad (47)$$

$$\begin{aligned} > \text{EcuaCuatroX} := \text{rhs}(\text{EcuaCuatro}) = 1; \text{EcuaCuatroT} := \text{lhs}(\text{EcuaCuatro}) = 1 \\ & \text{EcuaCuatroX} := \frac{\frac{d}{dx} F(x)}{F(x)} = 1 \\ & \text{EcuaCuatroT} := \frac{1}{4} \frac{\frac{d^3}{dt^3} G(t)}{\frac{d}{dt} G(t)} = 1 \end{aligned} \quad (48)$$

$$\begin{aligned} > \text{SolCuatroX} := \text{dsolve}(\text{EcuaCuatroX}); \text{SolCuatroT} := \text{dsolve}(\text{EcuaCuatroT}) \\ & \text{SolCuatroX} := F(x) = _C1 e^x \\ & \text{SolCuatroT} := G(t) = _C1 + _C2 e^{-2t} + _C3 e^{2t} \end{aligned} \quad (49)$$

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> SolGralDos := u(x, t) = subs(_C1 = 1, rhs(SolCuatroX)) * rhs(SolCuatroT)
SolGralDos := u(x, t) = e^x (_C1 + _C2 e^-2t + _C3 e^2t) (50)
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> CompDos := simplify(eval(subs(u(x, t) = rhs(SolGralDos), lhs(Ecua) - rhs(Ecua) = 0)))
CompDos := 0 = 0 (51)
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fin solución 5)
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> restart
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Fin solución examen
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